Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

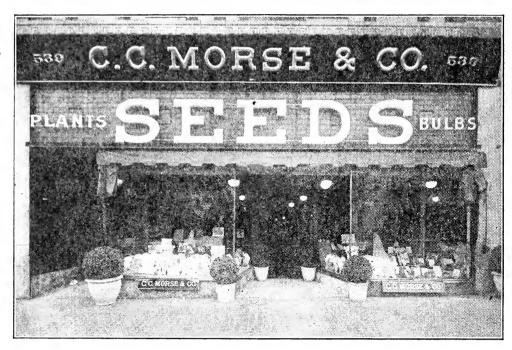
*		
		•

62.05

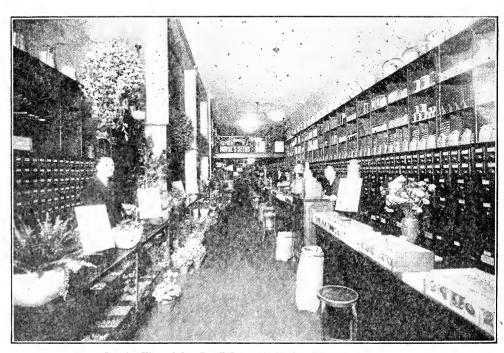
- AM 50 1925



i. A Stout with



Our Retail Store and Mail Order Department



Interior View of Our Retail Store, 539 Market Street, San Francisco

Seed Growers - C. C. Morse & Co. - San Francisco

INDEX

VEGETABLE SEEDS AND PLANTS
D
Artichokes
Asparagus 5
Beans6 and 7
Beets 8 Broccoli 9 Brussels Sprouts 9 Cabbage 10-11 11 Cabbage 10-11 11 Cabbage 10-11 10-11 Cabbage 10-11 10-11
Broccoli9
Brussels Sprouts 9
Cabbage10-11
Cabbage, Chinese9
Cantaloupe 4-20 Cardoon 9 Carrots 12 Cassaba 21
Cardoon9
Carrots
Cauliflower 12
Celeriac 13
Celery13
Chervil 9
Chicory 9
Chives9
Collards9
Corn, Table14
Corn Salad11
Cress
Dendelien 15
Eggnlant 16
Endive 16
Garlic25
Herbs17
Kale16
Kohl Rabi16
Leek16
Carrots 12 Cassaba 21 Cassaba 21 Celeriac 13 Celery 13 Cheryi 9 Chicory 9 Chicory 9 Chicory 9 Chicory 9 Collards 9 Corn, Table 14 Corn Salad 11 Cress 11 Cucumber 15 Dandelion 15 Eggplant 16 Endive 16 Garlic 25 Herbs 17 Kale 16 Lethuc 16 Lettuce 18-19 Mushroom Spawn 23 Muskrelon 4-20-21 Mustard 23 Okra 28
Mangel Wurtzel
Mushroom Spawii 23
Mustard 23
Mustard 23 Okra 23
Onions 24-25
Parsley26
Okra 23 Onions 24-25 Parsley 26 Peas, Table 27-28-29 Pepper 30 Plants, Vegetable 17 Pop Corn 14 Potatoes 37 Pumpkin 31 Radish 32 Rhubarb 31 Ruta Baza 36
Peas, Table 27-28-29
Pepper30
Plants, Vegetable17
Pop Corn14
Potatoes37
Pumpkin31
Rhubarh 31
Ruta Baya 36
Salsify 33
Sorrell33
Spinach33
Squash3-34
Rhubarb 31 Ruta Baga 36 Salsify 33 Sorrell 33 Spinach 33 Squash 3-34 Swiss Chard 8 Tobacco 36
Tobacco36
Tomato4-35
Yagatahla Plants 17
Watermelon 99
Tomato 4-35 Turnip 36 Vegetable Plants 17 Watermelon 22 Wong Bok 9
FLOWER SEEDS
Abronia50
Aubtilon50

Aubthon	
Achillea	
Acroclinium	78
Adonis	
Ageratum	50
Agrostema	50
Alonsoa	50
Alyssum	50
Amaranthus	50
Anchusa	50
Anemone	
Antirrhium	
Aquilegia	5
Arctotis	50
Aristolochio	50
Armeria	5
Asparagus	50
Asters	5
Australian Pea Vine	5
Balloon Vine	
Balsam	5
Bachelor Button	5
Begonia	5
Bellis Perennis	52
Boston Ivy	
Brachycome	5
Browallia	5
Bartonia	5
Calliopsis	5
Calampelis	
Calandrina	5

Page	
Calceolaria	
Calendula 57	
Canary Bird Flower52	
Candytuft .53 Candytuft .53 Canna .53 Canterbury Bells .53 Carnations .53 Castor Beans .53 Centaurea .53	
Canterbury Bells53	
Carnations53	
Castor Beans53	
Chrysanthemums 54 Cineraria 54 Clarkia 54	
Clarkia54	
Cleome55	
Cleome 55 Clematis 55 Cobaea 55 Celosia 55	
Celosia 55	
Cockscomb 55 Coleus 55	
Coleus55	
Columbine 55	
Coreopsis55	
Cosmos56	
Cypress Vine 56	
Dahlia56	,
Dahlia, Bulbs74-75-76	
Delphinium61	
Dianthus56	
Digitalis	
Dimorphotheca57	
Dolichos57	
Eschscholtzia	
Feverfew58	
Forget-Me-Not58	
Forglove 57	
Fuchsia58	
Gaillardia58	
Geranium58	
Gerbera71	
Geum58	
Celosia 55 Cockscomb 55 Coleus 55 Collinsia 55 Collinsia 55 Collinsia 55 Corenosis 56 Cosmos 56 Cypress 56 Cypress Vine 56 Cylailia 57 58 Delphinium 61 57 Dianthus 56 57 58 Didiscus Coerulea 57 Didiscus Coerulea 57 Eschscholtzia 57 58 Foyerfew 58 58 Forget-Me-Not 58 Forget-Me-Not 58 58 Forget-Me-Not 58 Forget-Me-Not 58 58 Gaillardia 58 Gentiana 58 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
Gloxinia58	
Godetia59	
Goldenrod59	
Gomphrena	
Helenium59	,
Helichrysum73	
Heliotrope 59	
Hibiscus59	
Hibiscus 59 Honesty 59 Humulus 59	
Humulus	
Hunnemannia 59 Hollyhock 60	,
Ice Plant60	
Impatiens60	
Ipomoea60	
Kaulfussia60	
Hollyhock)
Kudzu Vine60	į
Lantana	
Lathyrus Latifolius61	
Lavatera61	
Lavender61 Lobelia61	
Lemon Verbena 62 Leptosyne 62	į
Leptosyne62	:
Linum 62	į
Lupinus	2
Lychnis	;
Matricaria	į
Mandevilla 62 Matricaria 65 Matthiola 65 Marigold 65 Mina Lobata 66 Mornovita 66	2
Marigold	:
Momordica62	;
Moonflower)
Momordica 66 Moonflower 66 Mignonette 65 Mimulus 64 Morning Glory 66 Nemesia 66 Nemesia 66	3
Morning Glory 6	3
Nemesia66	3
Nemophila 63	3

		Page
Nigella	a	63
Nastur	tiums	64
Ornam	iera iental Grasses	73
Pansie	s	.65-66
Petuni	asi	67
Phiox	r Florror	67
Pentst	emon	67
Poppie	s	68
Physal	lis	68
Platyce	odon	68
Primre	ose	68
Pyreth	rum	68
Ranun	culus	68
Rhoda	nthe	
Roses	ya	88
Rudbe	ckia	69
Salpig	lossis	69
Salvia		6
Schiza	nthus	69
Sedum		6
Smila	c	69
Solanu	ım	69
Stokes	: iя	oy-17
Snapd	ragon	70
Sunflo	wer	7
Stock		7
Sweet	Peas47	-48-4
Sweet	Williams	7
Thunb	ergia	7
Tithon	ia	7
Trans	vaal Daisy	7
Triton	na	7
Valeri	an	7
Violet		7
Virgin	ia Stock	7
Verbe	na	7
Violas		7
Viscar	'1a	
Wister	ia	7
GY:1.4.61.	owen Collection	
AA 11GT I	ower confection	7
Xeran	themum	7
Xeran Zinnia	themums	7: 7: 46-7:
Xeran Zinnia	themums	7: 7: 46-7:
Xeran Zinnia BU STOO	emon S S S S S S S S S S S S S	7: 46-7: RY EDS,
STOC	CK, TREE SE	EDS,
STOC	CK, TREE SE	EDS,
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOC GA I FE	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL INSECTICIDES RTILIZERS A	EDS, S, ND
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G. I FE MI Ant C Ant Po Aphis Arsens Bambo Berrie Black Books Bordes Broom Bulbs Canco Carco	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead so Canes Leaf Leaf 40 aux Leaf 40	EDS, S, ND JS 11
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI SCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes SS Leaf 40 AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI AUX BI BI AUX BI	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
STOO G I FE FE Ant P, Aphis Arsen: Bambo Baskel Berrie Black Books Canco Carco Carco Corn Cultius Disinf Duster Dustir Farmo Fertili Flowe	CK, TREE SE ARDEN TOOL NSECTICIDES RTILIZERS AI ISCELLANEOU Geletin (Marve owder Punk ate of Lead oo Canes Leaf 40 aux us -Glass -Glass -ach Powder Planters ators	EDS. S., ND JS 11) 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

Page
TT - 1 (2)
Hedge Shears
Hose Countings 90
Hose Clamps 80
Hose Menders80
Hose Reels78-80
Hose Reels 78-80 Hose Washers 80 Kayso 86 Kerosene Emulsion 86 Kerosene Emulsion 80 Labels 80 Ladels' Garden Sets 80 Lawn Mowers 81 Lawn Sprinklers 83 Lice-Go 86 Lime and Sulphur 86 Mattocks 80 Mildew-Go 86 Mole Traps 80
Kerosene Emulsion
Knives80
Labels80
Ladies' Garden Sets80
Lawn Mowers81
Lice-Go oc
Lime and Sulphur 86
Mattocks80
Mildew-Go86
Moss80
Nicotine Miscible Oil 90
Nicofume Paper 86
Nicofume Liquid86
Nozzles80
Paracide79
Paris Green
Plant Setters81
Planting Chart38-39
Principa Part
Pruning Shears 60
Putty Bulbs82
Mattocks 80 Mildew-Go 86 Mole Traps 80 Moss 80 Nicotine Miscible Oil 86 Nicotume Paper 86 Nicofume Liquid 86 Nozzles 80 Paper Pots 79 Paracide 86 Paris Green 86 Plant Setters 81 Planting Chart 38-39 Potato Planters 81 Pruning Paste 81 Pruning Shears 82 Putty Bulbs 81 Postage Rates and 2 Zones 2 Quasul 86 Raffia 81 Rakes 81 Rat Exterminator 86 Rollers 81 Roses 88 Saws 88
Zones 2
Raffia86
Rakes81
Rat Exterminator 86
Rollers81
Roses88
Seed Bags 82
Rat Exterminator 86 Rollers 81 Roses 88 Saws 82 Seed Bags 81 Seeders, Broadcast 82 Seeders, Drill 85 Sharpeners for Mowers 81 Sharpening Stones 81 Shipping Instructions 2 Sickles 82 Slug-Go 87 Slugshot 87 Soap, Whale and Fish Oil 87 Sowbug-Go 87 Spades and Shovels 82 Sprinklers, Lawn 83 Sprinklers, Rubber 82 Sprinklers, Rubber 83 Standard Garden Tools 85 Sulphine 87 Sulphine 87 Sulphine 87 Thermometers 83
Seeders, Drill85
Sharpeners for Mowers 81
Sharpening Stones81
Sickles Instructions 2
Slug-Go82
Slugshot87
Soap, Whale and Fish
01187
Snades and Shovels
Sprinklers, Lawn 83
Sprinklers, Rubber82
Sprayers84-85
Standard Corder West-
Sulphine 87
Sulphur86-87
Thermometers83
Suppur Selection Thermometers
Trans. Gonher and
Mole79-80
Tree Brushes83
Tree Brushes 83 Tree Protectors 83 Tree Seeds 73
Tree Seeds
Tree Primers 89
Trowole
Vermine87
Vine Staples83
Watering Pots 90
Vermine
weed Killers87
Wheelbarrow83
FARM SEEDS AND
GRASSES
Alfalfa41
Corn. Field 40
Clovers
Cover Crops
eous Field Seeds43-44
Grass Mixtures—
Pasture45

Lawn Mixtures42 Sorghum45

Grasses for Lawn.....42

POSTAGE OR EXPRESS CHARGES

C. C. MORSE & CO. deliver free all seed in packets, ounces, pounds and 10-lb. lots at prices given in this catalogue, everywhere within the Fourth Postal Zone from San Francisco. This includes all of California, all of Oregon and Nevada, the western part of Arizona and Utah. Where express is cheaper or safer we reserve the right to send small orders by express prepaid instead of by mail, and large orders by freight. Please state by "mail only" if you so wish and we will be guided accordingly. We aim to send to all "R. F. D." addresses by mail only.

For more distant points the full advantage of our free delivery offer is retained. Merely add your weight in pounds, the additional amount in postage to the Fourth Zone rate which our free delivery covers. Thus the rate to Fifth Zone is 2 cents per lb. additional, to the Sixth Zone 4 cents per lb. additional, to the Seventh Zone 6 cents per lb. additional, to the Eighth Zone 8 cents per lb. additional. Remember that 1 lb. packed weighs 2 lbs. and allow accordingly on orders for single pounds.

We do not pay postage charges on anything except seeds. We do not deliver free any plants, trees, roots or nursery stock, nor any bulbs (unless priced as postpaid), nor any insecticides, tools, implements, etc. Potatoes and seed grains are quoted always f. o. b. San Francisco.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL

YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.—Be very sure that your name and address in full are written very plainly on every order or letter sent us.

CASH WITH ORDER.—The proper way is to send remittance in full to cover order and postage. We send orders C. O. D. only if 25 per cent of the amount of order is enclosed. Plants we never send out C. O. D.

REMITTANCES should be made by Post-office Money Order, Express Money Order, or by Bank Draft on San Francisco. For amounts up to one dollar, clean, unused postage stamps will be accepted. Coin should not be sent by mail. Checks on local banks may be sent, which will be a great convenience to many customers. We do not accept responsibility for orders which never reach us.

SHIPPING.—We will use our best judgment as to the best way of sending orders when specific directions are not given. If special directions in shipping are needed, send them explicitly, and where express or freight office is different from post-office, so state in space on our Order Sheet. Paris Green, Nico Fume and other poisons are not mailable, nor are liquids like Kerosene Emulsion and other insecticides; they must go by express or freight. Seeds do not pack well with nursery stock because they are liable to get damp and become spoiled; it is better to have them shipped separately.

ZONE RATES may be had by application to your postmaster, who will tell you the zone which you are in with reference to San Francisco, or we will tell you as nearly as we can if you write us.

DOMESTIC PARCEL POST RATES On Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roots, Books, Tools, etc. within the U. S. and Possessions	First Pound or Fraction	Each Additional Pound or Fraction
First Zone—San Francisco and within 50 miles of San Francisco. Second Zone —within 50 to 150 miles of San Francisco. Third Zone —within 150 to 300 miles of San Francisco. Fourth Zone —within 300 to 600 miles of San Francisco. Fifth Zone —within 600 to 1000 miles of San Francisco. Sixth Zone —within 1000 to 1400 miles of San Francisco. Seventh Zone —within 1400 to 1800 miles of San Francisco. Eighth Zone —all over 1800 miles of San Francisco.	5 cts. 5 cts. 6 cts. 7 cts. 8 cts. 9 cts. 11 cts. 12 cts.	1 ct. 1 ct. 2 cts. 4 cts. 6 cts. 8 cts. 10 cts. 12 cts.

NON-WARRANTY: C. C. Morse & Co. give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, plants or trees they send out, and they will not be responsible in any way for the crop.



SQUASH, EARLY BUSH SCALLOP

MORSE'S NEW FIXED BUSH STRAIN, PEDIGREE NO. 2402

This well-known and highly-esteemed variety has always been difficult to fix, and large field plantings have always been likely to show a large percentage of yellow, striped and cup-shaped types, with runner plants. The true type is about as round as a good-sized saucer, quite flat and very much scalloped. As a vegetable it should be picked green, even when very young and immature and it makes a most delicious salad when boiled and quartered and served with mayonnaise dressing.

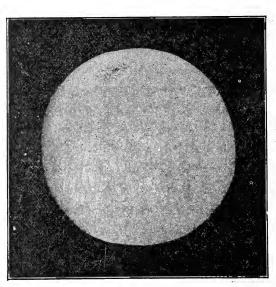
Our strain now comes in bush form with the fruits borne in clusters at the base and it does not burden the garden with so much room as is demanded by most Squashes. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

Other Varieties of Squash Will Be Found Listed on Page 34.

Don't fail to grow our wonderful pea, LAXTON'S PROGRESS. Full description will be found on page 28.

Our Table Corn, ALAMEDA SWEET, listed on page 14, is a great improvement, and should be planted wherever Sweet Corn is desired.

VEGETABLE NOVELTIES FOR 1925



Honey Ball Melon

HONEY BALL MELON

The sweetest of the sweet and the most delicious of all melons. Is very prolific, a little larger than Rocky Ford, with flesh like Honey Dew. Melons are uniform in size and show considerable netting. Honey Ball matures early, or in about 105 days from planting the seed.

For marketing at a distance, it has no equal for the melons stay firm and keep well in storage. It cannot be surpassed

for the home garden.

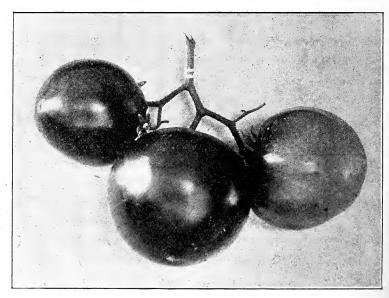
From all tests and reports HONEY BALL possesses characteristics that make it one of the finest melons ever offered to the grower, the shipper and to the consumer. It is a cross between the

California Honey Dew Cassaba and the Texas Cannon Ball. Price, Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.

Our General List of Muskmelons and Cassabas Will Be Found on Pages 20 and 21

NEW TOMATO, SPECIAL EARLY, No. 498

A fine, new, very early variety, somewhat similar to Earliana. The vine is compact; the foliage grows well to the center of the plant, protecting the fruits from the bright sun. The tomatoes are almost globular but some are a trifle apple-shaped, and the color is a bright and attractive This variety has scarlet. been selected and developed by us from a stock secured by us, and proves to be su-



New Tomato, Special Early, No. 498

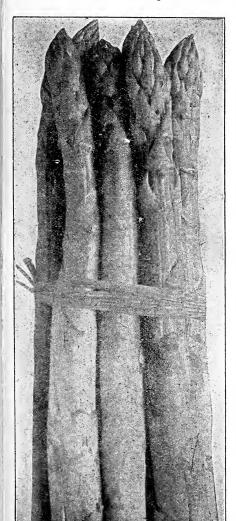
perior to any of the early, scarlet fruited types we have seen. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.

MORSES able Seeds 1925 Vegetable Seeds 1925

The location of a vegetable garden, while important, it is not absolutely necessary to have a certain exposure. If your soil is in good working condition half the labor is done. One of the essentials lacking in many localities on the Pacific Coast is humus and if time will not permit growing a green crop to turn under, the soil will be vastly improved by applying a fairly heavy coat of long strawy manure. With the improved varieties of vegetables one may easily take

off from a small garden sufficient fresh vegetables to supply the table of a fair sized family. As to shape of garden, a square or a parallelogram plot prove the most convenient. Of prime importance is the quality of seed used and our many years both in the actual growing and selling of pedigreed strains emphasizes the fact that you cannot obtain better germination and quality than is found in Morse's Vegetable Seeds.

Prices are Postpaid to Fourth Zone.



Asparagus-Palmetto



Artichoke-Large Green Globe

ARTICHOKE

This is easily grown in many parts of California and may be quickly obtained from seed.

Seed should be sown in a bed and the seedlings may either be left where they stand or transplanted into pots or boxes. The plants produce a fine lot of buds or artichokes the second year. A few plants afford a bountiful supply for the average family.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE. A popular deep green variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.25. Plants may be had from January to May at \$1.50 per dozen at purchaser's expense for transportation charges.

JERUSALEM OR TUBEROUS ROOTED. This produces potato like roots. Tubers: Per lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

ASPARAGUS

It is surprising what a quantity of shoots fifty well grown roots will produce in a season. Seed may be sown at the rate of one ounce for about 800 plants and should be sown early in the spring in drills afterwards thinning to three inches apart. The drills should be spaced 12 to 14 inches apart and after plants have grown two full seasons transplant into rows six feet apart and about two feet between the roots, six inches or more deep gives best results.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. An old standard variety. Pkt. 10 cts; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

PALMETTO. Extensively grown both for the home and market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. Produces a large proportion of white stalks without blanching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts; lb. \$1.25.

MARY WASHINGTON. A new prolific and rust-resistant variety. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS can be supplied from January to April. Per Dozen 35 cts.; per 100, \$2.50; Postpaid. See Page 17.

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush



Bean, Stringless Green Refugee

Green-Podded Varieties

For these moderately heavy loam is best. In California plant about April first and make successive sowings every four weeks. Drills or rows should be eighteen inches apart and beans planted about three or four inches apart covering two inches deep. Shallow hoeings frequently will be beneficial. Do not permit the soil to become too dry.

BLACK VALENTINE. Long semi-round green pods. It is quite early and the pods must be picked when quite young if the best quality is to be had. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

BOUNTIFUL. The bean that has superseded Long Yellow Six Weeks. Fine, brittle, stringless pods. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE. An old time favorite. Pods uniformly medium long, fleshy, round, tender and slightly stringy. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

EARLY MOHAWK. Medium green flat pods, variable as to length. Not of finest flavor but very hardy. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE. Medium sized round light green pods of good quality. Early and of good flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

REFUGEE OR 1000 TO 1. A fine late variety of good quality. Pods medium in length, round, green and of good quality. One of the most hardy and productive of all snap beans. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. S3.50.

STRINGLESS GREEN POD. Undoubtedly the best dwarf green-podded Bush Bean. The long round pods are always stringless, fleshy and very tender. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

STRINGLESS GREEN REFUGEE. A decided improvement over the older varieties. The long, round, green pods, which measure six inches in length, are absolutely stringless. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

ENGLISH, or BROAD WINDSOR—Planters on the Pacific Coast know this bean as Horse Bean. Our stock of this particular bean is extra fine and long-podded and quite superior to stock usually carried by seedsmen. If shelled when young and cooked for about twenty-five minutes in boiling water with the addition of a pinch of baking soda, it makes a most delicious vegetable. It is easy to grow and is very prolific. Pkt. 15 cts; lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush WAX-PODDED

These dwarf beans have creamy white, yellow or golden yellow pods. The selection of wax or green-podded varieties is purely a matter of choice. The wax-podded varieties look very beautiful on the table, but as they show bruises in handling they are less frequently seen in the markets. They are a little later in producing pods for the table on account of later planting owing to their being more tender as to weather conditions.

DAVIS WHITE WAX. A popular shipping variety. Fine long yellowis white pods of fine keeping quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

GOLDEN VAX. An old time favorite. Pods are 5 inches long, oval round in shape, absolutely stringless and the golden yellow color is tinged with green. t. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

C ALLENGE BLACK WAX. An old standard early variety. The golden yellow round rods measure 4% inches long and are stringless. Pkt. 15 cts.; ib. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

PROLIFIC BLACK WAX. Produces the handsome golden yellow round pods early. Brittle, stringless and of fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.



Bush Bean-Morse's Golden Wax

BEANS, Pole or Running

GREEN AND WAX-PODDED

Supply poles, strings or trellis on which the vines may climb. A few hills will produce all the average family requires. The hills should be spaced four feet apart and 5 or 6 beans planted 2 inches deep in each hill, afterwards thinning out to best 3 plants.

Burger's Green Pod Stringless, or White Seeded Kentucky Wonder.

This is an early variety producing dark-green round stringless pods 6% inches long. The quality of the green pods is fine while the white dried seed makes excellent beans for baking. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

HORTICULTURAL, or SPECKLED CRANBERRY. An old favorite. Pods straight and flat, becoming oval at shelling stage; very dark green in color; later becoming splashed or mottled with red. Of fine quality, whether used in a green or a dry shelled condition. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

INDIAN CHIEF, or TALL BLACK WAX. Very hardy and prolific. The golden yellow flat pods become round at shelling stage; five inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50. The golden yellow flat

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead. (Morse's No. 2884). The most popular of all pole varieties. The round medium green pods measuring 8% inches long, are always stringless as snaps and never become tough. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX. Produces flat whitish yellow pods 8 inches long and of good quality. In the snap stage pods are always stringless. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50. LAZY WIFE. Light green straight flat pods measuring 3% inches long; absolutely stringless and of fine flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50. SCARLET RUNNER. The well known and old fashioned climber, having bright scarlet pea-like flowers. The flat dark green pods are fine for cooking when young. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; lb. 10 lbs. \$2.50.

cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

WHITE CREASEBACK (Blue Lake Creaseback). Round medium green pods, 5 inches long, fleshy and of good quality. Early and prolific; pods generally borne in clusters. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

LIMA BEANS BUSH AND POLE VARIETIES

Of both of these there are three distinct types, the earliest being the small Sieva or "Butter Beans" of the South. The Larger White is another type while the Potato Lima makes the third. The latter type produces pods in clusters and the beans are crowded quite close together, thus giving them a chubby or potato-like appearance. FORDHOOK BUSH, This is the potato type of the dwarf variety. Although of comparative recent introduction it is most popular, prolific and bears for a long time. Of finest quality. Pkt. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. 86.50.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH. The beans are thicker and larger than the original Burpee's Bush. Of very fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.

BURPEE'S BUSH. This is the original of this type. The dark green pods are 4½ inches long and contain 3 or 4 good sized beans. Quality fine. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

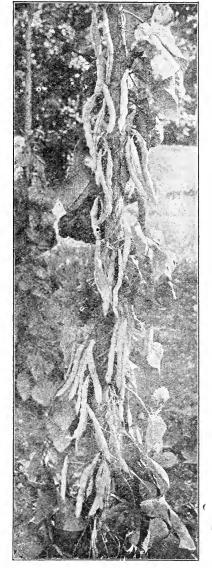
The pods measure 2¾ inches long and contain 3 or 4 small dark-green beans and glossy pods. The pods measure 2¾ inches long and contain 3 or 4 small beans. This is of the so-called "Butter Bean Type." Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

POLE VARIETIES

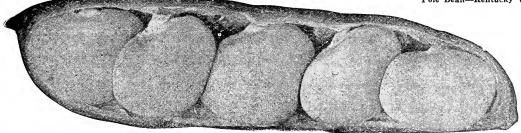
EARLY LEVIATHAN. Very early and productive. The dark-green pods are 5½ inches long and contain 4 to 6 good-sized beans of excellent quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50. SIEBERT'S EARLY. Quite early. Dark green pods 4½ inches long, containing 3 to 4 beans. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50. KING OF THE GARDEN. Strong grower, producing a heavy crop of very finely-flavored beans. Pods contain 4 to 6 large beans and measure 5¾ inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; lb. 50 cts.;

10 lbs. \$4.50.

CHALLENGER, or DREER'S POLE. This is of the potato lima type and bears a heavy crop of pods generally produced in clusters. Pods are medium green in color, 3% inches long and contain 4 or 5 chubby beans of most excellent flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.



Pole Bean-Kentucky Wonder



King of the Garden Lima Bean

BELL WINDSOR BEANS (Small Seeded Horse Bean)

For Description See Page 44

BEETS, for Table and Farm

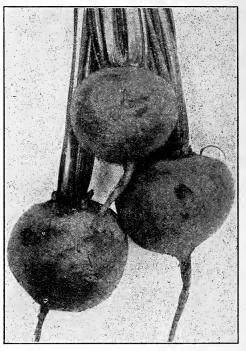
Beets are divided into three classes: Table, Mangels, or Stock-Feeding, and Sugar.

Table Beets are one of the many vegetables that are at their best when gathered while quite young, therefore, it is better to make plantings of seed every two or three weeks. In California the seed may be sown any time after January first. The soil should be light, fairly rich and kept moist if one wishes tender roots of good color. Sow in rows one foot apart and thin out so that the plants stand three or four inches in the row; the young plants thinned out may be used as boiling greens.

PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO FOURTH ZONE

TABLE VARIETIES

- DETROIT DARK RED. An excellent variety of quick growth and fine quality. Globe-shaped; bright but rich red flesh slightly zoned with a lighter shade. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. Highly recommended for the table and for bunching for market. The globe shaped roots have dark red flesh which is tender and crisp. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. Smooth roots, turnip shaped; flesh red and shows zoning of lighter color. Quality good. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- EARLY ECLIPSE. Extremely early. Round smooth blood red roots and frequently zoned with pink. Tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- EARLY WONDER. A very fine selection from Crosby Egyptian and largely planted in the East. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN. Very quick growing with shoot top. The flat roots are moderately thick with flesh of a dark red color with zoning of a lighter shade. Crisp and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- LONG SMOOTH DARK BLOOD. Roots are long, smooth, deep blood red, and mature quite late. Quality excellent. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- HALF LONG BLOOD. The half long roots are 8 inches in length tapering rather abruptly. Deep red flesh of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.



Detroit Dark Red Beet

SWISS CHARD (Sea Kale Beet) Grown exclusively for the tops, which make excellent boiling greens and in fact it is much used as a substitute for Spinach. The large white stalks and mid-ribs are cooked and used in the same manner as Asparagus. Also used as a green food for chickens. Sow seed in rows 18 inches apart and thin the plants to stand a foot apart; after cutting of a crop of foliage the plants sprout out again and give several cuttings in a season.

LARGE RIBBED WHITE. Makes a large crop of foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

GIANT LUCULLUS. Leaves are crumpled and savoyed. Makes very fine boiling greens. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb.

60 cts.; lb. \$1.80.

MANGEL-WURZEL or STOCK BEETS

Write for prices on larger quantities

Mangel-Wurzels grow to a very large size and produce tons upon tons of most desirable food for cattle. Sugar Beets in addition to being grown for the manufacturer of sugar, make an excellent cattle food and having a greater percentage of sugar gives them a higher feeding value, acre for acre, than Mangel-Wurzels.

GIANT YELLOW INTERMEDIATE or GATE-POST. A large, oval-shaped Beet, with white flesh, zoned with yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.75.

Golden Tankard Yellow-fleshed. Grows partly above ground. The flesh is very solid, yellow, zoned white. Make a fine feed, and cattle do not tire of it. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

Mammoth Long Red The largest of all the Mangels and the heaviest cropper. Skin is red; flesh white, zoned with red. This variety produces a larger amount of good feed than any other Beet. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

Red Eckendorf.

Particularly recommended for planting for stock on a large scale since the root grows of being plowed out. The quality is first-class and dairymen are using it in large quantities. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.00.

Yellow Eckendorf. Similar to Red Eckendorf, differing only in color of skin and flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.00.

SLUDSTRUP. A yellow oblong variety of large size. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

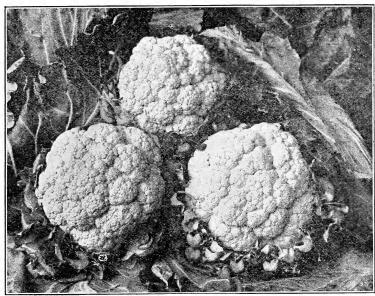
GIANT HALF-SUGAR, GREEN TOP. A Beet which is superior to mangels for stock-feeding purposes, as it is more nutritious, having a large amount of sugar. It is oval in shape and grows partly out of the ground; size large and yields enormously. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.00.

·KLEIN WANZLEBEN. EIN WANZLEBEN. For sugar-making. Contains a centage of sugar. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$7.50. Contains a large per-

LANE'S IMPROVED IMPERIAL SUGAR. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. \$1.20; 10 lbs. \$9.50.

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED SUGAR. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. \$1.25; 10 lbs.

White Sugar Rose-Top. For feeding stock. A very hardy variety, producing large crops with little care. The root is large and very rich in sugar, and while not sufficiently so for sugar purposes, it makes a remarkably fine, rich food for stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.



Brocolii, Morse's February

BROCCOLI

Broccoli is very late Cauliflower. It is an important market crop and several thousand cars are shipped every season from California, but it is not so well known by home gardeners. The culture is easy and the heads mature at a time when garden vegetables are scarce, therefore it should command much more attention from the home gardener than it now receives. We grew twenty-five distinct varieties in our trials last winter and, as a result of our experience, are offering two new varieties this season. Culture. Seed is sown in open beds in July so that well grown plants can be had for transplanting during September. The plants require abundant irrigation, and make most of their growth during late fall; stand still during the coldest weather and head in the spring, earlier or later according to variety. It is possible to secure a succession of fine white heads from January to April by using different varieties, all set in the field at the same time.

California Wonder. Heads in January. This

California Wonder. Heads in January. This variety is intermediate, between the true Cauliflower and the true Broccoli. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00.

Morse's February Broccoli. A compact plant with abundant white ribbed leaves. Makes very solid, long standing, white heads during February. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.50; 1/4 lb. \$9.00.

St. Valentine. The standard market variety March shipment. Large plants with dark green waved leaves. Heads are large, solid white and very well protected. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$5.00;

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

The plants are very hardy and grow from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing a large mass of leaves at the top. The sides of the main stem are covered with three or four dozen small cabbage heads, which are broken off and cooked the same as cabbage. The sprouts mature in succession. Sow early so as to have well-grown plants by fall. Cultivate the same as for cabbage.

AIGBURTH. One of the most highly recommended of half-dwarf varieties. The side buds are perfectly formed, tight heading, and uniform in size. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$4.50

IMPROVED HALF-DWARF. Grows 2 to 3 feet high and is well covered with small firm sprouts. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

CARDOON

This should be treated the same as Celery, but at period when blanching becomes necessary, different treatment is required. The tying up should be done on a fine day, when the foliage is quite dry and great care used to see that the blanching material covers all but the tops of the plants. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 cz. 25 cts.; cz. 40 cts; 2 cz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.

CHERVIL

The young leaves are used in soups, also as a garnish. Seed should be sown very early, bearing in mind that it requires about four weeks before the plants appear. The young plants should stand about 1 foot apart in the row. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts; oz. 45 cts.; 2 oz. 80 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

CHIVES

Hardy perennial plants of the Onion family. Used for the small leaves which are freely produced and are of a very mild onion flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.

COLLARDS

A type of Cabbage grown where the A type of Cabbage grown where the heading varieties do not succeed. It grows quickly and produces a large quantity of tender foliage on a tall stem. Seed should be sown in the same manner as recommended for Cabbage. TRUE GEORGIA. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.



Brussels Sprouts

WONG BOK

CHINESE OR CHINESE OR
CELERY CABBAGE
WONG BOK has a
mild cabbage flavor,
very delicate and delicious. Wong Bok
makes delicious slaw: also a very fine salad. When cooked it makes greens delicately cabbage-flavored and not at all like boiled cabbage. It blanches almost clear whi white. The seed should be sown in July or early August, and early in September the plants should be trans-planted. They should be set one foot apart the row and pushed down one and one-half inches in the ground. When well grown the plants should be blanched by tying closely with burlap. Any good soil is sufficient, but they seem to head up best on rich black adobe soil. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.



Chinese Cabbage-Wong Bok

CHICORY

It is the root of the Chicory that is used. These roots are generally grown in large areas and sold to factories making coffee substitutes. Sow seed in good rich soil and allow plants to stand four

stitutes. Sow seed in good rich soil and allow plants to stand four inches apart.

WITLOOF CHICORY, or FRENCH ENDIVE is grown almost exclusively as a salad, being eaten like Cos Lettuce. Seed should not be sown later than May, the plants should stand 4 inches apart in rows, 12 to 18 inches apart. The long parsnip-shaped roots should be litted in the fall and stored until wanted for a forcing. The roots should be planted in a trench 16 to 18 inches deep and placed upright about 1½ to 2 inches apart, which will allow the neck of the root to come within 9 inches of the level of the trench. The trench should be filled with a light soil. It requires about one month to force the roots, and the heads are cut off with a small portion of the neck of the root attached. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

LARGE-ROOTED, or COFFEE. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

S1.35; lb. S4.00. SMALL-ROOTED or RADICHETTA. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4

lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

MORSE'S TESTED CABBAGE SEED

Layer arry cars teen hasked upon as the three staples among vegetables.

(a) age, as in all other vegetables, the seed is of prime importance.

(b) All hater heads, is the best early with as to casen and quality: Charleston, or Large Wakefield,

(c) All hater heads, is the best early with the stock of an analysis of the solution. The flat or round varieties early as the pointed type. First in season comes Copanhagen Market and All Head Early. These are

(c) All hater having the formulative we prefer Autumn king, Late Flat Dutch and Surhead.

know there are no better strains of Cabbage seed on the market than MORSE'S TESTED STRAINS.



on the of the pear is some part of and the intermed of the year. How-ward the court in Festenber for is Market for inner and fail the court of the intermed of some of

EARLY VARIETIES

EARLY JERSEY WARLLILLD, 1000 17

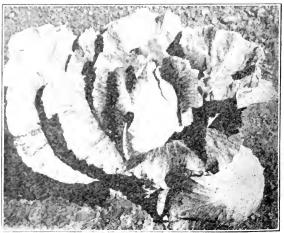
EARLY SPRING. Very circle flowing all learning; medium sized. Good for contrast. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; i.j. lb. \$1,00; lb. \$5,00.

EARLY SPRING. Very circle flowing all learning; medium sized. Good for contrast. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; i.j. lb. \$1,50; lb. \$5,00.

Early Winnigstadt

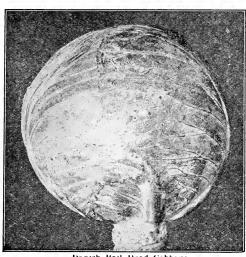
bareas. One of the hardiest warmers, residue likewist and in est posts to a degree which makes it were learning. We recommend to one of the bast early very server. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; i.j. lb. \$1,35; lb. \$1,00.

LARGE EARLY WAKEFIELD (CHARLESTON). Is very similar to Early Jersey Wakefield, but nearly a thrillarger and a little later. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; i.j. lb. \$1,35; lb. \$1,00.



Early Winnigstadt Cabbage

CABBAGE



Danish Bail Head Cabbage

SECOND-EARLY VARIETIES

Copenhagen Market. Undoubtedly the best Cabbage for all conditions. Good for market-growing and home-garden. Heads medium sized, firm and round. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

EARLY DRUMHEAD. Round, flat heads. Excellent for the homegarden or market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00. EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH. A good flat-headed variety, with short stems and hard, firm head. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

ALLHEAD EARLY. One of the best early, large, flat-headed varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

FOTTLER'S BRUNSWICK. One of the most popular of the flat-headed types, especially with the home gardener. Best for fall and winter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION. Is about 10 days later than Early Summer. Is a dwarf, flat head, light green, and very solid. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. A desirable, medium-sized early, flat-headed variety. A good keeper and does well in summer and autumn. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.65; lb.

SAVOY CABBAGE

PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY. A variety that is much prized in Europe and also by those who are familiar with it in this country. It is very sweet and crisp and always tender. Heads medium-sized and fairly compact. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

WINTER VARIETIES

AUTUMN KING, or WORLD BEATER. Produces quite

late, exceedingly large heads of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

BURPEE'S SUREHEAD. One of the best varieties. Large, round, slightly flattened head; hard and firm. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

DANISH BALLHEAD, or THE HOLLANDER. A very late variety, forming globular heads; very hard and solid. Keeps well and is a good shipper. The color is bluish green. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00. DANISH ROUNDHEAD. A short-stemmed Danish Ball-

head, having all the good qualities of its progenitor and being nearly two weeks earlier. A main-crop variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

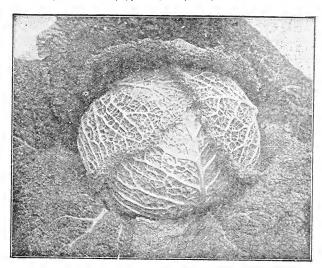
PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. A well-known, large, late

variety. Flattish round heads, very solid and firm; has rather tall, stout stem. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

RED CABBAGE

MAMMOTH ROCK RED. Best hard-headed red variety.

Large heads, globular; very solid and very deep red on
top. Outer leaves greenish-red, large, and spreading. Especially used for pickling and preferred by many. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.



Perfection Drumhead Savoy

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS

A quick growing plant, producing leaves which are used like Lettuce. As it prefers cool weather there is no use in planting it in hot localities. Sow thinly in rows 10 to 12 inches apart. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

CRESS

Fine Curled is grown in the upland and sold in bunches like Water Cress. Sow seed thickly in drills, allowing one ounce for 200 feet.

WATER CRESS may be grown easily in shallow ponds, or along the edges of shallow streams of running water. One ounce will sow a plot or seed bed sixteen feet square.

FINE CURLED (Pepper Grass.) Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb.

TRUE WATER. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.



Henderson's Early Summer Cabbage

CARROT, for Table and Stock

PLANT EVERY 4 WEEKS DURING THE YEAR

Good, sandy loam is best adapted for Carrots of all varie-The shorter varieties, however, can be sown on heavier lands with good results. For garden, sow the early and short varieties at any time after January 1st, and repeat often for a succession of tender roots. For general crop, sow in the open field about April 1st, using four to six pounds per acre for rows 16 to 18 inches apart. While you get a good uniform root by thinning the young plants, it is not necessary to do so to get a crop of good, average Carrots. In most parts of California Carrots may be grown any time of the year.

FRENCH FORCING. A delicious small table Carrot, round and about 11/4 inches in diameter. It is light scarlet in color

and of very sweet flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

SCARLET HORN. A small early stump-rooted variety of good flavor and quite coreless. The roots will average about 3

inches long. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. CHANTENAY or MODEL. The roots are 5½ inches long, stump-rooted and a deep orange-red in color. Most popular for bunching for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb.

50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. OXHEART or GUERANDE. One of the most popular among the short Carrots. The variety is a heavy yielder and the shape is particularly desirable for heavy soils. Roots are 5½ inches long and 3½ inches thick at the shoulder, tapering slightly to the bottom, where it becomes very stump-rooted. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. DANVER'S HALF-LONG. The most largely used of all va-

rieties. The orange-scarlet roots measure 8 inches long and about 21/2 inches wide at the shoulder, tapering to a half-point or stump-root at the bottom. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz.

20 cts.; '/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

NANTES. A very superior Carrot. It is coreless, brittle, fine-grained and of fine mild sweet flavor. The color is reddish-orange and the skin is smooth. It is 6 inches long, cylindrical and very stump-rooted. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.



Chantenay Carrot

LONG ORANGE. A heavy cropper for light soils, where roots may be easily dug. Roots are orange-scarlet, fairly thick and grow entirely underground and have not a green shoulder. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. RED ST. VALERY. The orange-scarlet roots measure about 10 or 12 inches long and taper abruptly with a long point.

A very desirable variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ b. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

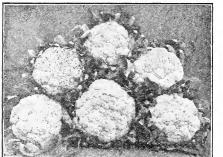
IMPROVED SHORT WHITE. One of the best for cattle and horses. A heavy cropper of a desirable shape to allow easy digging in heavy soils. The roots are large, measuring 3 to 4 inches in diameter at the top and taper gradually throughout the length of 6 to 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

WHITE BELGIAN. Long roots, about 3 to 4 inches in diameter at the top and 8 to 10 inches in length. Pkt. 10 cts.;

oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

CAULIFLOWER

The culture of Cauliflower is very similar to that of Cabbage, but a trifle more care must be used to see that the plants never receive any setback in their growth. Cauliflower requires an abundant and uniform, but not excessive, supply of moisture. The land should be well drained and irrigations should be frequent. Cauliflower can be grown either as a spring or a fall crop. For a spring crop sow seed in February or March, only the early varieties can be used for this purpose and they will not succeed in the interior valleys, as Cauliflower will not head in hot weather. The fall crop is very successful in all sections. Seed may be planted from May until August, depending on the exact locality and the variety used. The dates of maturity, as given below, will vary considerably for different localities and from



Early Snowball Cauliflower

CALIFORNIA WONDER. The best winter variety. Plants are large with long leaves, which protect the head. In most sections, seed planted during June or July will head in January. Heads are large, solid and fairly white, but are coarser than the Snowball type. Pkt. 15 cts.; 4/ 0z. 50 cts.; 0z. S1.50; 1/4 lb. 85.00.

DRY WEATHER. This is a somewhat larger and later edition of Snowball. Makes very fine solid white heads, and having larger leaves protects the head somewhat better. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 0z. S1.25; 0z. S4.50; 1/4 lb. S14.00.

EARLY SNOWBALL. This variety is the standard by which all others are judged. It makes the smoothest and most solid heads, but the growth is not very vigorous and it is often necessary to tie the leaves over the head for protection. There are many strains of this variety of varying degrees of excellence and at varying prices. Ours is imported stock that we have found best suited to California conditions. With proper weather conditions seed planted in hot beds in February should head in May. For the fall crop, seed can be planted from June to August, but the earlier planting will require extra care. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. S1.25; oz. S4.50; 1/4 lb. S14.00.

MIDSUMMER. Very similar to Dryweather, but plants are larger and later. Heads very solid and white. Plants set in the field about August first should head about December first. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. S1.25; oz. S4.50; 1/4 lb. S14.00.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. Plants are large and late with dark green leaves and heavy white variety with in the wing the standard of the surfer of the surfer should head and the wing the surfer of the surfer should head and the wing the surfer of the surfer should heavy and solid theory works were small surfer.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. Plants are large and late with dark green leaves and heavy white mid-ribs. The heads are large and solid, though rough—protects well in the winter, but if headed too early may have to be tied. Can be seeded May to July and will head December and January. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$4.50; lb. \$12.00.



No. 1.—Golden Plume or Wonderful. No. 2.—Golden Self Blanching Dwarf Type.
No. 3.—Golden Self Blanching Tall or New French Type.

Celery requires water, and lots of it, from the time the seed is sown in boxes in March until the crop is pulled in the autumn or winter. The seed is slow to germinate, and the soil where it is planted needs to be kept very wet. As soon as the young plants are about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches high, they should be transplanted to get good, sturdy plants before they are finally set in the garden or field. When the plants are well grown and large the soil needs to be drawn up around the plants, first tying them at the top or wrapping with a piece of sacking to prevent the earth getting between the stems. As fast as the plants grow above the soil, the earth should be hilled around them again to get a full growth of well-blanched stems. Use 1 ounce of seed to 15,000 plants, or 2 ounces per acre. Set in 24 to 30-inch rows.

Golden Plume or Wonderful A new type of Golden Self Blanching with wider leaves and thicker stems. A great improvement over all other yellow varieties. It is somewhat earlier than Dwarf Golden Self Blanching and is more easily blanched to a beautiful, clear, creamy white. The plant is stout and stocky and a full heart. A vigorous grower, resistant to disease and unequalled for home garden, local market and long distance shipments. Pkt. 25 cts.; oz. \$2.50; ½ lb. \$8.00.

Golden Self Blanching
of cars go east every fall and are called by produce men, "California Golden Heart," although Golden Heart is an entirely different variety. Foliage, bright green tinged with yellow. Plants are stocky with broad, thick stalks that easily blanch to a clear, creamy white. This is the old type or low top.

French Grown. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00. California Grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; 1/4 lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.

Golden Self Blanching (Tall or New French Type). This is entirely different from the dwarf type. It is fully a month earlier; blanches easier and whiter and makes a larger and much taller plant. It is a good early Celery for home gardens and local markets, but is not firm enough to recommend for long distance shipping. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00: lb. \$15.00.

EMPEROR. Of dwarf growth and makes a large bunch of pure white brittle stems. Height ranges from 15 to 18 inches, with the edible or blanched portion about 8 inches long. The bunches are white and the tender heart is slightly tinged with yellow. Of very fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; ez. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65.

COLUMBIA. A very fine-flavored variety. The stalks are very thick and almost round. The light green foliage blanches to a yellow tint. It is of superior quality and has a decidedly nutty flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

GIANT PASCAL. This is one of the finest of the Winter Celeries. Growth, dwarf and stocky, producing large thick stalks, which blanch to a good white color. Of finest flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.50.

WINTER QUEEN. Of short stocky growth with broad heavy stalks, which are quite easily blanched. Most excellent for winter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

WHITE PLUME. The earliest Celery in cultivation. While growing the leaves and stalks are green-tinted white, but very quickly after "earthing up," they blanch to a pure snowy white. Valuable for its earliness, but not so good in quality as Golden Self-Blanching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.20; lb. \$3.50.

CELERY SEED FOR FLAVORING (Soup Celery). 1/2 lb. 40 cts.; 16. 70 cts.

CELERIAC or TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.29; lb. \$3.50.

The sweetest flavored Corn cannot be purchased. It must be home raised. This will always be so.

CORN

SWEET OR TABLE VARIETIES

Prices given are prepaid to Fourth Zone. Write for prices in larger quantities than here quoted.

The choicest Sugar Corn is only had where it is possible to cook it within an hour after

picking. If you wish to have Sweet Corn at its best, pick or pull the ears when the kernel may be easily punctured with the thumb nail. Arrange to make successive plantings throughout the season so as to insure a supply just in the

right condition.

Contrary to general belief Corn is raised successfully in most of California. It makes a profitable field crop and Sweet Corn is a most delicious garden vegetable. As Corn is very sensitive to frost it cannot be planted with any degree of safety until about the middle of April, except in localities that are notably free from late frost. Moist, rich soil is best for Corn and frequent hoeing or cultivating improves it. The small rich mountain valleys seem especially favorable for good table Corn. In pulling Corn for the table it is important that it be picked at just the right time. The usual custom is to plant in hills four feet apart each way, but some gardeners prefer planting in drills and allow a plant to stand every four inches. If in hills thin to best three plants.

CARMEL GOLDEN. A selection from Golden Bantam but different from that popular variety, producing thicker and larger ears with twelve rows of sweet, tender, yellow kernels. Ears, seven inches in length; stalks, five feet high. Originated in the Carmel Valley and is an early variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

BLACK MEXICAN. Although when ripe the seed is dark-bluish or black, when ready for table use it is white. It is of especially fine sweet flavor and very tender; medium early. The ears have 10 rows of kernels. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Country Gentleman, or Shoe-Peg H as a w h i t e cob, closely filled with long small "shoe-peg" kernels. coo, closely filled with long small "shoe-peg" kernels. Is remarkably fine flavored and sweet, and is frequently used by canners. Many people consider Country Gentleman as about the best of late Corns. The stalk is tall Plant other sorts for early, and this for late. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Oregon Evergreen. Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen. and, like it, very sweet and fine. Kernels are white; ears large. Nothing better for canning or for late Corn. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

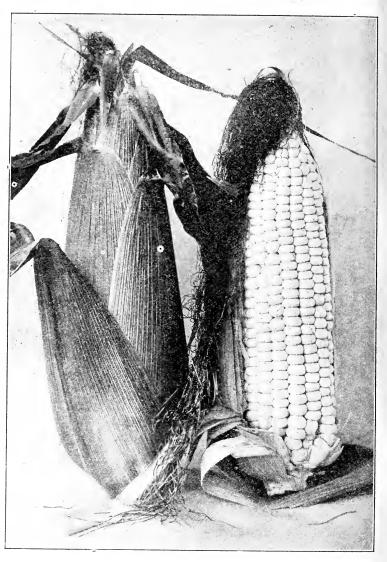
Stowell's Evergreen Good all-around table variety of excellent quality.

Stowell's Evergreen is a late Sweet Corn, taking a good time to mature: 12 rows to the ear; kernels long and meaty and of fine quality. Stowell's Evergreen is also used as a fodder Corn on account of its succulent stalks. These grow to 6 feet or more. Pkt. 15 cts: 14 40 cts: 10 lbs \$3.50 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

GOLDEN CREAM. This, the result of a cross of Golden Bantam and Country Gentleman, produces a good-sized ear with the kernels placed on it zig-zag lashion and the flavor is most delicious. It is medium early, stalks 6 feet tall and the ears about 8 inches long and are tightly filled with the creamy-yellow kernels. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

BTABLER'S EARLY. Quite large ears well filled with broad tender grains. Fine for home gardens. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Golden Bantam. The most delicious Sweet Corn in cultivation today. Early and hardy. Growth, dwarf, the stalks averaging about 4 feet high and in good soil produce 2 to 3 ears to a stalk. The ears are about 6 inches long. 8-rowed and filled with creamy-yellow grains of the very finest flavor. The seed when fully ripe is an attractive orange-yellow in color. For early, medium early or late there is absolutely no better variety than Golden Bantam. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lhs. \$2.50.



Sweet Corn-Alameda Sweet

MORSE'S EARLY VACAVILLE. A new variety especially suitable for growing in foothill land. The small cob is well covered with delicious kernels. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

CROSBY'S EARLY. A fine, early variety, growing about 4 feet in height. Kernels smaller than a Cory, having 14 rows to each ear. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Alameda Sweet. This sort is very largely grown in Alameda County. The ears are long, very large, and well filled with 10 to 14 rows. The variety is medium early and of good quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50. Special selection of large, fat ears, our own growing, Field No. 257. Pkt. 15 cts.; of large, fat ears, our own growing, Field No. 257. Pkt. 15 cts.;

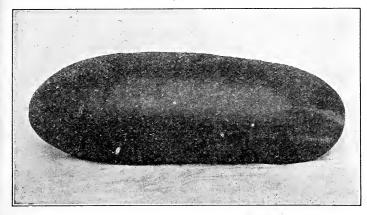
of large, lat ears, our own growing, rield No. 251. FRL 10 ctos, lb. 50 cts.

EARLY MINNESOTA. Between Crosby's and Cory in earliness. Stalks about 5 feet high; ears long and 8-rowed. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

EARLY WHITE-COB CORY. An extra-early variety with remarkable white grains, especially when cooked. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long. Kernels are large and placed in 8 rows to each ear. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts. 10 lbs. \$3.50. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Pop Corn

WHITE RICE is a standard variety with short ears filled with long kernels which somewhat resemble rice in shape; color, white. Easy to grow and does not require very rich soil. It should not be planted near table or field corn as it easily mixes with other types. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.



Cucumber-Kirby's Stays Green

EARLY CLUSTER. Bears the fruit in clusters of 2 or 3. It is early, prolific and runs very uniform. Skin is quite smooth and the fruits are 6 inches by 21/4 inches in diameter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

EVERBEARING. Very small fruits and for this reason is mostly used for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts. EXTRA EARLY GREEN PROLIFIC. Early and produces

freely slender small pickles. Size 5 inches by 2¹/₄ inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. EARLY SHORT GREEN or EARLY FRAME. Early and very hardy and especially adapted for pickling. The

very hardy and especially adapted for pickling. The fruits measure 7 by 3 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

CHICAGO PICKLING. Very popular. It has square ends, smooth skin and is very productive. Size, 6 inches by 2½ inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb.

LONG GREEN. Long considered the standard variety for slicing or pickling. In color a deep green and the fruits measure 13 by 3 inches. Medium late and very hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

Arlington White Spine. Moderately dark green in color. Square blocky ends and the fruits measure 8 by 2½ inches. It is early and forces well when planted under glass. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.;

COOL AND CRISP. Early, prolific and desirable as a slicing variety. Fruits are deep green and measure 8 inches by 3 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Klondyke. An early variety producing fruits of a deep green color, which is retained when shipped long distances. Size, 7 inches by 2½ inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

LEMON. It has a most delicate flavor and never becomes bitter. The shape is round and the size of fruits about that of a lemon. Used for pickling and in salads. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

DANDELION

Much esteemed for greens, which are cooked like mustard and spinach. The cultivated Dandelion is much superior to the wild for greens. Sow the seed in May or June on good, rich soil, and thoroughly cultivate, when the leaves will be ready to cut the following spring.

IMPROVED LARGE-LEAVED. The largest leaved and best cutting variety. Plant is compact and leaves are thick. Pkt. 10 cts.

CUCUMBER

They are sensitive to frost, therefore should not be planted until the last of April. They require a great deal of water, and unless planted in rather moist soil, should be given frequent irrigations throughout the summer. Plant in hills 4 feet apart each way, dropping about 10 seeds to a hill, later thinning out to best 3 or 4 plants. Make soil rich by the application of well rotted stable manure, which should be thoroughly incorporated with the soil. Give an occasional shallow cultivation until vines practically cover the ground. Keep the fruits cut off whether you use them as cucumber or pickles, carefully cutting from the vine with a sharp knife, so as not to injure the

Earliest varieties are ready in about 50 days; main crop about 70 days.

All the early fruiting and pickling varieties

have fruit of a dark green color. KIRBY'S "STAYS GREEN." A selection of a medium early White Spine. In color it is a very deep green which holds for a long time and unlike many other varieties, the color does not commence to change until fruits are quite mature. Of finest quality. The cylindrical fruits are 7 to 8 inches long. A great favorite in Florida for shipping north. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.

EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. Deep green fruits tapering at both ends and measuring 12 inches by 21/2 inches. A main crop variety of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

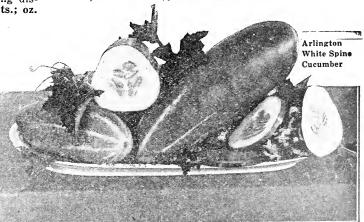
Davis Perfect. A long smooth cucumber, tapering at both ends. The fruits measure 11 inches by 3 inches; very deep green in color and of the finest quality. Medium late. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

FORDHOOK FAMOUS. A medium late long White Spine variety. An attractive green in color. Fine for the home garden. Fruits are long, measuring 14 inches by 4 or 5 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

TELEGRAPH, ROLLINSON'S (English Greenhouse Variety). The cucumbers are very long, measuring 16 inches or more, contain very few seeds, and of the most excellent quality. Although used almost exclusively for forcing, the vines do well out of doors in California. Seed quite expensive, therefore, only a few seeds to a packet. Pkt. 25 cts.

GHERKIN or WEST INDIA GHERKIN. A small pick-

ling fruit about 2 inches long and quite seedy. Used for pickles only. Seed germinates slowly. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.



EGGPLANT

The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass, with moderately high temperature, about March 1st. When about 3 inches high, transplant carefully to the garden or field, but not until all danger of frost is over. Eggplant flourishes in most of this state and wherever there is a good warm growing season.

Black Beauty. Rich purple-black in color and a remarkable market variety. Is early and makes also a fine sort for the home-garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 75

cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50; lb. \$7.50.

New York Improved Large Purple. The principal market variety. Plants are large and spreading; fruit large and of deep rich purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.50; lb. \$7.50.

ENDIVE

An attractive so-called bitter salad plant, very popular for use during fall and winter months. Sow seed in June or July in rows 18 inches apart and thin out plants to stand 6 inches apart in the rows. For use the plants must be blanched and this is done by gathering leaves together and tying loosely at top with a wisp of straw or soft twine for about a week.
BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN OR ESCAROLLE. This has

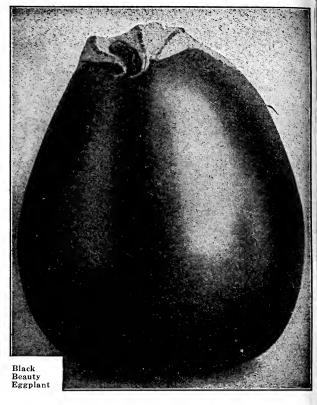
broad thick leaves. It is used in the natural state as a salad or as a boiling-green to be cooked like spinach. Pkt.

10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00. GREEN CURLED. This has very curly leaves, the mid-ribs being white. After blanching the leaves make a delicious and appetizing salad. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65

cts.; lb. \$2.00.
GIANT FRINGED. Large green fringed leaves. Popular on the market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb.

\$2.00.

WHITE CURLED. Very attractive; frequently does not require tving up. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.





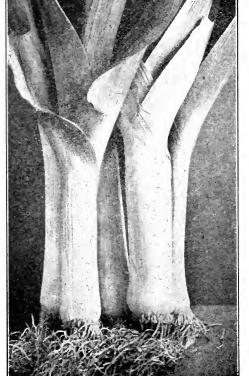
Very largely grown in the Southern States. May either be treated like cabbage or the seed may be sown in drills in the open ground in September. It is hardy and will withstand frost and snow.

DWARF CURLED SCOTCH. Long plume-like leaves with edges finely cut. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Height 2½ feet. The finely cut leaves are pulled from the stalks as needed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

JERSEY, or 1,000 HEADED. Frequently attains a growth of 6 to 8 feet, and produces many of the smooth leaves. Largely used for feeding stock and poultry. Pkt. 10 cts.; many of the smooth leaves. Largely used for feeding stock and poultry. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

GIANT MARROW. Thick and fleshy leaf stalks. Yields a very large supply of green food. Excellent for chickens. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$4.00.



Giant Musselburgh Leek

KOHL RABI

Sow the seed thinly in drills where the plants are to stand and thin out to eight inches apart. The bulbs or roots grow quickly and should be used when no larger than a tennis ball. It is best to make several successive sowings.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. The standard variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00. EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. Differs from preceding only in color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

LARGE GREEN. Used almost exclusively for stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

LEEK

Seed should be sown in June and the plants should stand six inches apart in rows two feet apart. As the plants attain full growth draw soil up about the stems as this not only blanches the stalk, but also gives a more tender quality.

AMERICAN FLAG. The favorite variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb.

CARENTAN. The largest variety, although stems are not so long. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

DOBBIE'S CHAMPION. A very fine Scotch strain. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

GIANT MUSSELBURGH. Thick long sweet stalks. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

HERBS

Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs

Prices quoted are all Postpaid to Fourth Zone

It is not a difficult matter to grow your own supply of these pot herbs. The freshly gathered stems and leaves may be used during the summer months and it is no trouble to dry a full winter's supply. In a few of the varieties the seed is portion used; these should be sown in rows and harvested when the seed ripens. Those marked * are hardy, living from year to year.

ANISE (Pimpinella Anisum). Seeds have an aromatic taste. Used for garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

BALM (Melissa Officinalis). Leaves are fragrant and are used for making a tea for fevers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60

BASIL, Sweet (Ocimum Basilicum). For soups, stews and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

BORAGE (Borago Officinalis). Leaves are used for flavoring and the flowers supply bee food. Pkt. 10 cts.;

*CARAWAY (Carum Carui). Seeds are used for flavoring purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

*CATNIP (Nepeta Cataria). Leaves useful for seasoning.

It makes a good food for bees. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.40. CORIANDER (Coriandrum Sativum). Used by baker and confectioners. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

DILL (Anethum Graveolens). Seeds used as a condiment, also in the pickling of cucumbers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.

*FENNEL, Sweet (Anethum Foeniculum). Boiled leaves are used in sauces. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

*HOREHOUND (Marrubium Vulgare). Leaves used for seasoning and also in the making of popular cough remedy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

*HYSSOP (Hyssopus Officinalis). Used as a stimulant and a mild tonic. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

*LAVENDER (Lavandula Spica). The flowers are dried and used for perfuming purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.

*ROSEMARY (Rosmarinus Officinalis). The aromatic leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

*RUE (Ruta Graveolens). For medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

*SAGE (Salvia Officinalis). More extensively used than any other herb. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

SUMMER SAVORY (Saturcia Hortensis). For seasoning dressings and soups. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

*SWEET MARJORAM (Origanum Marjorana). Usually grown as an annual but is perennial in California. May be used either green or dried. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

*WINTER SAVORY (Saturcia Montana). Leaves are used for flavoring. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

*TANSY (Tanacetum Vulgare). Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 85 cts.

TARRAGAN (Russian). The true Tarragan does not seed and what is offered is Russian Tarragan and flavorless. Pkt. 15 cts.

*THYME (Thymus Vulgaris). Leaves used for seasoning. A tea is also made for nervous headache. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

*WORMWOOD (Artemisia Absinthium). Used medicinally and is beneficial for poultry. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.

FENNEL FLORENCE (Finocchio) (Foeniculum Dulce). Quite different from Sweet Fennel. The portion eaten is bulb-like and is formed at the base of the leaf stalk. Sow early in Spring and thin to about a foot apart. Just as soon as the plant commences to expand at base of stalk, there should be a covering of soil applied so that this bulb-like vegetable becomes quite well blanched. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00.

Vegetable Plants and Roots

We carry the following plants in the season shown and pack them very carefully for shipping. The purchaser takes the risk of their wilting or being damaged in transit. Postal charges at parcel post rates must be added if wanted by mail.

ARTICHOKE PLANTS. January to May. \$1.50 per doz.; | by mail postpaid.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. January to April. 40 cts. per doz.; \$2.75 per 100, postpaid.

CABBAGE PLANTS. October to June. 15 cts. per doz.; 85 cts. per 100. Weight, 1 lb. per doz.; 4 lbs. per 100.

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. November to June. 20 cts. per doz.; \$1.00 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

CELERY PLANTS. March to May. 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.75 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

EGGPLANT. April and May. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

HOP ROOTS. April and May. 75 cts. per doz.; \$5.00 per 100, postpaid.

HORSERADISH ROOTS. January to May. 50 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100, postpaid.

PEPPER PLANTS. All varieties, April and May. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.25 per 100. Weight same as Cabbage.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Strawberry, Myatt's Victoria, Wagner's Giant, Crimson Winter. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz. For clumps, add postage at the rate of 1 pound each. Seedlings of above varieties, with the exception of Strawberry, 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz. Add postage at the rate of 2 pounds per dozen.

STRAWBERRIES. October to April. Oregon Everbearing, Banner, Marshall, and many other varieties. All selected stock. 35 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. Weight, 1 pound per 25 plants, 3 pounds per 100 plants. SWEET POTATOES. May and June. 25 cts. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100. Weight, 1 pound per dozen plants, 4

pounds per 100 plants.

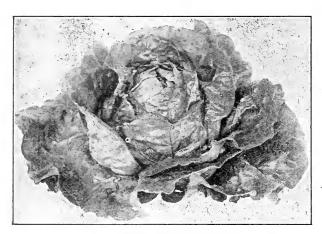
TOMATO. Earliana, Ponderosa, San Jose Canner, Stone, etc. April to June. 30 cts. per doz.; \$2.00 per 100. Weight, I pound per dozen plants, 3 pounds per 100 plants. Tomatoes can be shipped in flats, by express only; packing charges including flats, 20 cts. per 100 extra.

HERBS. Plants of various Herbs ready January to May, at 15 cts. each; 2 for 25 cts. Postpaid to the Fourth

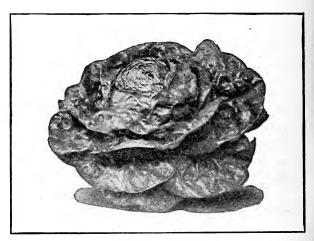
If interested in large quantities, write for special prices.

LETTUCE

Sow Lettuce in California any month of the year. The seed should be sown in rows 18 inches apart and the heading varieties should be thinned to from 6 to 8 inches apart; varieties that do not head may stand as the seed comes through and thinned out as used.



Big Boston Lettuce



May King Lettuce

EARLY LETTUCE

All in this class make heads except Grand Rapids, which has large compact bunches of leaves.

brown; the hearts are well blanched, solid and of superfine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb.

BLACK-SEEDED TENNIS-BALL. Forms tight heads very quickly. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

MIGNONETTE. Small heads of very sweet flavor. Outer leaves reddish-brown, but inside is light green and very crisp. The popular favorite in the Hawaiian Islands. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

BIG BOSTON. The outer leaves are slightly tinged with MAY KING. Quickly forms fine hard heads; outer leaves slightly tinged with brown. Quality the best. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

SALAMANDER. Compact, tender heads of good size. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

GRAND RAPIDS. Strong-growing non-heading variety, making a large cluster of light golden leaves. Leaves heavily curled, and of crisp texture and fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

"LOWHEAD" OR CUTTING LETTUCE

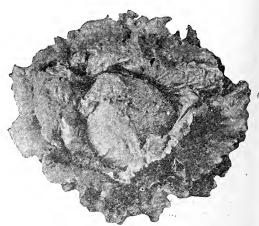
Do not form tightly folded heads, but make a compact bunch of leaves, and if plants are thinned out, they produce quite large bunches.

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. The old-time "Curly" Lettuce, and still very popular. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON. Makes large compact bunches of heavily crumpled leaves of a light golden hue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

EARLY PRIZE HEAD. Leaves brown, very curly and of remarkably fine flavor. Makes a compact bunch. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

CHICKEN LETTUCE. Not for eating, but as a supplementing food for chickens. Large bunches of leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.



NEW YORK or Los Angeles Lettuce See Page 19



Field of New York Lettuce Growing for Market from Morss's Specially Developed Large Globe Shaped Heads

CRISP HEAD LETTUCE

These withstand summer heat better than any other type of Lettuce. The well-blanched heads are always crisp, brittle, and mild in flavor.

DRUMHEAD or MALTA. Large tight heads. Leaves, while rather coarse, are quite brittle, making a good summer variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

HANSON. The crisp, brittle heads are light yellowish green in color and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

ICEBERG. Color light green, lightly tinged with brown. Good for either home or market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

NEW YORK or Los Angeles. (Known as California Dark Iceberg by the market gardeners and shippers.) This is the variety used almost exclusively in our markets and is grown on an immense scale. About 18,000 carloads were shipped from the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain states in 1923 and there will probably be a larger acreage in 1924.

The variety is deep green, but when prepared for the table the head is almost white and very crisp. It thrives in cool weather and is not recommended for the house garden in mid-summer.

The proper name for the variety is NEW YORK, under which name it was introduced into America years ago, and in ordering the stoomers should use this name to get the true variety. We have an excellent and highly developed the property of the pr oped strain of it which is used in large quantities by the big shippers.

For garden culture, sow the seed thinly and thin the plants when in the fourth leaf to at least twelve inches apart. This will seem like a wide distance, but to make solid heads, the plants need plenty of room. The soil should be well fertilized and irrigated. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.15; lb. \$3.50.

CABBAGE OR BUTTERHEAD LETTUCE

Tight heading varieties, somewhat resembling small cabbages. The leaves making the head are closely folded together, and the inner portion is blanched either to a clear white or to a rich buttery yellow.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER or ROYAL SUMMER CABBAGE. A popular variety for autumn and winter use. Forms a very large head, which is exceedingly buttery in texture. Heart a rich golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

DEACON. Heavy thick leaves of a bright green color and forming a large buttery head. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

WHITE SUMMER CABBAGE. Of rather distinct character, having glossy foliage of firm texture and is especially adapted for growing fine heads in cool locations. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

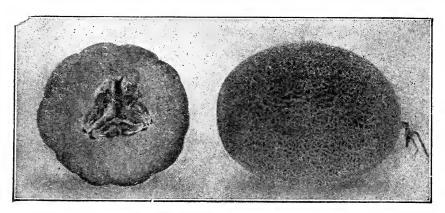
COS LETTUCE, CELERY OR ROMAINE

Quite distinct as to type. Plants are of erect habit of growth, the inner leaves growing closely together at top and some varieties blanching without any special care. They are always crisp and mild when grown under favorable conditions, but bear in mind they will not do well without an ample supply of water.

WHITE PARIS COS. The best of the Cos or Celery type. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

MUSKMELON OR CANTALOUPE

Plant in rich, moist land, using one ounce to 100 hills or two to three pounds per acre. Six feet each way is a good distance for t hills. Sow the seed after all danger of frost is over and do not cover deeply. Thoroughly rotted manure should be deeply dug into each hill. Muskmelons require plenty of water, and if conditions are favorable, will make a strong, vigorous growth, and most varieties bear heavily. It is best to pick off the early runners to make the plant more stocky and thick. Wherever possible melons should be grown in the home-garden.



ALL PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO THE FOURTH ZONE

ROCKY FORD, or NETTED GEM. Grown in great quantities for the market. Fruit is slightly oval, finely netted, and slightly ribbed. Flesh thick, green, and of fine quality, spicy, very sweet flavored. Rocky Fords are small to medium sized. Other melons too big to ship for market are often preferred for home-gardens. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

TIP TOP. One of the best known of the deep yellow or salmon-fleshed varieties. The fruits are large, nearly round, slightly ribbed and lightly netted over a light slaty skin; very highly musk-flavored, which many people prefer in a melon. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

Burrell's Gem Muskmelon

ABBOTT'S PEARL. A new shipping variety of fine quality. In shape and size it is almost globular or slightly oval and about as large as the average Rocky Ford types. The flesh is salmon-red, very thick, with small seed cavity. The skin is whitish green, has no ribs, and is heavily netted with wide, coarse netting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25.

Acme, or Early Baltimore. One of the best green all-round melons in cultivation, and recommended for its uniform shape, medium size, and fine quality. The flesh is thick, green, without a musk flavor, and very sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60

musk flavor, and very sweet. PKI. 10 cts., cz.
cts.; lb. \$1.75.
BAY VIEW. Fruit large, oblong, heavily ribbed and netted. Flesh
light green, musk-flavored, and good. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½
lb. \$0 cts.; lb. \$1.75.
BURRELL'S GEM or DEFENDER. The best bright orange-fleshed
melon. The seed cavity is small and the flesh is colored clear to
the rind; deeply netted; flavor equal to the best of any. Pkt. 10
cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.
EMERALD GEM. One of the earliest vines of strong growth and very
productive. The melon is rather flat in shape with decided ribs and
the skin is an emerald green in color, while the thick flesh is of a
rich salmon color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.
EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Very early. This is a flattened,

rich salmon color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; tTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Very early. This is a f heavily netted and decidedly ribbed green fleshed variety. cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.: lb. \$1.50.

Gold-Lined Rocky Ford Of a fine uniform shape and with-light green, with a light golden yellow rim. Flesh very sweet and spicy. There is no better melon than this. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25.

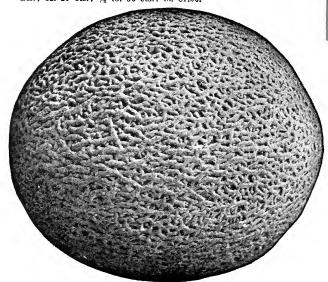
GREELEY WONDER or INDIANA. Large, globular, salmon-fleshed variety, heavily netted and ribbed; excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 ets.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

HACKENSACK or TURK'S CAP. The flavor is sweet and delicious, with green flesh. Has flattened ends, thick irregular ribs and coarse netting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

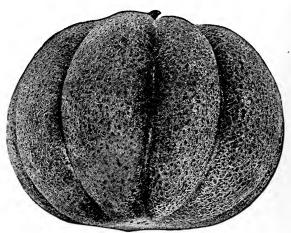
MONTREAL MARKET. Large well ribbed and heavily netted variety and is of superior quality when grown in a cool locality. The green flesh is thick and of very fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Persian Hybrid Muskmelon. This is a large melon, from 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and is heavy for its size. The melons are heavily netted, and are globular. Its color is bright orange. The flavor is different from other melons, and comes out delightfully when the melons are well ripened. Should not be eaten until fully ripe. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ½ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

POLLOCK 10-25 (Ten-Twenty-five). This is a new main-crop variety, ripening at the same time as Rocky Ford. The melons are nearly round and densely netted. The seed cavity is small, flesh thick, light green with salmon tint. Flavor is excellent. A standard melon for the market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.;



Muskmelon-Pollock 10-25



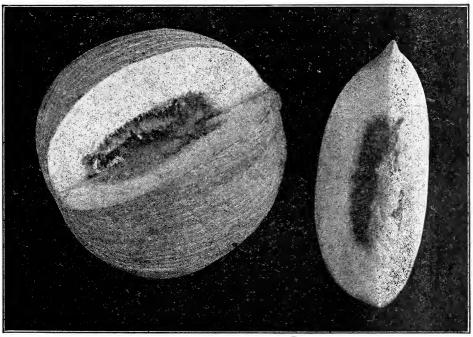
Hackensack, or Turk's Cap

CASSABAS or Winter Muskmelons

The Cassaba has come to stay. To some extent the Cassaba flavor is an acquired taste, but judging from the increasing popularity of the two varieties we list, an immense population is acquiring the taste. One now sees these Cassabas in all the Eastern markets, and they are on the bills of fare of all the finest restaurants. They are plentiful as late as February, when all other fruits are rare. Culture is the same as for muskmelon.

GOLDEN BEAUTY

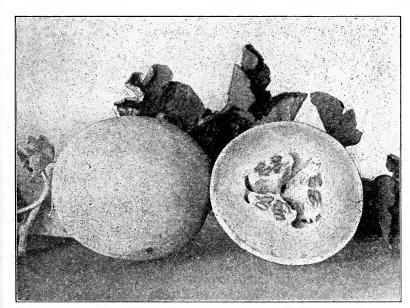
This one we recommend as the best. It begins to ripen in July and continues bearing and ripening all summer and fall, or until frost comes. The later fruits can be stored in a cool house or cellar and will ripen slowly, so that they can be marketed from time to time until late in January or early February. Golden Beauty is bright yellow,



Golden Beauty Cassaba

about globular, with wrinkled skin, slightly pointed at the stem end. The fruits are about six to eight inches in diameter. The flesh is pure white and very thick. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

WINTER PINEAPPLE This is the best of the later ripening winter varieties. As it ripens late on the vines, it can be kept for a longer period in the cellar. The fruits are very solid and heavy, about 10 to 12 inches in diameter, thick at the base and tapering at the top. The color is deep sea green, with mottled white and green at the bottom. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.



Honey Dew Melon

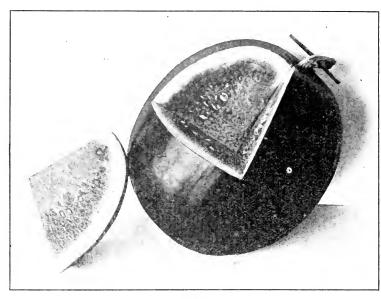
HONEY DEW MELON Hybrid Cassaba

Honey Dew is a medium sized melon, 5 to 6 pounds in weight, about 6 inches in diameter and slightly oblong. The skin is smooth, with an occasional net. The color, while growing, is nearly white, and when ripe is a creamy yellow, sometimes a lemon yellow. Honey Dew has very thick flesh, light emerald green in color. It is fine grained, melting and delicious, and is good clear down to the rind. Sometimes the older Cassabas have a bland or cucumber flavor not enjoyed by many. The vines are strong growers and are productive. The melons slip from the vines when ripe but may be picked just before they are ripe and stored in a cool place and then they will keep until Christmas. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.: lb. \$2.50.

HONEY BALL
(Muskmelon)
(New Variety)

For description see page 4.

WATERMELON



Angelino Watermelon

Excel. A new, very large black-seeded shipping melon. It is a little smaller than Tom Watson. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

FLORIDA FAVORITE. A large variety, with large, oblong fruit and light green skin, mottled with a deeper shade. Rind thin; flesh deep pink and of fine quality. Seed white. Fine shipper: also excellent for the home-garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb.

FORDHOOK EARLY. Fruit almost globular; color deep green, mottled, with occasional faint stripes of lighter green; flesh bright pink and crisp. Early. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25,

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE. One of the oldest and formerly most popular sorts, and frequently known as "Gypsy." A large, oblong variety, with decided stripes of light and deep green. Rind is tough, but flesh is of medium quality and bright pink. A good shipping and market melon. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

Kleckley Sweets or MONTE CRISTO. A very desirable variety for the home-garden or nearby markets. Fruit medium-sized, oval, and skin dark green; flesh bright red and very sweet. Skin is brittle. It is the very sweet, honey-like flavor that makes it especially desirable. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$125 desirable. Pkt. 10 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

Klondike This melon is exceptionally sweet and fine. It was bred in California and stays in perfect condition in this climate. A good shipper for nearby markets, and excellent in every home-garden. The flesh is brittle; fruit oblong. A rather shy seeder and for that reason expensive. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

TOM WATSON. A very large, really fine melon, often growing to 40 and 60 pounds or more in weight. It is sweet, has a large heart and small seed. The flesh is bright pink, contrasting with the dark green mot-

pink, contrasting with the dark green mot ship. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Cts.; lb. \$1.50. COLORADO PRESERVING CITRON, Green Seeded. A large fruited strain of Citron for preserving. White flesh, very solid. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

RED-SEEDED CITRON. Same as above, dif-ference only in color of seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

Light, sandy, or gravelly soil is necessary for the best Watermelons. They seldom do well on heavy adobe or clay soils, and these lands should be avoided when growing Watermelons as a farm crop. In the garden, any soil can be made suitable by spading in each hill some well rotted manure and sand or loam.

Plant the seed about the middle of May, in hills about 8 feet apart. Use five or six seeds to a hill and thin out to three plants as soon as the second or third leaf shows. Use about four ounces of seed to 100 hills, or as a farm crop, two to four pounds per acre. A good Watermelon is one of the finest fruits on earth. On a hot day there is nothing like a fresh, juicy, sweet Watermelon. Some Watermelons are much sweeter than others.

Angelino A good all-around melon, either for the home-garden or shipping. The skin is very dark green, and flesh is bright red and of delicious quality. Soak seed in water an hour or two before planting to increase germination. Important only for Angelino and Chilian. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.
BLACK-SEEDED ANGELINO. Is preferred for market as the melons are not too large, which is sometimes the case with White-Seeded Angelino, and a Black-Seeded always sells better. We have perfected this variety so true that no White-Seeded type appear in our strain. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

hb. \$1.50.
CHILIAN, WHITE-SEEDED. Description same as Angelino, except for color of skin, which is a deep green color of skin, which is a deep green with alightly darker stripes. Two of our best melons, with slightly darker stripes. Two of our best mel Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

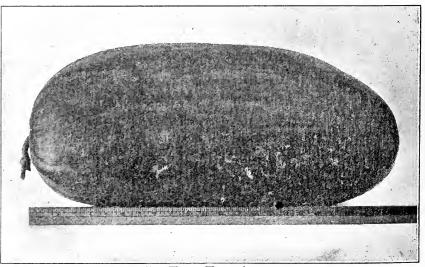
CHILIAN, BLACK-SEEDED. Some people think a melon does not taste right unless it has black seed, and cer-tainly they sell better at restaurants, etc. Has all of the splendid qualities of White-Seeded Chilian and if anything is a trifle earlier. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

LDEN HONEY. A delicious melon with yellow flesh. Golden Honey has a large heart, solid and sweet right up to the rind. The outside is a light green, striped dark green; fruit oblong and medium sized, Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 3/2 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. GOLDEN HONEY.

HALBERT HONEY. In quality equally as good as Kleckley's Sweets, and by some claimed to be better. Melons average 18 to 20 inches long and are full at both blossom and stem end. Skin is glossy green. Flesh is a beautiful red of rich and luscious quality. For nearby markets there is no variety equal to it. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HARRIS EARLIEST. The earliest to ripen. Fruits small oval shaped with green and white stripes. Pink flesh of fair quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

IRISH GREY. Rind light green in color and very tough, standing shipping to great distances. The red flesh is of fine flavor and never stringy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.



Tom Watson Watermelon

MUSTARD, FOR GREENS

The leaves of these varieties of Mustard, excepting White English, as listed here, make excellent greens of sharp, pungent flavor, and are cooked the same as spinach or beet leaves. Sow seed in drills early in the spring and at frequent intervals throughout the summer to secure a constant supply of fresh greens. Mustard is hardy and is easily grown. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row.

CHINESE. A very hardy, broad-leaved variety. Leaves are thick and deeply savoyed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

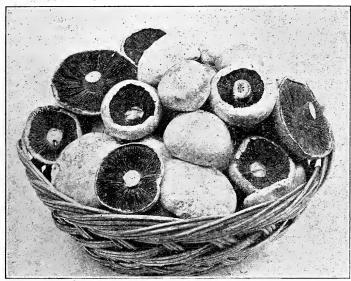
FORDHOOK FANCY. The dark green leaves of this variety are more curled on the edges than any other sort, making most attractive greens. It may also be cooked and served like spinach, and is highly esteemed when used in this way. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

GIANT SOUTHERN CURLED. Large variety forming a great mass of beautiful leaves, which are ruffled and finely curled on the edges. Hardy, vigorous, highly recommended. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

WHITE ENGLISH. Seed yellow and pungent, used for grinding and for flavoring pickles. Oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

Mustard

is so easily grown that there should be a place found for it in every garden. In addition to being used as a cooked vegetable it adds an appetizing relish to all salads.



Mushrooms-Grown With Pure Culture Spawn

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Contrary to a rather common belief, there is nothing mysterious in the cultivation of the mushroom. Any one with a fair understanding of its cultural requirements can grow this highly-prized fungus successfully in any climate and in any season where the following conditions can be obtained:

ESSENTIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Good spawn, produced from a reliable source.
- 2. A properly prepared bed with reasonable protection against weather extremes.
- 3. A temperature not greatly exceeding $60\,^\circ$ F., nor much lower than $50\,^\circ$ F.
- A fairly moist atmosphere, avoiding the too frequent and direct application of water to the beds.
- 5. A gradual renewal of the air, avoiding draughts.

OUR PURE CULTURE MUSHROOM SPAWN. (Weight 1¼ lbs.) Brick, 40 cts., postpaid; by express, 5 bricks \$1.75. Write us for quantity price.

Circular on Mushroom Culture Sent with Order or Mailed Upon Request.

OKRA OR GUMBO

A rather tall growing plant, producing freely seed pods which in the young stage are largely used in soups and stews. In April plant seed in the open in rows two feet apart and thin out plants so they stand about eighteen inches apart. Okra pods should be cut from the plant as soon as they are large enough for use, and if there is any surplus the pods may be dried for winter use—simply tie them on strings and hang up in a cool place. A few plants will produce an ample supply for the average family.

PERKINS MAMMOTH LONG POD. Very productive of handsome tender dark green pods. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

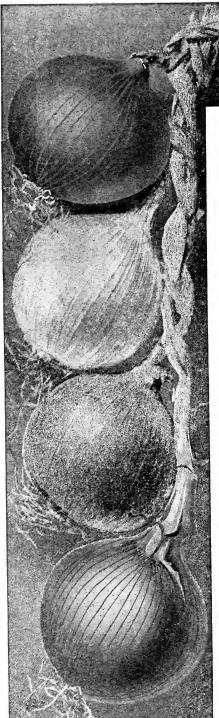
WHITE VELVET. Smooth velvety white pods. Popular in the South. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts. 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

DWARF GREEN. Dwarfer growing than preceding and with shorter seed pods. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.



Okra-Long Pod

MORSE'S ONION SEED



Red, White and Yellow Globe, and Southport, Yellow Globe Danvers Onion

HOW TO GROW ONIONS FOR MARKET

The most essential item in growing Onions for market is good seed—seed that will come up and seed that will produce the variety you wantis very poor economy.

For general crop the seed must be sown during the month of January or before February 1st, and, if the location is a fairly dry one, it is best to sow about the middle of December. The seed should be sown with a seed drill in rows 14 inches apart, using 4 to 4½ pounds of seed per acre. In very weedy land the rows may be 18 or 20 inches apart when less seed is required.

For planting a single row of Onions among strawberry plants about 2 pounds of seed per acre is sufficient.

The land must be thoroughly worked before planting, and usually two good plowings, a good disking, and a harrowing are necessary.

The crop must always be kept free from weeds, and it is usually necessary to weed out in the row by hand once or twice. Hoeing between the rows may be done oftener. It is not necessary to thin the plants in the row, since some thinning is naturally done during the hand

The land chosen for Onions should be wet land, preferably loose, sandy loam or peat, and should always be kept well drained. Heavy adobe or clay soil is good, but needs to be irrigated in May, June and July, and the Onions are not so well colored or even in shape in heavy, stiff soils. Steady, even growth is necessary to good Onions, and a check in the growth, whether from disease or drought, causes them to bolt to seed badly. Onions are ready to harvest usually the latter part of August, when with a good crop, the tops are pretty well ripened down. If the tops are still standing and green it is well to run a light roller or plank over them to press the tops down, and the Onions should be pulled in about ten days after this is done, whether the tops have dried off or not. It requires not less than two full weeks to properly cure Onions after they are pulled. In localities where fog is prevalent it is best to spread the Onions out on the ground, not more than one bulb deen. It is usual in other climates to throw into windrows a foot or more deep and cover lightly with straw or dried tops. It is best not to top and sack until ready to ship to market, and if Onions are to be kept for any length of time they should not be sacked, but should be put under cover on a floor or in a bin with abundant circulation of air, and be kept very dry. and be kept very dry.

ONION—YELLOW VARIETIES

This is the class which supplies thousands of tons of Onions annually and is most popular in many Onion-growing localities.

AILSA CRAIG. Color light yellow; grain fine, flavor mild; ripens early. Produces large bulbs frequently weighing 2 pounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

PRIZETAKER (Denia Onion). A remarkably large Onion. Skin light yellow; flesh sweet and mild. Globe-shaped and very productive. Should be used early, as it is not a long keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE. A fine orange-yellow globe-shaped variety of best shipping and keeping quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

YELLOW DANVERS. This is the best known and the most generally used flat, yellow Onion. It is extra hardy and a very heavy yielder. Color bright orange-yellow; flesh white and firm. A good keeper, fairly early and of good size. It is also a good variety for transplanting to get early Onions. One of the standard varieties on the San Francisco market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Yellow Globe Danvers

Our strain of Globe Danvers is especially selected on our fairly large size, small at the neck, perfectly and regularly formed. Yellow Globe Danvers is the most popular Onion for market and for shipping. Is almost ball-shaped, but a trifle flattened at both ends. It is a heavy cropper and a good, firm variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

Ohio Yellow Globe

The best of the Yellow Globe varieties. The skin is bright, glossy, orange-yellow, and the flesh is white, and fine grained. The bulbs are remarkably uniform in size and shape, and being firm and hard possess fine keeping and shippe, and being firm and stage, size to the Yellow Globe varieties. The skin is bright, glossy, orange-yellow, and the flesh is white, and fine grained. The bulbs in shipping qualities. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25.

Mountain Danvers A medium large, apple-shaped, amber-yellow Onion of long keeping qualities. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

YELLOW DUTCH, or STRASBURG. Similar to Yellow Danvers, both in shape, size and color. It is a little flatter and is a better variety for producing Onion Sets. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.: 1/4 lb. 60 cts.: lb. \$1.75.

ONIONS—RED VARIETIES

In this class we include the Australian Brown and Buckskin, although in each case the skin is decided reddish-brown.

Australian Brown Early and very hard variety which does especially well in California. The skin is thick and the color is a rich brown. Is especially noted as a long keeper, as it keeps well into spring without sprouting or shriveling, and much longer than other varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

BUCKSKIN STRAIN of AUSTRALIAN BROWN. A special selection which is very popular both with growers and commission men. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

CALIFORNIA EARLY RED. Used especially for transplanting. If the seed is sown in beds in August and set in the field in November or December, good market Onions can be had in May. It is not a good keeping variety, but is excellent for winter growing because it will not readily bolt to seed. Of mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. 82 00

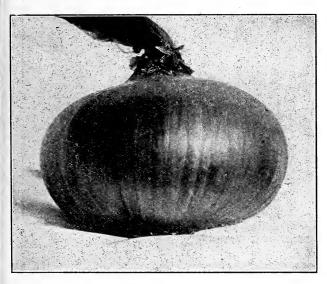
EXTRA-EARLY RED FLAT. A very early, flat variety, with dark purplish red skin. Forms a hard bulb; keeps well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

RED WETHERSFIELD. The best-known and most widely used red variety. In shape it is flattish, but thick, with very firm flesh. Is hard and an excellent keeper, as well as a heavy cropper. The color is a bright purplish red. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE. A large, globe-shaped, bright purplish red variety. Is a late sort and most excellent keeper. A very handsome variety and of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ½ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.



Australian Brewn Onion



Red Wethersfield Onion

ONION SETS

Onion Sets are miniature onion bulbs grown from seed and are so formed by sowing 50 to 75 pounds of seed per acre. Good sets are those of very small size and well ripened.

Plant near the surface in rows 12 inches apart and 2 inches between the sets, using 250 pounds of sets per acre. When raised from sets, the onions can be used in the green state or may be ripened off for large onions, in which case they are fully six weeks earlier than when raised from seed. Prices are subject to market fluctuations as the season advances.

Postage on Onion Sets is 10 cts. per pound additional.

Brown or Yellow Onion Sets. September to May. Lb. 20 cts. White Onion Sets. September to December only. Lb. 25 cts. Bermuda Sets. July and August. Lb. 25 cts.

GARLIC Large quantities are furnished at prevailing market prices. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00; postpaid, lb. 25 cts.

SHALLOTS A yellow multiplying Onion. Until May 1st only. Lb. 25 cts.; or postpaid, lb. 35 cts.

ONIONS—WHITE VARIETIES

The White Portugal is usually grown as a set onion, while the Southport White Globe generally tops the market in price.

WHITE PORTUGAL, or SILVERSKIN. The best known and most largely used white Onion. Is flat on the bottom and thick toward the top; very hard and firm. An excellent keeper. Is largely used for white Onion sets as well as for bulbs for the best market trade and also for pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$3.50.

Southport White Globe
Onions with wax-like flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25;

ONIONS—FOREIGN VARIETIES

The main difference between these and the American varieties is that they are non-keepers.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX. The beautiful clear white Bermuda Onion, seen in our markets in crates early in spring, is this variety. Mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$4.50.

EXTRA-EARLY BARLETTA. Extremely early variety. Seed planted in February will form ripe Onions the last of July. Is a white Onion, and valuable for home-made pickles, if seed is sown thickly. Pkt. 10 cts; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

EXTRA-EARLY PEARL. Very early. Small flattened bulbs, which make excellent pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

WHITE QUEEN. A very early white Onion. Rather small and does not keep well. Is of fine, mild flavor, and largely used for homemade pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

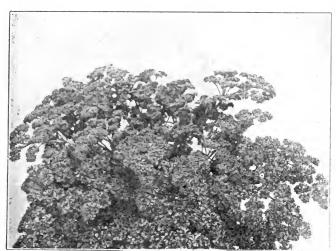
EARLY SWEET SPANISH. A very large, mild, yellow, globe-shaped Onion. One of the best for home-garden; also an early market Spanish type. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING. An early, large, white, flat Onion; does not keep well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

RED BERMUDA. Bulbs are of pinkish straw color. A companion to White Bermuda, which see for description. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

WHITE BERMUDA. A very early southern market Onion. Flavor is mild and sweet. The bulbs are straw-white in color and flat-shaped. We offer true Canary Island grown seed—the best. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

PARSLEY



Parsley, Double Curled

Used for garnishing dishes of meat or cooked in soups. A few plants in the garden will yield sufficient for a family, providing the leaves are cut often and the plants not allowed to seed. Sow the seed in drills early in spring, using one-fourth of an ounce to 100 feet. Soak the seed two hours before planting and water frequently.

Prices postpaid to the Fourth Zone.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. A very finely curled, bright green, and very ornamental variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HAMBURG, or TURNIP-ROOTED.

variety, forming a
large, thick, edible
root. Pkt. 10 cts.;
oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 50

cts.; lb. \$1.50. PLAIN, or SINGLE. A very hardy variety. Leaves are flat and not curled. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

A plain-leaved

Double Curled. A curled variety, very hardy and easy to grow. Deep, rich green, and by many preferred to the extremely curly varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EXTRA TRIPLE CURLED. A very fine curled variety of dark green color. One of the best varieties for all purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

PARSNIPS

Parsnips should be used while young, before they become tough and woody. Leave them in the ground only where it is good and cold. Parsnips are fine when used rightly. They prefer very wet soil and will thrive where carrots will not grow. A sandy soil is good, since the roots are very long and are difficult to dig in stiff soil. Sow the seed thickly in the spring in 18 to 24-inch drills, using one-fourth ounce to 100 feet. In the field, sow in rows 24 inches apart, using three pounds per acre.

Hollow Crown. The most popular and best variety for all purposes. Skin smooth and white and flesh tender, while the root grows 18 to 20 inches long. The best part of it is contained in the first 8 inches from the top. Our strain of Hollow Crown is the thick shouldered type called "Student" by some dealers. It is particularly fine, smooth, and regular. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

LONG SMOOTH, or LONG DUTCH. A very long variety with full crown. Very smooth white skin. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS

We shall be pleased to quote special prices to the Market Gardener and Florist Trade on your requirements of both Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Let us know quantity and variety you desire. Morse's Seeds are all tested stock and particular attention is given to varieties best suited for the market.

HUHUW CLUWIL Fatomipo

PEAS

Peas are quite hardy and for early markets can be planted in the fall in protected places and ripe Peas can be had in February. They require moderately rich soil, but not excessively rich or wet, or they will run too much to vine and do not bear heavily. The seed needs to be planted thick, using from 80 to 150 pounds per acre for seed or vegetable crop, or one pound for 100 feet of row.

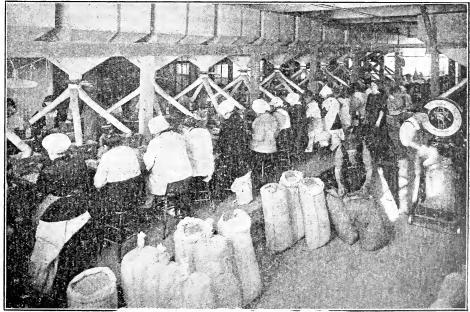
The dwarf varieties can be planted in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, and the tall ones 36 inches. By using the various classes of Peas, and by making several sowings of each, good Peas can be had for a long season. In the garden the pods should be kept picked, as the plants will then continue to bear.



Early Varieties Listed on Page 28

Rogueing Garden Peas (Pulling Out Wrong Types) on One of Our California Farms

Main Crop Varieties Listed on Page 29



Hand-Picking Peas in Our San Francisco Warehouse





PEAS EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES

ALASKA, or EARLIEST OF ALL. A smooth Pea, well suited for extra-early planting. Vine 2½ feet high, and carries usually 5 pods, each holding 6 or 7 Peas. Will not rot in cold, wet ground; popular with canners. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

AMERICAN WONDER. A dwarf or short-vine variety, growing about 12 inches tall, bearing short, well-filled pods; very early. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

BRITISH LION. Semi-dwarf in growth, attaining a height of 2 to 21/2 feet. The dark green pods average 4 to 41/2 inches long and are well filled with 6 to 7 peas of good flavor. In season it is to be classed among the first earlies. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

BLUE BANTAM. The vines measure about 15 inches high and produce freely the bluish-green pods. The pointed pods run 4 to 41/2 inches long and are always well filled with 8 to 10 large peas of finest flavor. It is early and if seed is planted 4 inches apart in the row, the planter will be surprised at the quantity produced. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

FIRST AND BEST, or EXTRA EARLY. Grows 2 to 21/2 feet high. Seed yellowish-white and round; pods straight, short, and well filled. Quality good for a smooth-seeded variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS. We believe Laxton's Progress to be the finest dwarf growing, large podded, early table pea in existence. From our own personal trials and also from numerous customers, the results of this splendid pea are very gratifying. For the home garden or for the market garden it will no doubt eventually replace the older and present popular varieties. Pkt. 25 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.

LAXTONIAN. This is an ideal market and home-garden pea, medium dwarf in habit of growth, but with very large pods, averaging 5 to 6 inches in length. Laxtonian seldom has any blank spaces in the pods. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

Little Marvel. An extra-dwarf, extra-early pea, which is wonderfully prolific. Each pod has 6 or 7 large peas, closely crowded in. Yields heavier than any other in this class. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR. The earliest extra-dwarf pea. Good flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

PREMIUM GEM. Sometimes called "Little Gem." Is very productive, often carrying 9 or 10 pods to a plant. The plant is early, has short pods, nearly always filled. Is 15 inches tall; flavor sweet. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

GRADUS, or PROSPERITY. Height, 4 feet. Pods about 4 inches long, filled with peas of delicious flavor. Very early. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

THOMAS LAXTON. An extreme early large podded wrinkled pea of finest quality. Vines grow 4 feet high and bear profusely, the blunt or square-ended pods which measure 4 to 4½ inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.



New Carden Pea, Laxton's Progress-The Best of All the Large Podded Early Dwarf Varieties

EARLY SNOWDROP. Similar to Thomas

Laxton, and the pods are a bit darker in color; of the same high quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.



The Lincoln Pea

LATER or MAIN-CROP VARIETIES

- ALDERMAN. A Pea similar to Telephone, but more prolific. The vine is extra vigorous and the pods are dark green and always well filled with fine large Peas. This is the very finest and best Pea of this class. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- ABUNDANCE. A second early; quite prolific and of fair quality. Height 3 feet. Pods 3 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. An old favorite. Very late; vine very tall and strong. Pods moderate size. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- DAISY, or DWARF TELEPHONE. We can highly recommend the Daisy for fall planting. Height, about 2 feet, and vines completely covered with large, full-bearing pods. Does extremely well in California. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

- HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN. A strictly canner's Pea. Pods small and closely filled with small Peas. Vines tall, late, and productive. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- IMPROVED SENATOR. A popular second early variety, growing 2½ to 3 feet high. The attractive large pods contain 7 to 10 Peas of finest quality. Very productive. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- Senator. Is literally loaded with large, slightly curved pods, always well filled and unusually easy to pick. Peas medium-sized and of splendid quality. This Pea is a most excellent one for the home garden, on account of its being unusually prolific, medium season, and good quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- UNION JACK. This might be called a darker-podded Senator, and it has all the good qualities of that variety. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- STRATAGEM. A semi-dwarf variety with large leaves and large pods. The vines bear well and the pods are long, thick, deep green, and well filled. This variety has a tendency to run out or revert to a small-podded type, and many stocks of Stratagem offered contain many small-podded plants. We offer an especially fine selected strain, free from small pods. Our reselected strain. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- THE LINCOLN. This might be called a "Dwarf Senator" with pods less curved. Grows two feet tall and produces freely the large dark green pods which are well filled with 8 or 9 peas of fine quality. It is a main crop variety and desirable for either home or market garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- Telephone. Is tall and large; wrinkled Peas of fine quality; large pods. Foliage is of pale green color and quality of the very best. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- YORKSHIRE HERO, or ALAMEDA SWEETS. A very hardy and prolific, semi-dwarf, late, wrinkled variety. The Peas are large and of fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; 10. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT. Esteemed by some for its mealy, potato-like flavor. A very tall, hardy variety. Very productive, but of inferior quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- MELTING SUGAR, or EDIBLE POD. A tall variety, bearing large, flat brittle pods. These are sweet and are cut or broken and cooked like string beans. Is a delicious vegetable and should be better known and more generally used. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

SPECIAL HORTICULTURAL BOOKS FOR CALIFORNIA CONDITIONS

- CALIFORNIA GARDEN FLOWERS (By Prof. Wickson). A valuable book to those interested in the cultivation of flowers in California, either for pleasure or profit. 250 pages. \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.10.
- CALIFORNIA FRUITS (By Prof. Wickson). The most valuable book on the cultivation of fruits and berries. 508 pages. \$4.00; postpaid, \$4.10.
- CALIFORNIA VEGETABLES (By Prof. Wickson). For garden and field. 319 pages. \$2.50; postpaid, \$2.60.

PEPPER

This enters into the manufacture of many condiments, but the largest sale is of the green fruits produced by the larger fruited varieties. Peppers are hot in inverse ratio to their size, the smaller the Pepper, the hotter the flavor. Sow seed indoors early in March and when plants are an inch or more high transplant into boxes, so that they stand 5x5 inches apart. On mild days give the plants plenty of air and as soon as all danger of frost is past set outdoors in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and spaced 18 inches to 2 feet in the row.

Anaheim Chili. This Pepper is largely grown in Orange County, and is used dried and for canning. It is long—7 inches or so—medium-sized in width, and is thick fleshed. The flavor is mild for a Chili Pepper and liked by Mexicans and Americans alike. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

Chinese Giant. A very large, deep red variety, very thick and blunt. It is fully twice as large as Large Bell, or Bull Nose, being 4 to 5 inches thick at the top and about 6 inches long. Plants are not prolific bearers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; ¼ lb. \$2.70: lb. \$8.00.

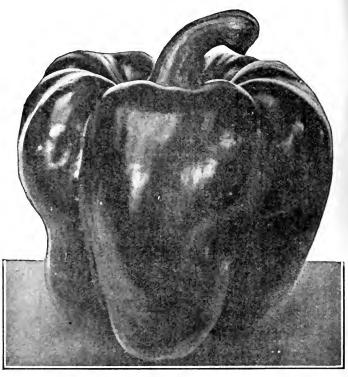
Large Bell, or BULL NOSE. Fruit large, round and blocky and about 3 inches long and 2 inches thick. The color is deep green when fruit is young, but when fully ripened it is a rich, glossy blood-red. Plant grows about 2 feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.

LONG RED CAYENNE. A strong, pungent variety, having long, pointed fruit, which is bright scarlet when ripe. A well-known and popular variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70; lb. \$8.00.

MEXICAN CHILI. In a class by itself, on account of its extreme pungency. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

Pimiento. This is a sweet Pepper good for salads, either fresh or canned. Used largely by canners and market gardeners. Very thick flesh; mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

RUBY KING. A popular variety of the Bell, or Bull Nose type. The fruit is large, dark green while young, turning to bright, glossy red when ripe, and the flavor is mild and sweet. A desirable variety for slicing in salads and for stuffing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.

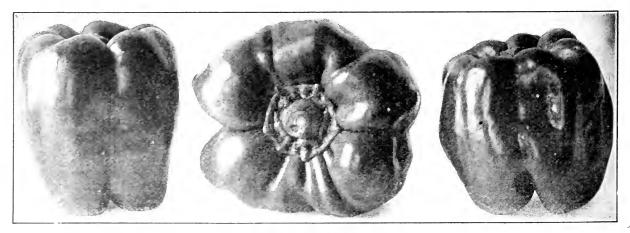


Chinese Giant Pepper

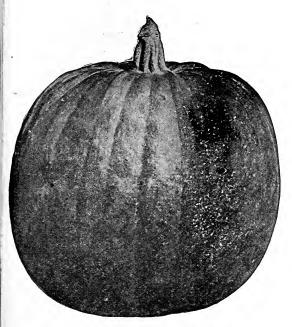
RED CHILI. A rather small, bright-red variety, about 2 inches long and pointed. The pods are used in making Chili sauce, and very pungent and hot. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70; lb. \$8.00.

SWEET MOUNTAIN. It is a late variety, bearing large, thick fruit, which is frequently 8 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. When mature it is a deep glossy red, and the flavor is mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 70 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.35; lb. \$7.00.

SWEET UPRIGHT. A large thick variety, with mild, sweet flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 80 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.70; lb. \$8.00.



Large Bell or Bull Nose Peppers



Connecticut Field Pumpkin

PUMPKIN

Enormous Pumpkins may be grown on the fertile soils of the West. Pumpkins weighing 160 to 180 pounds are not unusual at State Fairs. Plant the seed in the open ground when it is well warmed and after danger from frost is past. Plant in hills about 8 feet apart. Three to four pounds of seed will plant an acre and eight ounces will plant 100 hills. Do not plant near squashes, as they are likely to cross.

Prices below are postpaid to the Fourth Zone. If larger quantities are wanted, write for special prices.

California Field

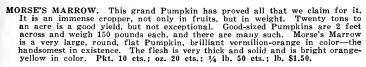
The well-known, ordinary Pumpkin, largely used for stock-feeding. The fruit is variously colored, in yellow, drab, red and orange, and varies also in size, but is usually very large. It is a heavy cropper and very early grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Connecticut Field

A fine, large, orange-colored variety used for field-culture and stock feeding. The skin is smooth and stock feeding. The skin is smooth and brittle and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

GREEN STRIPED CUSHAW. Mammoth heavy-yielding cattle Pumpkin, used largely in the San Joaquin Valley. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

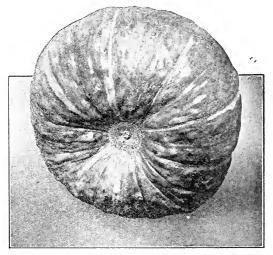
MAMMOTH KING, or POTIRON. Skin reddish yellow in color, and flesh rich orange. It runs very uniform in shape and color, and all are of immense size. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.



PIE PUMPKIN. A small, round yellow sort with fine, pinkish netting. Flesh is thick, sweet and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN CUSHAW. One of the best stock-feeding Pumpkins. Is solid, yellow crookneck sort and is nearly all flesh, having a very small seed cavity. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

SMALL SUGAR, or NEW ENG-LAND PIE. A small round Pumpkin of excellent quality. The flesh is rich yellow, very thick and sweet and the skin is deep orange. We recommend this variety as the best for pies. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.



Morse's Marrow Pumpkin

RHUBARB

A rich, sandy soil, wet but well drained, is best for Rhubarb. While it is frequently propagated from seed, only a percentage comes true, but it is cheaper to grow from seed and discard untrue plants. The popular method, however, is to use young plants propagated from the crown. Set plants 3 feet by 6. The best stems are produced the second year, but it continues to produce for several years. When the blossom stalk appears, it should be cut back well into the ground. Set the crowns of the plants so that they are 2 inches under the surface of the soil. This is important. Choose a place where the soil will be moist at all times.

Crimson Winter. A variety of fine flavor. Produces small, crimson stems very early in s1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00.

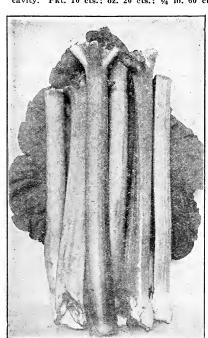
MYATT'S VICTOR'A. A very large, late variety with green stalks. It comes fairly true from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

WAGNER'S GIANT, or GIANT CRIMSON WINTER. Average stem is $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet long and weighs $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. This splendid Rhubarb sends up its stalks very early, like the Crimson Winter, from which it is derived. The stalks are double the size of the Crimson Winter, which they otherwise resemble. Pkt. 15 cts.; 02. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$15.00

STRAWBERRY RHUBARB. Roots only.

Rhubarb Roots and all other vegetable plants and roots will be found listed on page 17.

Books Special Vegetable. Flower and Nursery Books, for California conditions will be found listed on page 29.



Giant Crimson Winter Rhubarb

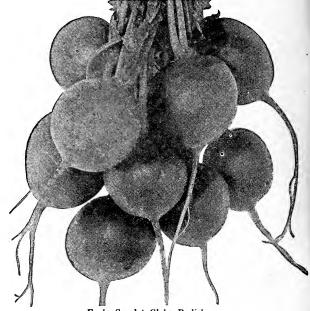
RADISH

Of easiest culture. In good rich soil the earliest varieties will produce roots for the table within three weeks' time, although it is customary to expect maturity in a month and a half. Sow the seed thinly, using two-thirds of an ounce to 100 feet of row. Have the plants moderately thin in the row so that roots will not be crowded. Summer varieties may be sown all spring and well into the summer. Winter varieties require some time to mature and the seed should be sown in August and September for good Radishes in November and December.

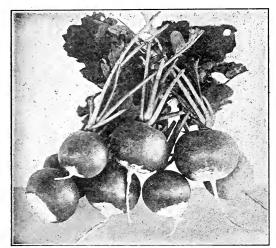
SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIPPED, or ROSY GEM. A most attractive and popular variety. It is globe-shaped, bright rose carmine with bottom and tip clear white. Very small foliage. Valuable for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

CRIMSON GIANT FORCING. The roots are top-shaped, 1% inches in diameter, solid crisp tender flesh. Remains in edible condition for a long time. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Excellent either for forcing or out door culture. Small turnip roots of a solid crimson color with white flesh of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.



Early Scarlet Globe Radish



Scarlet Turnip White Tipped Radish

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. See illustration. Very popular for both forcing and out door culture. It is of very quick growth, bright scarlet color, and of very crisp mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

FRENCH BREAKFAST. Oval or oblong in shape. Roots 2 inches long of a bright rose color with bottom of root and tail pure white. A very attractive variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

HALF LONG. The variety most largely used by market gardeners in California. Roots about 3 inches long, tapering. Color clear carmine. Hardy and very quick growing. Remains in marketable condition for a long time before getting pithy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

LONG WHITE ICICLE. The almost crystalline white roots are 5 inches long and most brittle and crisp. It matures quickly and its fine qualities make it very desirable for successive sowings. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

LONG SCARLET. The best known and most popular long variety. Color bright carmine. Flesh brittle and firm. Root, 6 inches long, the top part growing out of the ground about 1 inch. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

CHARTIER. One of the best summer varieties. The long roots are of a bright rose with lighter colored tip. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25. WHITE VIENNA, or LADY FINGER. Produces long white roots, which are very crisp and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75. CHINESE ROSE WINTER. A bright scarlet winter variety. About 4 inches

long; stump-rooted; white fleshed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

CHINESE WHITE WINTER, or CELESTIAL (California Mammoth White Winter). The well-known and popular winter variety. The half stumproots are clear white and the flesh is the most crystalline of all winter varieties. Roots may be used all winter long as they keep in fine condition. Makes a most palatable dish when cooked and served like turnips. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

LONG BLACK SPANISH. A winter variety with almost black skin and white flesh. Roots about 6 inches long. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.;

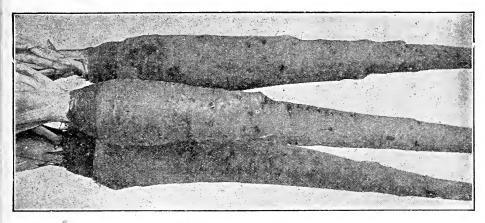
lb. \$1.50.

LONG WHITE JAPANESE. A winter variety frequently growing 2 feet long and about 3 inches in diameter. The white flesh is solid, tender and very pungent. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. S1.00; lb. S3.00.

SIBERIAN. An early growing variety with flesh of a texture similar to the winter varieties. It produces the bright rose roots about 5 weeks after sowing the seed and these usually remain in excellent condition for 4 to 6 weeks. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.



Chartier Radish



Salsify-Mammoth Sandwich Island

SALSIFY or Vegetable Oyster

A loose, light soil, especially sandy loam, is desirable for a long, smooth root. In stiff soils the roots are usually uneven and hard to dig. Use one ounce for 100 feet of row, and thin to two inches to prevent crowding. Plant in 12 to 15-inch rows.

M A M M O T H SANDWICH ISLAND. The improved large-rooted variety, growing about 12 inches long and being from 1 to 2 inches thick. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

SORREL

The large leaves when cooked like spinach make a very palatable vegetable. In California it grows luxuriantly, spreads rapidly from the root, and becomes an obnoxious weed unless given attention. A confined location in the garden is therefore recommended.

LARGE-LEAVED FRENCH. The variety having the largest leaves and therefore the most desirable. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

SPINACH

An easily-grown plant, the seed of which may be planted in the fall to secure good Spinach early in the spring or even throughout the winter. The better and richer the soil, the larger and more tender the leaves will be. As a field crop for the market garden use 8 pounds of seed per acre; for the home garden use 1 ounce for 100 feet of row.

Prices are postpaid to Fourth Zone. Write us for prices on large quantities.

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY. The variety most generally used in the East and especially throughout the South for shipping. Leaves large, round, and thick, very much savoyed and rich deep green. One of the earliest varieties. Seed round. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

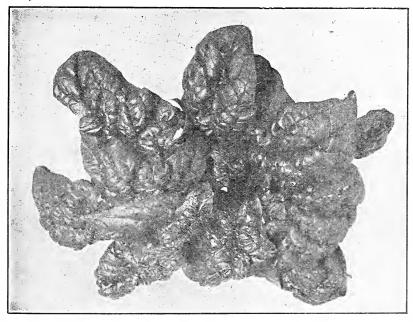
LONG STANDING. A deep green variety with rather elongated smooth leaves. Seed round. Stands a long time without running to seed even in hot weather. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; lb. 85 cts.

NEW ZEALAND. A plant with thick, fleshy texture and soft crystalline leaves. Is not like the ordinary Spinach in appearance, and will stand heat well. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25.

PRICKLY. The variety commonly used for market in California. Is very hardy and easily grown; bears large, smooth leaves, which are shaped like an arrow point. A fine winter and spring variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

Morse's Dark Green Prickly.

Special selected stock. A very great improvement over the ordinary type.
Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.



Bloomsdale Savoy Spinach

Round, Thick-leaved A large-leaved, bright green variety. Leaves rather smooth and rounded at the top. A good variety for late spring and summer. Seed round. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

SQUASH

Five or six hills of bush Squashes will supply a family. The Squashes keep coming one after the other during the entire summer. Do not sow the seed

until all danger of frost is over.

Put a spadeful of well-rotted manure in each hill and dig it in well. Sow eight to ten seeds in a space one foot in diameter and later thin to the best three plants. Bush Squashes should be in hills four feet apart; use four ounces of seed to 100 hills. Winter varieties with long vines should be planted in hills six to eight feet apart; eight ounces of seed will plant 100 hills; two to three pounds per acre. Winter Squashes do not mature until late in the fall, and having a very firm, hard shell, keep well. With a little care, Squashes can be had all winter and until late in the spring. In gathering winter Squashes, it is important to keep the stems from being broken off.

SUMMER VARIETIES—Eat When Young

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. A very early variety, with flat, white, scalloped Squashes 4 to 6 inches in diameter. The vine is bushy in habit and rather dwarf. This variety is the common "Patty Pan" Squash. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

EARLY BUSH SCALLOP, MORSE'S FIXED BUSH STRAIN. For description, see page 3.

VEGETABLE, or ITALIAN MARROW (Cocozelle Bush). The very earliest of all the Squashes. Although usually eaten when quite small, still is good for the table when nearly full grown; has a distinct flavor. The color is a dark green at first, but changes to a lighter green as it matures. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW SUMMER CROOKNECK SOVASH

YELLOW SUMMER CROOKNECK. The well-known summer variety. Fruit long; skin very much warted, bright golden yellow. Very fine and tender when young. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

WINTER VARIETIES

DES MOINES or TABLE QUEEN. A small, deep green, acorn shaped, winter Squash. The vines run but can be planted considerably closer together than the Hubbard type, and do not seem to be attacked by squash bugs, which are so destructive to other varieties. Is very productive; flesh is orange yellow. The fruit is just the right size to half and bake for individual portions. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

BOSTON MARROW. A popular variety, with large oval fruit. Skin bright reddish orange with light cream netting. Flesh orange. Fine grained and of excellent quality. This is the most popular variety for canning. The principal variety used by California Canners. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

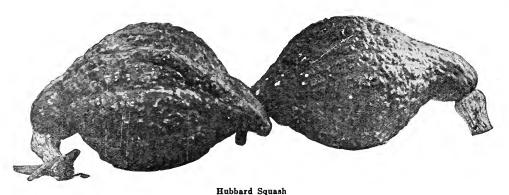
DELICIOUS. This is a splendid variety, more like the Hubbard than any other, but surpasses it in some respects for home use, as it is not quite so large. The shell is not so hard, the meat is thicker, and of extra fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

ESSEX HYBRID or HARD SHELL TURBAN. Quick growing and produces the hard-shelled fruit freely. Price Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

FORDHOOK. A good variety for early winter or even summer use. The fruit is oblong, slightly ridged; is creamy yellow outside and the flesh is thick, and when cooked is of most delicious flavor. Is solid and is a splendid keeper; 10 inches long. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

GOLDEN HUBBARD. An exceptionally attractive variety of the true Hubbard type. At maturity the color is red and the flesh bright orange. The vine is productive and the fruit is fit for use earlier than the Hubbard. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

Hubbard. The most popular and widely used of the winter Squashes. Fruit is oblong and pointed, heavily warted, dark green in color, with orange-colored flesh, which is of fine texture and deliciously flavored. Is remarkable for its keeping qualities. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.



PERFECT GEM, or CREAM. Long-keeping winter Squash, 4 to 6 inches in diameter; apple-shaped, distinctly ribbed with smooth, cream-colored skin. Is solid and rather hard, but bakes to a delicious soft consistency on the inside. Although a small variety, it is a great keeper. It is used both as a summer Squash and as a winter sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

TOMATO

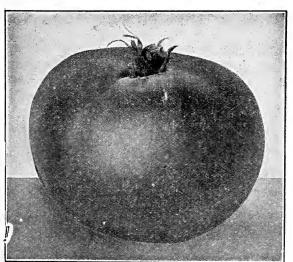
Probably the most popular home garden vegetable as a very few plants will produce through a long season an ample supply for a large family.

Sow the seed thinly in a well-protected hotbed about March 1st. The first transplanting should take place when the plants are large enough to handle and at this stage the plants should be placed 5x5 inches apart in either boxes or directly in the hotbed. The plants may be made hardier and stockier by exposing them to the air on days when there is no danger from frost. It is not safe to set out the plants in their permanent place until May 1st, as they are extremely sensitive to frost.

In the field, set tall varieties 6 feet apart and dwarf varieties 4 feet apart. A slight trellis is advisable in the garden. Good soil produces the best fruit, but it is not necessary that it be excessively rich. Too frequent watering, especially spraying the plant, is injurious to Tomatoes in the home garden, but a moderate amount of water should be applied at the roots at regular intervals.

PRICES GIVEN BELOW ARE POSTPAID TO FOURTH ZONE

- Avon Early A very early scarlet-fruited variety of the Earliana type. The fruits are bright scarlet, of medium size, very solid, almost globular in shape, and very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- BONNY BEST. An early, scarlet-fruited Tomato. It is smooth, very even in size, very solid, and also very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- Chalk's Early Jewel A wonderful new variety in that it is early and bears continuously throughout the season. The fruit is large, smooth, uniform, and well ripened clear to the stem, and the flavor and quality are especially fine. Color bright scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- DWARF CHAMPION. A dwarf variety, sometimes called the "Tree Tomato," on account of its upright growth and its ability to stand alone without trellising. Fruit medium-sized, smooth, uniform, and of a purplish carmine color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- JOHN BAER. It is similar to Chalk's Early Jewel; prolific and of best quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- EARLIANA. A large, smooth, bright scarlet Tomato. Very valuable for early market use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- EARLY DETROIT. Uniformly smooth fruits, round, firm and of good quality. Pink or purple in color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- GOLDEN QUEEN. Smooth, large, bright yellow fruit of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.



Morse's San Jose Canner Tomato

- LIVINGSTON'S GLOBE. Perfectly round; medium size; flesh solid; a great shipper. The color is purplish red. A main-crop sort raised for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- MATCHLESS. One of the best scarlet fruited main crop varieties. The large fruits are solid, ripen well and are of finest flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- MORSE'S SAN JOSE CANNER. (Our Home Grown.) The largest smooth Tomato in existence. The first setting will average about a pound apiece. Vines are productive but compact and can be set a little closer than other late varieties. The fruit is very large, smooth, solid and a fine scarlet color. The best all-round home garden Tomato for California. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; ¼ lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.
- NORTON. (Our Home Grown.) A Tomato very similar to Stone. Selected, bred and developed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture for its wilt-resistant qualities. We have selected, on our own farm, the large fruit from the most prolific vines and now have a strain to offer of the very finest quality. Fruit is bright scarlet and globular. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; ¼ lb. \$3.50; lb. \$10.00.
- PONDEROSA. An extremely large, irregular-fruited variety. Vine tall; fruit very solid, purplish carmine in color, rather coarse and late, and very acid in flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.20; lb. \$6.50.
- STONE. (Our Home Grown.) One of the best main-crop Tomatoes for all purposes and largely used for canning and shipping. Vines are tall and prolific. Fruit is smooth, large, and uniform and color bright scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.
- TROPHY. For main crop. The fruits are rather flat; scarlet in color, solid and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

SMALL FRUITED VARIETIES

Used only for making preserves or fancy pickles.

RED PEAR-SHAPED. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50.

YELLOW PEAR-SHAPED. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

YELLOW PLUM. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

HUSK TOMATO or GROUND CHERRY. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

TOMATO SPECIAL EARLY, No. 498. For description, see page 4.

TURNIPS

Turnips grown quickly so that they are tender, make a delicious vegetable. The home gardener can give them easily that extra care needed to bring them to perfection. The requirements are for a rapid, uninterrupted growth, and for moist, well-worked soil. In Alaska Turnips reach perfection, and all over our coast they are excellent. Sow in early spring and again in August. This latter gives roots for winter. Put the rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and thin to 5 to 8 inches. Do not transplant except when very young and that should not be necessary. One ounce of seed sows 250 feet of row.

AMBER. or YELLOW GLOBE. Skin a clear yellow; is of large size and fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

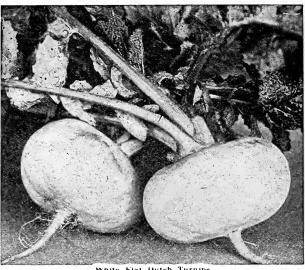
EARLY SNOWBALL. A medium, pure white, globe-shaped variety.

Very solid and of finest quality for table. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

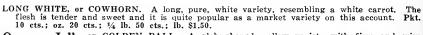
Early White Flat Dutch A medium-sized flat variety; clear white, early, and of fine flavor.

A fine table variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; lb.

EXTRA-EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN. A very early variety, medium-sized, very flat, and white with purple top. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb. \$2.00.



White Flat Dutch Turnips



Orange Jelly or GOLDEN BALL. A globe-shaped, yellow variety with firm and crisp yellow flesh. A very fine table variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE. Large white variety, used largely for stock feeding. Is globe-shaped; large leaves; hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

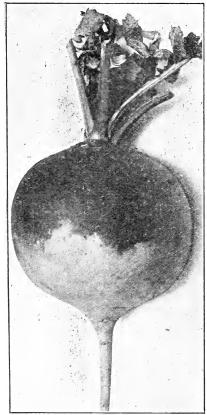
Purple-Top White Globe. Flesh white, firm, and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 16. \$1.00.

PURPLE-TOP FLAT DUTCH. One of the most largely used varieties. Flat with purple top. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

PURPLE-TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN. A medium-sized variety, generally used for stock-feeding. Is yellow, with purple top. Flesh light yellow. A winter variety, seed of which can be sown in summer. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

SEVEN TOP. For greens. Cultivated for its leaves. Cooked same as spinach and mustard. The root is small and not used. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

WHITE EGG. A small, early, oblong variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1,25.



Purple-Top White Globe Turnip

Ruta Baga, or Swedes

These are grown very extensively for stock feeding and make an excellent and valuable crop. Treatment same as for winter turnips, but require a longer season to grow, and the seed should be planted early in July. The rows should be at least two and one-half feet apart, and the plants thinned to eight or twelve inches. The roots frequently grow to enormous size.

American Purple-Top or LONG ISLAND. One of the best and most popular varieties, with yellow flesh. It is yellow below ground, with purple top above, and the leaves are small. A good stock-feeding or table variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

LARGE WHITE, or SWEET RUSSIAN. A very large variety, with white skin and white flesh, which is tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

MONARCH, or TANKARD. Roots oval in shape and very large. Flesh, yellow; skin, yellow below ground and purple above. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

YELLOW PURPLE TOP SWEDE. The well-known and most commonly used variety. Roots, globular; skin, yellow under ground and purple above. Flesh of fine flavor. Valuable for either table use or stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

Tobacco

Sow early in frames or seed-beds and transplant when weather has become warm and frost has passed. Set in 4-foot rows, 30 inches apart.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF. Specially adapted to making cigars. Very hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50.

HAVANA (Domestic). Thin leaves of fine texture. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50.

VUELTO DE ABAJO (Imported Havana). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.25. WHITE BURLEY. Recommended for fillers. Pkt. 10 cta.: oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.50.

CLLOW PRYOR. A good manufacturing variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; 1/4 lb. \$3.35. YELLOW PRYOR.

KENTUCKY YELLOW. Makes a good filler. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.35.

TURKISH. For manufacturing purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. \$1.00; 1/4 lb. \$3.35.

MORSE'S SEED POTATOES

Owing to the great demand for Good Quality Seed Potatoes, we have this year had grown for us by one of the best growers in the state, the following varieties. These Potatoes are grown near the coast in Northern California. The cool coast climate is ideal for Potato culture, and produces strong, vigorous Seed Potatoes.

All of our stock has been carefully rogued and not only all the mixtures taken out, but all the weak hills too. This

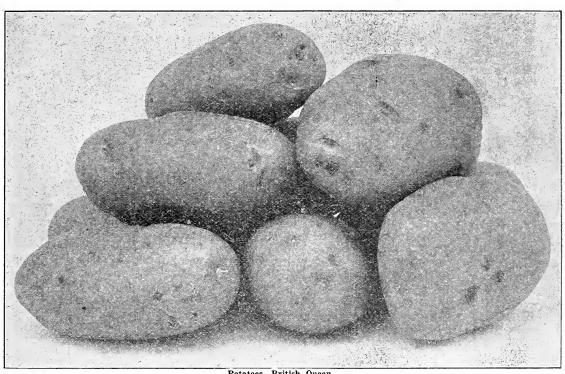
insures uniform stock.

Where soil is rich and deep, Potatoes may be planted as close as 12 or 14 inches in the row, with rows 24 inches apart, but of course where they are planted in larger acreages cultivation will have to be done by horse labor, and the

rows should be about 36 inches apart.

In coast regions of California, planting may begin in early winter months, but in most districts February to March is best. Second-crop plantings are usually begun in July. Early Potatoes require about 75 to 90 days for a matured crop, while late varieties will take from 110 to 130 days, according to variety and district. Prices given are subject to market fluctuations.

All Potatoes are priced f. o. b. San Francisco, but where small quantities are required by mail, add extra postage at the rate according to the zone you live in from San Francisco. Zone rates will be found on page 2. Any information pertaining to the cultivation, storage, etc., will be gladly given if you will write us.



Potatoes, British Queen

BRITISH QUEEN

This is the best Potato for most sections of California. Our strain came from England and has had constant hill selection ever since, giving us a very prolific and diseaseresisting Potato, which stands alone on its merits in this state. It is oval in shape and has cream skin with white flesh. Very shallow eyes. Can be planted as an early Potato and dug while tops are green, although in many sections it is planted as a main-crop variety. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$2.15; 100 lbs.

NIELSEN'S AMERICAN WONDER

This stock has been hill-selected for eight years until it really does not resemble the ordinary American Wonder Potato. They come in good uniform type and are excellent for light soils and can be planted very close together. Matures in about 100 days. Can highly recommend this variety. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$2.15; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

RED PRIZETAKER

OR IMPROVED EARLY RED ROSE

A wonderful improvement over the Early Rose. Oval in shape with deep pink skin and snow-white flesh. Yields excellently and matures in 90 to 100 days. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$2.15; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

WHITE ROSE

This is the long, white-skinned variety used so much in the South. Matures very early. A wonderful good cropper and cooker. Our strain is of the very best picked stock. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$2.15; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

WHITE BURBANK LOW TOP

Selected stock of this well-known, oblong, smooth, white-skinned Potato, a main-crop variety. Very heavy yielder. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$2.15; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

PLANTING TABLE FOR

		Quantity of Seed	General Time of Sowing	Time of Sowing about
97 * 4	Quantity of Seed for	Needed for 1 Acre.	Where Winters Are	San Francisco and
Variety	100 ft. of Row	Field Culture	Cold	Central Cal.
ARTICHOKE	½ oz. (3 pkts.)	6 oz. T.	Early Spring.	September to January. T.
" Plants (Globe)		2904 plants	Spring.	January to March.
" (Jerusalem)	3 lbs.	5-7 sacks	Spring.	February to May.
ASPARAGUS (Seed)		1 lb. in seed bed. T.	Early Spring.	February to April. T.
" (Plants)		1,800-3.000	Early Spring.	December to April.
BEANS, Bush	About 1 lb.	50 lbs. 25 lbs.	Late Spring. Late Spring.	April to August. S. April 15th to August. S.
" Pole	8 oz. 2 oz.	7 lbs.	Spring.	All year round. S.
BROCCOLI	14 oz. (1 pkt.)	2-3 oz. T.	Spring.	Late summer.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	1/4 oz. (2 pkts.)	2-3 oz. T.	Early Spring.	an. to March—July to Aug. T.
CABBAGE	1/4 oz. (1 pkt.) 1/4 oz. (2 pkts.) 1/4 oz. (2 pkts.)	2-3 oz. T.	Early Spring.	Jan. to April—July to Oct. T.
CARROT	l oz.	2½ lbs.	Spring. Early Spring.	All year round. S. June to January.
CELERY	½ oz. ½ oz. (2 pkts.)	2 oz. T. 2 oz. T.	Spring (rather late),	January to June. T.
CHERVIL	1 oz. (2 pk ts.)	2 02. 1.	Early Spring.	February to May.
CHICORY	1/4 oz. (1 pkt.)	4 lbs.	Early Spring.	February to April.
COLLARDS	½ oz. (1 pkt.) ½ oz. (1 pkt.)	2-3 oz. T.	Early and Late Spring.	All year round.
CORN SALAD	2 oz.		Early Spring and Late Summer.	March and April—Sept. to Nov.
CORN	1½ lbs. per 100 hills	15 lbs.	Late Spring.	April 20th to July 15th.
CUCUMBER	½ oz. (2 pkts.)	3 lbs.	Late Spring. Spring.	April 15th to June 15th. May and June.
DANDELION		4 oz. T.	Early Spring in Hot-bed.	February to April. T.
ENDIVE	1 oz.	4 lbs.	Larry Spring in 1100-bed.	July to October.
HORSE RADISH	70 roots		Spring.	January to May.
KALE	1/4 oz. (1 pkt.)	2 lbs.	Spring.	January to April—July to Oct.
KOHL RABI	1/4 oz. (1 pkt.)	4 lbs.	Early Spring	January to May-July to Oct.
LEEK	½ oz.	4 lbs.	Early Spring	January to March.
LETTUCE	½ oz. (3 pkts.) ½ oz. (3 pkts.)	4 lbs.	Early and Late Spring.	All year round. S.
MUSKMELON		8 lbs. 2-4 lbs.	Late Spring and Early Summer.	April 20th to June. May to June.
WATERMELON		2-4 lbs. 2-3 lbs.	Late Spring. Spring.	February to May.
MUSTARDOKRA		8 lbs.	Late Spring.	April 15th to June.
ONION	½ oz.	4 lbs.	Early Spring.	November to March.
PARSLEY	¼ oz. (1 pkt.) ¼ oz. (2 pkts.)	3 lbs.	Spring.	All year round.
PARSNIP	½ oz. (2 pkts.)	3 lbs.	Early Spring.	March to June.
PEAS		60-125 lbs. 3 oz. T.	Early and Late Spring. Early Spring in Hot-bed.	All year round. S.
PEPPER		5-6 sacks	Late Spring in Hot-bed.	February to March. T. January to May.
POTATO, IrishSweet		9,680 plants	Late Spring.	samuary to may.
PUMPKIN	1	3 or 4 lbs.	Late Spring.	May to June.
RADISH		10 lbs.	Spring. S.	All year round. S.
RHUBARB	. ½ oz.	1 lb.	Spring.	February to May. T.
" Roots		2,420	Early Spring.	January to April.
SALSIFY		8 lbs. 8 lbs.	Early Spring. Early Spring and Fall.	February to May, All year round, S.
SOUASH	1 oz.	2-3 lbs.	Late Spring and Fan.	May to June.
TOMATO	% oz. (1 pkt.)	2 oz. T.	Early Spring in Hot-beds.	February to May. T.
TURNIP		3-4 lbs.	Spring and Summer.	August to April. S.
	1	1	I .	

GENERAL NOTES

The information given here is as accurate as can be gathered, allowing for the different ways of planting and different distances practiced in various parts of the coast. The usual distances are here given and the planter must use his judgment for his particular case. Where garden cultivation is by wheel hoe, the greater distance is better employed, and where it is by hand work, the small distance or even less may be better. If the patch will be cultivated by horse, the distances in the field culture column should be used.

The depth at which to plant seed cannot be given more than approximately because it varies so much with the condition of the moisture in the soil and the time of year. All seeds must have air, moisture and heat to germinate. Five times the diameter of the seed is approximately right for good conditions, but for sowing in the rainy season and in wet soils that is too deep, and for sowing the same seed in the dry season it is too shallow. For field culture, sow comparatively deep late in spring and when the ground is becoming dry. The Seed Drill must get the seed to moist earth, and if rain is not expected it must be rolled or otherwise well firmed to get the soil packed tightly around. This will aid germination greatly. Firm only lightly soils which are heavy or wet. Seed to be sown in dry soil may be soaked for two or three hours only in tepid water to hasten it. Such seed will not then go through a drill.

"S" placed in the column of "Time for Sowing about San Francisco and Central California," means that those sorts are sown for succession. Usually the plantings are made two weeks apart. Other sorts are often planted early and again late for crops at two different seasons.

"T," placed in the same column of "Time for sowing about San Francisco," means that those sorts are always started

in boxes or beds and later transplanted.

"T," placed in the column of "Quantity of Seed Needed for 1 Acre," is to mark those sorts which are usually sown in beds and later transplanted to the garden, and always transplanted to the field. These are sown without heat or with but very little, excepting Egg Plant, Pepper and Tomato, which require heat to do well.

MORSE'S VEGETABLE SEEDS

	Crop Matures	Depth to		Culture" Cultivation	"Garder For Hand	Culture" Cultivation
Variety	(In About)	Plant	Put Rows Apart	Leave Plants Apart in Rows	Put Rows Apart	Leave Plants Apart in Rows
ARTICHOKE	Second Spring.	1"	5 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.	2-3 ft.
" Plants (Globe).	Next Spring.		5 ft.	3 ft.	4 ft.	2-3 ft.
" (Jerusalem)	Late Summer.	2-3"	4 ft.	3 ft.	2 ft.	1-2 ft.
ASPARAGUS (Seed)	Third Spring.	1"	1-2 ft. in bed	3"	1 ft.	3-5"
" (Plants)	Next Spring.	3-5"	7 or 8 ft.	2 or 3 ft.	2 ft.	15-20"
BEANS, Bush	45-65 days.	1/2-2"	24-30"	4"	18-24"	3-4"
" Pole	75 days, up.	1-2"	36" -	4-6" 6-10"	3-4 ft. hills	3-4 ft
BEETS	65 days, up.	3/4-2"	20-24"		12-18"	2-4"
BROCCOLI	6 months.	1½" 1½"	36"	2 to 2½ ft.	24-30"	12-18"
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	6 months.	½"	30-36"	16-24"	24-30" 24-30"	16-24"
CABBAGE	90-150 days.	1,727,	30-36"	15-18"	12-18"	12-18"
CARROT	Early.	1/2" 1/2" 1/4" 1/4" 1/4" 3/4" 1/2"	22-28" 30-36"	24-30"	24-30"	14-18"
CAULIFLOWER	110 days.	14,0		6"	18-20"	6"
CELERY	6 months.	1 % l	4 ft.	4"	18-20"	3-4"
CHERVIL	Early.	120	30-36" 30-36"	6-10"	18-20"	2-4"
CHICORY	4 months.	172 "	30-36"	15-18"	18-20"	14-18"
COLLARDS		½-1"	30"	4"	12-18"	2"
CORN SALAD	100 days. 80-100 days.	72-1 1-2"	36-42"	30-36"	36" hills	24-30"
CORN		1 -9"	6 ft.	4-6"	4-6 ft.	4 ft. hills
CUCUMBER	6 months.	1/4-1/2"	30"	8-12"	18-24"	8"
DANDELION	160 days, up.	1/1/	30-36"	18-24"	24-30"	18"
EGG PLANT		1/4" 1/2-1"	30"	8-12"	18"	8-10"
ENDIVE HORSERADISH	8 months.	4"	30-40"	16-20"	24-30"	14"
KALE	45 days.	1/2"	30-36"	18-24"	18-24"	18-24"
KALE	10 days.	'-				or broadcast in beds
KOHL RABI	4 months.	1½" 1½" 1½" 1¼"	24-30"	4-8"	18"	4-6"
LEEK	Late Summer.	1/2"	22-28"	5"	12-14"	4"
LETTUCE	65 days, up.	14"	22"	6-12"	15-18"	4-6"
MUSKMELON	120-140 days.	1-2"	6-8 ft.	4 ft.	4 to 6 ft. hills	4 to 5 ft.
WATERMELON	120-140 days.	1-2"	8-12 ft.	8 to 10 ft.	8 ft. hills	6 ft.
MUSTARD	Early.	1/4" 1"	30"	4"	12-18"	3" 24"
OKRA	2½ months.] . 1"	4-5 ft.	24-30"	3 ft. 12-14"	4"
ONION	135-150 days.	1/2-1"	22-28" 24-36"	3-6"	12-14"	4"
PARSLEY	Any time.	1/8" 1/4 - 1/3"	24-30"	6-8"	15"	5"
PARSNIP	4 months.	2-4"	24-36"	3-4"	14 and 36"	2"
PEAS	8 to 12 weeks.	1/4"	24-36"	15-18"	18"	14"
PEPPER	130-150 days.	4-8"	3-31/2 ft.	12-18"	30"	18" hills
POTATO, Irish	July to September.	3"	30-36"	18"	30"	10"
" Sweet	100 107 1	1-2"	10 ft.	8 ft.	8 ft. hills	8 ft.
PUMPKIN	100-125 days.	1-2"	22"	2"	12-18"	1 or 11/2"
RADISH	30-45 days. Second Spring.	1/2" 1/2"	6 ft.	3 ft.	12"	4"/2
RHUBARB	Next Spring.	3-4"	6 ft.	3 or 4 ft.	4 ft.	3 ft.
" Roots		1/6-1"	24-30"	3-4"	12-15"	2"
SALSIFY	5 months. 40 to 45 days.	1/2-1"	24-30"	4-6"	12-18"	3-4"
SPINACH			6 to 8 ft.	4 to 8 ft.	8 ft. hills	4 to 6 ft.
SQUASHTOMATO		1/4 - 1/5"	6 ft.	6 ft.	4-6 ft. hills	3-6 ft.
TURNIP	60-75 days.	1/4-1/2"	22-30"	4-8"	10-18"	3-8"
I URNIF	55 .5 day 5.	/* /*				T .

There is inserted a column of comparative dates for those who live in the mountains and where winters are cold. There are three terms used there, which we define as follows:

"Early Spring," means as soon as the buds in the trees begin to swell, and the ground can be worked into gardening condition. This may be in March or April. Frosts have not passed, and such plants, if not too succulent, will stand a frost. "Spring," refers to those vegetables which are not so hardy as the above and which are usually planted later because they do so much better planted later. If, for any reason, early planting is necessary, they can be put in a week after the

foregoing.
"Late Spring," is the time of the year when the ground is well warmed and all frosts are passed. This probably will

be in May.
"Early Summer," means planting in June and July.

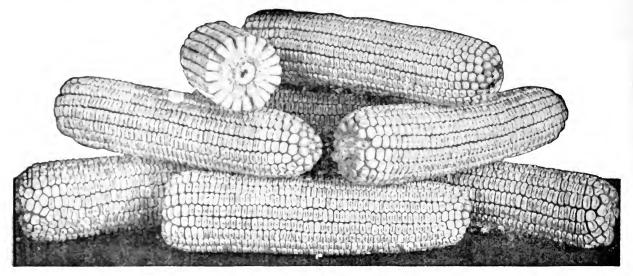
HOT-BEDS for forcing plants are best made in the following manner: Dig out a space the size of your frame to a depth of two feet. Into this put fresh horse manure mixed with a good deal of bedding straw, to a depth of one foot or eighteen inches. Tread this down well and on top spread ten inches of good soil mixed with sand. The frame is just four sides of one-inch board and made to slope toward the south from eighteen inches at back, fifteen to twelve inches at front. The distance from front to back is three feet and the frame is as long as required. Put over this, glazed sash which can be hinged at back. This sash is raised during the day to prevent the bed over-heating and the plants from growing tall, spindly and weak. The sash must be white-washed or covered with a sack if the sun gets too hot. Sow the seed in rows from front to back, and they will quickly start. Care must be taken to give ventilation each day, or the plants will damp off, and when ready to plant out, lift the sash higher each succeeding day, so as to harden the plants. Water most carefully. Set the frame in a sunny spot sheltered from the prevailing winds.

For our California conditions, that is but very slight cold, the bed does not need to be so hot. Mix the fresh horse manure with a good amount of chaff or dry leaves so that it will be less hot. Also sow the seed in little boxes, about eighteen by fifteen inches, in prepared light soil. These boxes make the plants easy to handle and the boxes can be raised and a board put under them if the ground becomes too hot. There is also an advantage in using cloth instead of glass to cover the frame as this is less liable to let the plants over-heat. A cold frame is the same as a hot bed placed on the even ground and in which no horse manure has been added to give heat. This is good to start early Cabbage and the other

early vegetable plants, except Egg Plant, Pepper and Tomato.

FIELD CORN

All prices quoted below are postpaid to the Fourth Zone. Write us for prices on larger quantities.



White-Cap Yellow Dent Field Corn

EARLY EIGHT-ROWED CANADA. Also known as the Yellow Flint. A rapid-growing, early variety, and for this reason largely used for replanting. Very valuable where the seasons are short. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

EARLY ADAMS. Although not a Sweet Corn, can often be used as a table Corn on account of its fine, white kernels, which are quite sweet and tender. Is very hardy and can be planted earlier than the early varieties of Sweet Corn. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

MINNESOTA 13. An early, heavy-producing yellow Dent Corn adapted especially to the Pacific Northwest. Matures in 90 to 100 days. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

Early Golden Dent or Pride of the North A very early Dent variety, and especially valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Deep yellow grains. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

KING PHILIP. An old New England favorite. The ears are long and the variety is very early and a heavy bearer; copper-red in color. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

Leaming A very popular, tall-growing variety. Stalks are leafy, making excellent fodder. Kernels are long and deep golden yellow. Ears large and produced in abundance. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

Morse's Hybrid Yellow Flint Corn This may well be called the climated and bears well in California. The ears are solid and heavy and perfectly filled. The leaves are wide and large, making it a good silo Corn. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

WIHITE-CAP YELLOW DENT. An early and hardy variety, growing 6 to 7 feet in height. Ears are 8 to 10 inches in length. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

SANFORD WHITE FLINT. An early, tall variety bearing large ears which are well filled with large, pure white kernels. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

WISCONSIN WHITE DENT. A tall-growing variety; larger eared; 16 to 18 rowed; grains large and white. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.15.

POPCORN, WHITE RICE. Very prolific; ears short, kernels long, resembling rice in shape; color white. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

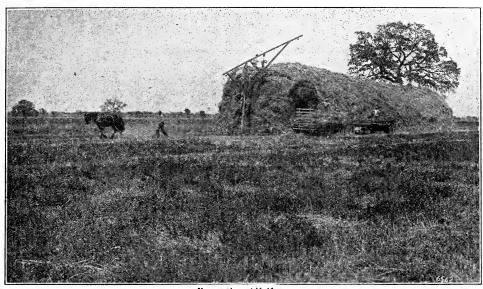
TAMALE, or PARROT CORN. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.



Morse's Hybrid Yellow Plint Corn

MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS

To those who purchase seeds in large quantities we shall be pleased to quote Special Prices at any time. First-class vegetables are produced by using first-class strains that come true to name.



Harvesting Alfalfa

ALFALFA

Put some land into Alfalfa and reap the profits of present high prices. The land should be prepared by deep plowing and thorough harrowing, and should be well drained, for Alfalfa will not stand moisture too close to the surface.

It can be either drilled or broadcasted in, and from 15 to 25 pounds per acre is required. It is best to sow in the fall or spring. Before offering our seed for sale we determine the purity by Government test, to make certain that it is absolutely free from any injurious weeds.

Write us for special prices on larger quantities

EXTRA-CHOICE RECLEANED ALFALFA. Known also as Chilian Alfalfa. The best acclimated sort, and recommended for all-round growing. Yields very heavily. We are always prepared to quote the lowest market prices for seed. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.
GRIMM ALFALFA. This is the hardiest strain of Alfalfa

GRIMM ALFALFA. This is the hardiest strain of Alfalfa there is and will stand the cold winters even of Minnesota. Ours is the genuine stock. Extra hardy in cold or dry places. Sow 12 pounds of seed per acre. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.00.

PERUVIAN ALFALFA. Smooth Strain. Grows very quickly and yields heavily. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

HAIRY PERUVIAN. This is a wonderful Alfalfa. It starts to grow while the weather is yet cool and makes one or more additional cuttings a season. This gives a much larger tonnage—sometimes 20 per cent more. The leaves and stems are covered with fine downy hairs. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

CLOVER SEED

Prices on Clovers, Grasses and Field Seeds may change as the season advances. Prices here given are those prevailing at the time this catalogue was published.

We shall be pleased to quote you current prices on larger quantities and send samples if desired.

The prices given below are postpaid to Fourth Zone, but are subject to market fluctuation.

- ALSIKE, or SWEDISH CLOVER (Trifolium hybridum). A perennial variety, sometimes preferred to Red Clover, as it is generally finer and makes better hay for horses. The blossoms are also valuable for bees. Alsike succeeds on wet, cold and stiff soils. Sow 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.50.
- BOKHARA, or SWEET CLOVER (Melilotus alba). Grows 3 to 5 feet high, covered with small white flowers of great fragrance. A great bee-plant and good also for cattle pasture and for hay. Bokhara roots deeply and is a very hardy grower. It grows abundantly in Nevada; stands drought. It is a biennial which reseeds itself. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

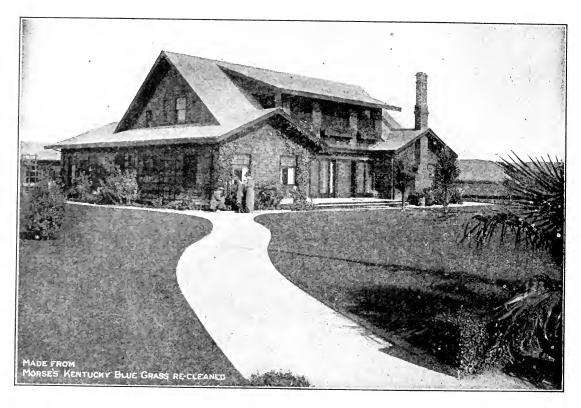
- CRIMSON, or ITALIAN (Trifolium incarnatum). An annual variety, growing 20 to 30 inches high. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- MAMMOTH RED, or SAPLING (Trifolium pratense). Similar to Red Clover, but coarser, taller, and more hardy. Sow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.
- BITTER CLOVER (Melilotus indica). Not good for forage or hay, but is the cheapest and one of the best cover crops. Starts early to grow, and is of good size when ready to plow under; annual. Sow 10 to 15 pounds per acre. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00.
- RED CLOVER (Trifolium pratense). Standard Clover for all purposes. Yields very heavily and makes superior hay, especially if mixed with timothy. Sow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.50.
- WHITE DUTCH (Trifolium repens). Dwarf, spreading, vine-like variety, with white blossoms; used largely for bee-pasture. It is also an excellent pasture plant for either sheep or cattle; makes a beautiful lawn. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$8.50.

GRASSES FOR LAWNS

One pound of seed will sow 125 to 150 square feet of lawn

Bowling-greens, golf-courses, and good lawns require good seed, and care should be taken to plant the right kind of grasses to suit the different soils. Several different mixtures and formulas, such as used for our Morse's Golden Gate Park Lawn Mixture and Morse's California Lawn Mixture, as put up only by us, will give the desired results. We shall be pleased at all times to give all the information we can on the laying-out of lawns and courses.

Owing to market fluctuations, please write us for prices on larger quantities. Prices quoted below are postpaid to Fourth Zone.



- MORSE'S GOLDEN GATE PARK LAWN MIXTURE contains the most hardy grasses which are used to make the sod for the park playgrounds where the grass has to endure much trampling over. The mixture also contains a very little white clover. Lb. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.70.
- MORSE'S CALIFORNIA LAWN MIXTURE. Our best general mixture for fine lawns; contains only the finest-leaved grasses in the correct proportion to make a good, fine, perennially green turf. Lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.
- MORSE'S SPECIAL SHADE MIXTURE. We again offer this mixture for growing under trees, near to houses, and in the shade generally. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$9.00.
- MORSE'S TERRACE MIXTURE. Just the mixture for those dry terrace slopes. Very hardy and drought-resisting. Lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$5.00.
- MORSE'S VELVET LAWN MIXTURE. A lawn grass for wet places. Lb. 70 cts.; 10 lbs. \$6.50.

- MORSE'S PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE. This makes a very springy, fine turf, which will mat and stand lots of hard wear. Lb. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$7.00.
- PACIFIC RYE GRASS (MORSE'S). A fine-leaved Rye Grass, very durable and wonderful on a sandy soil. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.
- PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. For growing quickly this variety has no superior. It is light green in color, very vigorous, grows well in winter, and likes any soil. The most used of any grass around San Francisco. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. Makes an excellent lawn of a dark green color. It forms a fine mat, and with care and water is the best lawn grass for all soils except sandy ones. Lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$5.75.
- WHITE CLOVER. This is the little dwarf-growing Clover used for lawns, either alone or in grass mixtures. Lb. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$8.50.

BOOK ON LAWNS. By Leonard Barron. \$1.60 postpaid.

MORSE'S GRASS SEED

Our Grass Seeds are purchased by us from the best possible source for reliability, and all stock is tested before being offered. Owing to the frequent fluctuation of the market it is advisable to write us for current prices on quantities.

One pound prices given below are postpaid to the Fourth Zone

- PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. Specially selected and recleaned. It is a quick-growing Grass and does well on sandy soils. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- AWNLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus inermis). Will stand droughts and produce heavy crops in dry sections and on poor soils where other grasses perish. It is one of the hardiest growers and succeeds on our dry hillsides. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- BENT GRASS. Mixed. Being of fine texture this Grass is most valuable for lawns and ideal for putting-greens. It is of rapid growth and spreading habit, and makes a strong, enduring turf. Best commercial grade. Lb. \$2.50. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- BERMUDA GRASS (Cynodon Dactylon). Is a dwarf perennial plant and spreads by means of its long and many-jointed root-stalks, and for this reason is hard to eradicate once it has secured a foothold. Thrives during the hottest part of the year, and will live under water for a long time. Makes a durable lawn and is also used to hold embankments. This Grass is much used for lawns about Sacramento. The seed is very slow to germinate and requires heat and moisture. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- CHEWING'S FESCUE (Festuca duriuscula). A variety of Hard Fescue, and used by most golf clubs extensively in their mixtures. Forms a compact mat: stems are hard. The Grass succeeds well even under poor conditions. A good pasture Grass for dry lands. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- ITALIAN RYE GRASS (Lolium italicum). Thrives in almost any soil and yields early and abundant crops. Sown in the fall, will produce an excellent hay crop the following season, but lasts only one year. Much sown in Humboldt County for pasture and hay. Not recommended for lawns. Sow 45 pounds per acre. Lb. 25 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis). Fancy or double, extra clean. As this Grass takes some time to become established, it is preferably sown in mixtures for pasturage. Is truly perennial and prefers lime soils. As a lawn grass it is the finest there is—spreading habit, even texture, permanent, fine leaf and dark color. For pasture sow 50 pounds per acre; for lawns, 6 pounds per 1000 square feet. Lb. 60 cts.; 10 lbs. \$5.75. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- MEADOW FESCUE. or ENGLISH BLUE GRASS (Festuca pratensis). A valuable Grass for permanent pasture and for rather damp meadows for cutting. Makes a quick second growth, but does not do so well on dry soils. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- ORCHARD, OR COCKSFOOT GRASS (Dactylis glomerata). One of the most valuable of all pasture Grasses; produces an immense quantity of forage, and hay of best quality. After being mown, comes up quickly and yields very heavily. Suitable for pasture under trees. Sown in the ashes on cleared redwood land in Humboldt County. Not suitable for lawns, as it grows in tussocks. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00. Write us for prices on larger quantities.

- MESQUITE (Holcus lanatus). Hulled seed. Valuable on the cleared redwood and pine lands of California and Oregon, giving large crops of hay and good pasture. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 35 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- PEARL MILLET (Pencillaria). A perennial plant for fodder. Grows tall and yields an enormous amount of corn-like leaves. Sow in drills or broadcast, using 3 to 5 pounds per acre if in drills, or 25 pounds broadcast. Lb. 35 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (Lolium perenne). It grows rapidly and makes a good showing within a month from time of sowing. The great pasture and meadow grass of Great Britain. Valuable for planting early on dry hillsides, as it grows so very quickly. Not adapted for below zero weather. Sow 45 pounds per acre. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- RED, or CREEPING FESCUE (Festuca rubra). Forms a close, rich sod and is valuable in lawns and should be in shade mixtures. Makes a close, lasting turf on dry sandy soils, and can be used to bind dry banks. Also an excellent bottom Grass for moist mixture. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. \$1.25. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- RED-TOP. or HERD'S GRASS (Agrostis vulgaris). Second only to Timothy as hay Grass, and better if the ground is to be pastured afterward, for Red-Top makes one of the best permanent pastures. Succeeds on all soils, though doing best on moist and even swampy land. A permanent Grass and valuable as a lawn grass giving ouick effect. Sow 40 pounds per acre. Lb. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. \$4.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.
- RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (Agrostis canina). Like Red-Top, this Grass accommodates itself to all soils. Especially valuable for lawns on sand at the sea-coast. It is largely from it that the lawns at Newport are made. Is perennial, dwarf, and makes a beautiful, close turf. Very scarce: write us for prices.
- ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW GRASS (Poa trivialis). Excellent for pastures and meadows, particularly on damp soils. As a lawn Grass it forms a fine turf and does well in shaded locations. Sow 20 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- SHEEP'S FESCUE (Festuca ovina). Short and dense in growth; excellent for sheep pasture because it will thrive on poor, gravelly, shallow or hilly soils where other grasses fail. Not recommended for lawns under ordinary conditions because it bunches. Sow 35 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- SUDAN GRASS. It yields from 2 to 8 tons of hay per acre, depending upon whether irrigated or not. Two cuttings are assured and in places four have been taken. The hay is of superior quality and relished by all stock. Cut with a mower just after full bloom. Plant late in spring after frost is past. If drilled in rows 36 inches apart, you will require 2 to 4 pounds of seed to the acre: if seeded in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, 4 to 6 pounds; if broadcast, 15 pounds. Lb. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.00. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- SWEET-SCENTED VERNAL GRASS (Anthoxanthum odoratum). True Perennial. Emits an agreeable odor which it imparts to hay or to the lawn when being cut. Sow only in mixtures, using 2 or 3 pounds per acre. Lb. \$1.00. Write us for prices on larger quantities.
- TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS (Avena elatior). Of rapid, luxuriant growth during winter and spring, recommended for winter planting

as a valuable pasture and hay grass. It gives a good yield. Sow 50 pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts. Write us for prices on larger quantities.

FIMOTHY (Phleum pratense). Not adapted for pasture, as there is little growth after cutting, and tramping of stock soon destroys it. Not a lawn grass and not adapted to dry soils. Height 2 to 3 feet. Will stand extreme cold and yields very heavily. Often sown with Red-Top and Red Clover. Sow 15 to 20 pounds. Price fluctuates. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50. Write us for

WOOD MEADOW GRASS (Poa nemoralis). A very valuable Grass for growing under trees and in shady places. Lb. \$1.75.

prices on larger quantities.



Sudan Grass

MISCELLANEOUS FARM SEEDS

All our seeds are recleaned and of the best possible grade. Owing to the frequent fluctuations in the prices of Clover and Field Seeds, we do not list large quantity prices, but, if interested, please write us for samples and present quotations. We carry immense stocks of general farm seeds, and are able to quote lowest prices on dependable seeds. The one pound prices given below, are postpaid to Fourth Zone, but are also subject to change.

- ALFILARIA (Erodium cicutarium). One of the most nutritious of fodder plants and well liked by cuttle and horses. Al.ilaria will thrive and make good pasture on dry hillsides. May be found on Mt. Tamalpais as a pasture. Seed mats and must be hand-sown. Mt. Tamalpais as a pasture. Seed Sow 20 pounds per acre. Lb. 75 cts.
- AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semibaccata). A valuable for-age plant for poor soils, especially those containing alkali. Sow seed in the fall to get the benefit of early rains, using 5 pounds per acre. After the plant gets a good start it will grow with very little moisture. In cutting fodder be careful not to injure the crown of the plants. Lb. 75 cts.
- The best and most profitable variety. BUCKWHEAT, COMMON. is earlier than Silver Hulled and usually more productive. Is also excellent for bee-pasture. Plant Buckwheat alter frosts have gone. Valuable for a catch-crop. Sow 25 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.
- NADA FIELD PEAS. A strong, vigorous Pea often planted for green manure to plow under in the spring. Also for mixture in hay or for fodder. Makes an excellent winter growth when sown in fall. Sow 75 pounds per acre broadcast. Lb. 20 cts. Larger quantities on application. CANADA FIELD PEAS. tities on application.
- OWPEAS, BLACK EYE. This is the Common Cowpea extensively grown in the interior valley. It has a long root and stands heat well. Cowpeas are partly hardy to frost—more so than beans. The seed of this sort looks like a bean and is often called Black-Eye Bean. Sow 20 pounds per acre if drilled. Lb. 20 cts.; market varies. COWPEAS, BLACK EYE.
- COWPEAS. WHIPPOORWILL, or SPECKLED. Largely sown to make a rich succulent growth to plow under to enrich the soil. This makes a good long vine. Mixed with soybeans they make an excellent crop. Will grow in an acid soil. Sow 60 pounds per acre if broadcast. Lb. 20 cts.
- IMER. A valuable grain from Russia. It is adapted to a wide range of soils and climate, and is of superior feeding value, yielding much more heavily than oats and barley. This grain grows tall, like much more heavily than oats and barley. This grain grows tall, like rye, matures as early as barley and yields from 40 to 80 bushels to the art and from 4 to 6 tons of straw hay. Tough and hardy, it stands the drought better than any other grain, making it a sure crop. Prepare your land as you would for wheat or oats, and sow at the rate of 75 to 100 pounds per acre. Sow very early in the spring or fall, and do not let it stand until it gets too ripe before cutting, as any grain that yields well, shells easily. In the green state it makes an excellent pasture. Lb. 15 cts.
- ESPARCETTE, or SAINFOIN (Onobrychis sativa). A valuable plant for growing on poor land and barren hills. When once established it lasts for years. Is a leguminous plant, like alfalfa, and has a similar feeding value. Sow seed fairly deep. 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 40 cts.
- HEMP. We carry Oriental Hemp for use as bird-seed. Kentucky Hemp, for fibre purposes, we can quote on request for delivery in 45 days. Lb. 15 cts. Write for prices.
- LLE, JERSEY, or COW. A tall-growing variety having a large bunch of cabbage-like leaves on top of a stout stem. Is much grown for chicken and cow feed. The green feed from these plants is very great, and is borne continuously. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
- MILLET, GERMAN (Panicum germanicum). Will grow on any good land and yields heavily when artificially watered; yields from 40 to 60 bushels of seed per acre, which is excellent food for stock or poultry. A good, green fodder plant. Sow 30 pounds per acre. Lb. poultry. A good, green f 20 cts. Write for prices.

- MILLET, HOG. The seed is large for a Millet and makes a rich food. Good for hogs or chickens. The seed ripens while the stem is yet green, so that if cut promptly you can get a crop of seed and also one of fodder or ensilage. Lb. 20 cts.
- NILES PEAS. Used principally for green manure. Is a strong, vigorous grower, making long vines and good roots. Sow broadcast, using 75 pounds of seed per acre. Lb. 20 cts. Larger quantities on application.
- PASPALUM DILITATUM (Dallis Grass). A new Grass for hot, dry climates. A hardy perennial from Australia, growing 5 feet high without getting tough, and seems to be particularly adapted for grazing dairy cattle. It stands drought remarkably well, shoots rapidly again with the first shower of rain, and is a splendid winter Grass. The seed requires about three weeks of moist, genial weather to germinate it, but once established, it seems to stand anything. Sow 8 or 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 80 cts.
- RAPE, DWARF ESSEX. A biennial crop, used principally for sheep and hog pasture, of which it yields an abundance of the best quality. Is usually sown broadcast, using 4 to 5 pounds per acre. Lb. 25
- SOJA BEAN. Valuable as a forage crop or green manure. Also as a green fodder and silo plant. Sow 30 pounds per acre after danger from frost is past. Lb. 20 cts.
- SUNFLOWER, LARGE RUSSIAN. This bears large heads, frequently NFLOWER, LARGE RUSSIAN. This bears large heads, frequently 12 to 20 inches in diameter and sometimes yielding 1000 pounds of seed per acre. The seed is used for feeding chickens and parrots. Sow in the open field as soon as danger from frost is over, using 3 pounds of seed per acre, sowing in rows 5 feet apart and thinning to 1 foot. Lb. 15 cts. Write for prices.
- TEOSINTE (Reana luxurians). A forage plant somewhat like corn. The seed should not be sown until all danger of frost is past. If cut for green forage, which can be done at any stage during growth, two or more joints should be left at the base of the stalk. These will sprout out 'quickly into fresh growth, making an even larger crop than at first cutting. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, using 4 pounds of seed per acre. Lb. 60 cts.
- VELVET BEAN. Grows taller and larger than any other soil plant, being sometimes 30 feet in length. Sow same as cowpeas, in rows 5 feet apart and in hills 4 feet apart in the row. Lb. 25 cts.
- VETCHES, SPRING or TARES (Vicia sativa). Also called Common Vetch, Oregon Vetch and Oregon Winter. A plant resembling pea vines and valuable for forage or green manure. As a hay crop, it is usually sown with oats or wheat to hold them up. Sow 60 pounds per acre with grain, or 80 to 100 pounds if sown alone. Is hardy and makes a fine winter growth. Largely planted in the orange groves of the South for green manure, and plowed under in the spring. Lb.
- HAIRY, or SAND VETCH (Vicia villosa). Roots deeply and makes a good winter growth. Cut as soon as the blossoms appear. Adapted for sandy soil and cold weather. Lb. 35 cts.
- VETCHES, WINTER, or WOOLY-PODDED (Vicia dasycarpa). A new winter Vetch somewhat similar to Hairy or Sandy Vetch. Very valuable for a cover crop. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

Cover Crop and Green-Manure Crops

- CLOVER, BITTER (Melilotus indica). The crown of the plant has many stalks leading out from it. Sow shallow, 10 to 15 pounds per acre. Flowers yellow. Bitter Clover makes a wonderful winter growth, averaging 14 tons of green growth per acre when allowed to attain full growth. Starts quickly, as it is an annual. Inoculation greatly helps it add nitrogen. The bitter taste prevents use for hay or fodder. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger ouantities.
- BUR CLOVER (Medicago denticulata). Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.
- SPRING VETCH. Lb. 20 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.
- WINTER VETCH (Vicia dasycarpa). For sandy soils this is a splendid sort. It stands cold well and makes a large winter growth, because it starts early. There is no vetch any better than this sort. Sow 40 pounds per acre. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.
- BELL WINDSOR BEANS (Small Seeded Horse Bean). The most valuable green manure crop, grows during cool winter weather when other cover crops are practically dormant. Also an excellent silage crop. See circular No. 257, by Dr. P. B. Kennedy, College of Agriculture, University of California. 10 lbs. \$1.50, postpaid to 3rd zone; 100 lbs. \$12.00, f. o. b. San Francisco.
- CANADA FIELD PEAS. Excellent for cover crop or for forage for cattle. Makes good growth even if planted late. Sow 70 to 80 pounds per acre. Inoculated soils are essential. Lb. 20 cts. Larger quantities on application.
- SWEET, or BOKHARA CLOVER (Melilotus alba). Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.50.

SORGHUMS for Forage and Grain

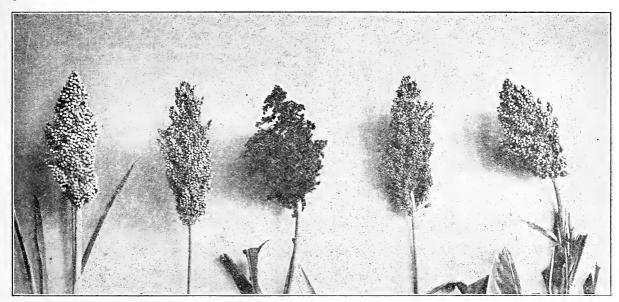
WRITE FOR PRICES ON LARGE QUANTITIES

Deep plowing and thorough harrowing so as to secure the best possible seed-bed. Four pounds of White Milo should be ample per acre; three to four pounds of Feterita. Planting should not be done until the ground has warmed up, which would generally be about the last of April. If a corn-planter is used, the seed should be dropped about 18 inches apart, in the row, the rows being 40 to 44 inches apart. All varieties are non-saccharine event Hopey and Early A major

the row, the rows being 40 to 44 inches apart. All varieties are non-saccharine except Honey and Early Amber.

VARIETY TO PLANT. Some Sorghums require an extra amount of heat to mature grain; these are Kaffir, Shallu, and Honey. Milo, either Red or White, and Feterita are well adapted for the valley around Sacramento. Under irrigation these are exceptionally heavy yielding. If planting late or if moisture is short, plant Egyptian Corn. This will make a

crop with very little moisture.



Dwarf White Milo

Kaffir Corn

Early Amber Sorghum

White Egyptian Corn

Feterita

BROOM CORN (Improved Dwarf Evergreen). Extensively used for making brooms, on account of its green color and fine long, straight brush. It grows about 7 feet high. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.

DWARF WHITE MILO. Succeeds under a wider range of conditions than others of its class. Yields very heavily in grain and also heavily in fodder or silage. Our seed is specially grown and selected for heavy yield. Lb. 15

EGYPTIAN, or JERUSALEM CORN. It is considered a good grain for dry sections and seasons. It produces several small heads on side shoots, often as many as eight heads on a stalk. The seed makes excellent chicken feed. Plant 8 pounds per acre. Lb. 15 cts.

FETERITA. Birds do not eat this grain to the same extent that they do others, and this is a great advantage in some localities. Feterita yields heavily in grain. Plant in May. Lb. 15 cts.

HONEY SORGHUM. (Saccharine.) For Forage and Silage. Grows 8 to 12 feet high and yields up to 27 tons per acre without irrigation, which is a third more than its nearest competitor. Matures late (150 days). Syrup can be made from this sort. Sow 3 to 4 pounds per acre in rows 3 to 6 feet apart. Lb. 20 cts.

RED MILO. Makes many side shoots and is a heavy yielder. Lb. 15 cts.

KAFFIR CORN, WHITE. Grows from 6 to 10 feet high and thrives in hot, dry climates. Makes good fodder for cattle and the seed is used for stock and chicken feed. Sown in rows 3 feet apart, using 3 to 5 pounds per acre. Lb. 20 cts.

SHALLU, or EGYPTIAN WHEAT. A tall-growing Sorghum which has many stalks from one root. Sow in rows for grain, using 3 to 5 pounds per acre, or broadcast using 30 pounds for fodder. Lb. 20 cts.

SUGAR-CANE SORGHUM, EARLY AMBER. A good fodder if cut when the heads form, or good silage if cut when full grown. Early Amber is quick maturing and therefore best for late sowing. Syrup can be made from this variety. Sow 5 pounds of seed per acre in drills or 25 pounds broadcast. Lb. 15 cts.

PASTURE MIXTURE OF GRASSES

We have two mixtures of Grasses which are excellent for pasture. They contain all of the best Grasses for feeding, including those highly priced. No effort has been spared to get the best. Sow 40 pounds per acre.

Write for prices on large quantities.
MOESE'S WET PASTURE MIXTURE. Lb. 40 cts.
MORSE'S DRY PASTURE MIXTURE. Lb. 40 cts.

GRAINS

We carry nothing but recleaned grains suitable for seed purposes. COMMON BARLEY, BEARD-LESS BARLEY, WHEAT, RYE, BLACK, RED, AND WHITE OATS. Write for prices on any quantities you may require.

SPECIAL BOOKS ON FLOWER, VEGETABLE and NURSERY STOCK CULTURE, adapted to California conditions, will be found listed on page 29.

ZINNIAS Giant Dahlia Flowered



ZINNIA, GIANT DAHLIA **FLOWERED**

This new type of Zinnias far surpasses any that has been offered to the public in past years. The flowers are unusually large, resembling closely, many of the Dahlia blossoms, and are often seven and eight inches in diameter. They come in a wide range of colors, with stout stems. Plants are sturdy and grow to be about three feet high.

Per I CRIMSON MONARCH. The largest and the best of the red shades. Flowers are large, plants vigorous	
DREAM. A fine shade of deep lavender, turning to mauve. A new and desirable color	.25
EXQUISITE. Color is light rose, with a center of deep rose. Blossoms are true to type and large	.25
GOLDEN STATE. A very rich orange yellow. The buds open yellow and turn to a deep orange when in full bloom	.25
METEOR. A rich glowing, deep red and the darkest of all the red shades. Very large and blooms more freely than other reds	.25

ORIOLE. This is one of the most beautiful of this class. Flowers are an orange and gold bicolor and very large. Pkt.

OLD ROSE. This name truly describes this variety. Flowers are large and a clear shade of old rose. Pkt. 25 cts.

POLAR BEAR. A very large, pure white; the largest and best white among the Zinnias. True Dahlia form. Pkt. 25 cts.

SPECIAL COLLECTION. One packet each of the above-named varieties. Eight 25-cent packages for \$1.75, postpaid.

MORSE'S DAHLIA FLOWERED MIXTURE. The above varieties can also be supplied in a mixture. Special care has been taken to have the colors well balanced. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00, postpaid.

MORSE'S MAGNIFICENT SWEET PEA NOVELTIES FOR 1925 "MISS CALIFORNIA," "CAMPFIRE" AND "DOREEN"

MISS CALIFORNIA. We have had the name of Miss California in mind for a Sweet Pea for a long time, but have never felt we had just the seedling for the name. Three years ago, however, we found among our seedlings a most beautiful and outstanding orange-salmon cream pink and decided we had found something really worth while. Last year we felt the seedling was fixed, and sent a trial to the British National Sweet Pea Society to be included in their 1924 trials. There the trial was planted under number only and judged against the world's best pink Sweet Peas and granted an award of merit. We were delighted by the award, but not surprised.

In Miss California we have a Sweet Pea novelty which compels admiration and attention from the expert or the novice, whether grown for exhibition or for garden decoration.

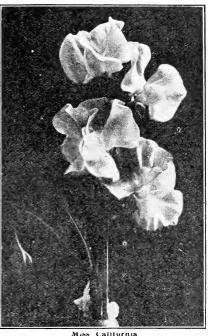
As a cut-flower for interior home decoration, Miss California excels, as both by daylight and by artificial light the color is truly magnificent.

The beautiful coloring of the flower cannot be conveyed in a word picture, as the blending of the shades is so perfect and wonderful.

The general effect is a rich, beautiful orange-salmon cream pink of a distinctly new shade. The flowers are large, beautifully waved and borne in fours on long, stout stems. The plant is an exceptionally vigorous grower and cannot but give satisfaction to everyone.



Packet of Twelve Seeds, 25 cts.



Winner of the highest possible award, the Award of Merit. British National Sweet Pea Society, 1924.

CAMPFIRE. In Campfire we have the brightest scarlet sun-proof Sweet Pea ever offered. It is the last word in vivid color and stands out beside all other varieties in this class. The flowers will stand the hottest sunshine, in fact the brighter the sun the better the color. The flowers, while not huge are of fine size and borne in profusion on plants of great vigor. This variety is highly recommended for garden decoration and cut-flower use and will always be in demand. Packet of twelve seeds, 25 cts.



Campfire

DOREEN. Doreen is a huge, bright carmine Sweet Pea. It is much larger and brighter than all other carmine varieties we have tried. The color is bright and outstanding and we anticipate Doreen will be popular with exhibitors on account of its size. The plant is a most vigorous grower and bears a profusion of four blossom sprays. Packet of twelve seeds, 25 cts.

EARLY FLOWERING and LATE FLOWERING SWEET PEAS. Standard varieties, will be found listed on pages 48 and 49.

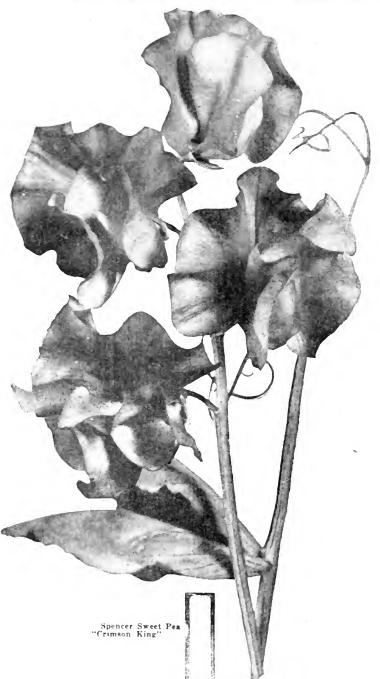


Doreen

Morse's SPENCER Sweet Peas

For years we have devoted much time to the production of Sweet Peas. More than two score varieties developed and originated by us are recognized as some of the world's best. Vast acreages of this beautiful flower handled by Sweet Pea experts enables us to put on the market every year the finest there is. We offer this season the following new varieties: "Miss California," "Campfire," and "Doreen." These in addition to our last year's novelties, "Crimson King," red; "Youth," white, picotee edge pink, and "Austin Frederick Improved," lavender, with our general list will be found most complete. For best results, November, December and January planting is advised.

For description of "Miss California," "Campfire" and "Doreen" please see page 47.



White Pkt. Oz nton—Large white, black \$0.10 \$0.10 arge pure white 10

Constance Hinton-Large white, black		
seededS	0.10	\$0.40
Etta Dvke-Large pure white		.40
King White-Giant pure white	.10	.40
White Spencer-(Morse's reselected)		
Superior strain, pure white	.10	.40

Cream Pink Shades

miss California. (Noveity.) bea	
orange-salmon cream pink. Packet 25 c	ets.
Pkt,	Oz.
Jean Ireland-Primrose, with pink	
edges\$0.10	\$0.40
Margaret Atlee-Deep cream pink10	.40
Mrs. Arnold Hitchcock-Beautiful light	
cream-pink10	.40
New Miriam Beaver-Soft shell pink	
and salmon	.40
Picture—Giant cream pink, very fine	
flower	.40

Pink Shades

1		
	Pkt.	Oz.
Countess Spencer-Clear pink\$	0.10	\$0.46
Dainty Spencer-White with rose-pink		•
edges	.10	.40
Daisy Bud-Blush pink and old rose	.10	.40
Elfrida Pearson-Light pink, with		
paler shadings	.10	.4
Hawlmark Pink-Pelargonium pink	.10	.40
lebe-Very large, old rose, with pink		
shadings	.10	.40
lercules-Bright clear pink, very large	.10	.4
alentine-Blush pink, a pleasing		
shade	.10	.40
outh-Picotee, white with margin of		
clear pink	.15	.60

Primrose Shades

Pkt	
Clara Curtis-Light primrose shade \$0.1	
Dobbie's Cream-Large deep cream1	0 .46
Majestic Cream-Giant deep cream1	0 .40
Primrose Spencer-Clear primrose yel-	
low	0 .40

Rose and Light Pink Bi-Color

Dora-Large rose and cream, bi-color. \$\footnote{Mrs}\$. Cuthbertson-Giant rose and light		Oz. \$0.40
pink, bi-color	.10	.40

Red Shades

CAMPFIRE. (Novelty.) Brightest sunproof scarlet. Packet 25 cts. DOREEN. (Novelty.) Very large bright carmine. Packet 25 cts.

Crimson King-Largest of all Red

Sweet Peas. Rich glowing crimson		
or ox-blood red	0.15	\$0
eo. Herbert-Rose crimson	.10	
ing Edward Spencer-Large blood red	.10	
nown-Beautiful carmine rose	.10	
sahelle-Bright rose crimson	.10	
yal Scot-Brilliant scarlet	.10	
ermilion Brilliant-Pure scarlet	.10	

MORSE'S SWEET PEAS--Continued

Lavender Shades

Orange and Salmon Pink Shades

	Pkt.	Oz.
Asta Ohn-Mauve lavender, fine flower	\$0.10	\$0.40
Austin Frederick Improved-Finest pure lavender in existence	.15	.60
Blue Picotee-White, edged blue	.10	.40
Dobbie's Lavender Geo. Herbert-Fine, large lavender	.10	.40
Masterpiece-Lavender tinted mauve	.10	.40
New Margaret Madison-Azure blue	.10	.40
Wedgewood-Clear wedgewood blue	.10	.40

		UZ.
Barbara—Bright salmon orange	.\$0.10	\$0.40
George Shawyer-Giant salmon rose	10	.40
Gloriosa—Brilliant orange scarlet	10	.40
Helen Lewis-Orange pink.	10	.40
Illuminator-Brilliant orange scarlet	10	.40
President-Bright orange scarlet	10	.40
Robert Sydenham-Beautiful orange	10	.40
Thomas Stevenson—Giant flame color	10	.40

Maroon, Purple and Blue Shades

	Pkt.	Oz.
Jack Cornwell-Large navy blue	90.10	\$0.40
Mrs. Tom Jones-Large clear blue	.10	.40
Nubian-Very deep maroon	.10	.40
Royal Purple-Rich royal purple	.10	.40
Senator Spencer-Chocolate and brown flaked	.10	.40
Splendour-Giant mahogany maroon	.10	.40
Warrior-Rich velvety maroon	.10	.40

Morse's Brilliant Blend

Brilliant Blend has become very popular with our customers, especially for the home garden. The effect of the coloring is dazzling, owing to the various shades of scarlet, old rose, light and deep pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.60. Postpaid.

MORSE'S SUPERB SPENCER MIXTURE. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. 90 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

COLLECTIONS OF SPENCER SWEET PEAS

To enable our customers to have an assortment in well-balanced colors, we offer four collections made up of good varieties, or where a mixture is desired, our Superb Mixture of Spencer Sweet Peas is unsurpassed.

Morse's Extraordinary Spencer Collection containing 35 varieties	2.50	postpaid
Morse's Grand Prize Collection containing 15 varieties	1.00	postpaid
Morse's Medal of Honor Collection containing 10 varieties		postpaid
Morse's Home Garden Collection containing 7 varieties	.50	postpaid

Morse's Early Flowering Long Season Spencer Sweet Peas

Australia is responsible for the starting of this type as the introduction of the variety Yarrawa caused the American hybridizers to endeavor to add all the known colors in the late flowering strain and in this they have succeeded far beyond their fondest expectations. For greenhouse culture these Early Flowering Spencers have become exceedingly popular and many acres of glass are devoted to growing them, especially in the middle west and east. In some of the warmer localities they have proved very desirable for out-door planting, especially in the Southern States. Australia and South Africa, where we know by experience the Summer Flowering Spencers frequently fail to give entire satisfaction. While the seed may be sown very early, yet in some localities it is better to sow in the fall of the year.

	Pkt.	Oz.
Early Aviator-Large crimson	\$0.15	\$0.60
Early Columbia-Large pink and white. The giant Blanche		•
Ferry	.15	.60
Early Christmas Carol-Soft salmon pink and cream or		
crushed apricot and rose	.15	.60
Early Glitters—Bright orange scarlet	.15	.60
Early Harmony-Giant lavender, good florist variety	15	.60
Early Hercules-Bright rose pink on white ground	.15	.60
Early Heatherbell-Rich mauve, large flower	.15	.60
Early Liberty—Deep sunproof crimson	.15	.60
Early Meadow Lark—Deep rich cream, extra waved	.15	.60
Early Morning Star-Deep orange scarlet	.15	.60
Early Nightingale-Large lavender	.15	.60
Early Pink and White-A splendid bi-color	.15	.60
Early Peace-Cream pink, large flower	.15	.60
Early Rose Queen-Large rose pink	.15	.60
Early Snowflake-Pure white with long stems	.15	.60

	Pkt.	Oz.
Early Torch-Bright orange, lovely flower	\$0.15	\$0.60
Early Yarrawa-Rose, with light pink standard		.60
Early Zvolaneck's Rose-Deep rose pink		.60

Early Flowering Collections

MORSE'S EARLY FLOWERING COLLECTION. Early Harmony, Early Torch, Early Yarrawa, Early Snowflake, Early Hercules. Five varieties, postpaid, 50 cts.

MORSE'S NOVELTY COLLECTION. Early Aviator, Early Columbia, Early Christmas Carol, Early Glitters, Early Heatherbell, Early Nightingale, Early Peace, Early Rose Queen, Early Snowflake, Early Zvolaneck's Rose. Ten varieties, postpaid, \$1.00.

Morse's Early Flowering Long Season Spencer Mixture

This mixture is made up of all of the very finest varieties in well balanced colors. Price, 15 cts. per packet; 50 cts. per ounce, postpaid.

MORSE'S FLOWER SEEDS

We use the following abbreviations: "h" for hardy, that is—the ability to withstand frost without injury; "hh" for half-hardy; "t" for tender, the least frost will kill it; "A" for annual, or lasting for one year only; "B" for biennial, or two-year plants—these flower 6 to 10 months after sowing; "P" for perennial; "hA" would be hardy annual, etc.

In most of the Pacific Coast country flowers "grow like weeds." The planter need not be a finished gardener, as good soil properly prepared and from time to time stirred up with a hoe is all that is necessary to bring forth satisfactory results, though some attention must be paid to watering. It is most remarkable the quantity of choice flowers a small plot of ground will produce.

ALL FLOWER SEEDS AS LISTED ARE POSTPAID

APPONIA unbellete (Sand Verbana), has a training a CINILIAN ALL VECCILIAN.

ABRONIA umbellata (Sand Verbena). hA. A traiting plant bearing umbels of verbena-like rosy lilac blos-

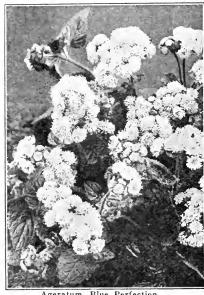
soms. Pkt. 10 cts.

ABUTILON (Flowering Maple; Chinese Bellflower). hhP. The flowers are beautifully bell-shaped, and appear in White, Yellow, Rose and Orange. Mixed Colors. Pkt.

ACHILLEA Ptarmica, The Pearl (Sneezewort; Double White Yarrow). One of the best hardy perennials; bears a profusion of small, double, white flowers during the entire season. Fine for cutting and cemetery decoration. Height, 2½ feet. Pkt. 15 cts.

ACROCLINIUM. See Everlastings.

ADONIS (Flos Adonis; Pheasant's Eye). hA. Flowers crimson and small. Seed should be sown in the autumn. Height, 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.



Ageratum, Blue Perfection

AGERATUM (Floss Flower)

Valuable for bedding, as it is literally covered with blossoms all summer. Sow the seed early in the spring, either in boxes to transplant, or outdoors, and thin to 4 to 6 inches. hA.

Blue Perfection. Deep blue; height 1 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Mexicanum, Imperial Dwarf Blue. Height, 1 foot. Flowers blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Mexicanum, Imperial Dwarf White. Flowers white. Height,

8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts. Little Dorrit. A perfect mass of blue flowers. Plant is 6

inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Little Blue Star. Very dwarf, about 6 inches high. Pkt. 15

AGROSTEMMA (Rose of Heaven). hP. This plant has silvery white leaves and red flowers, borne on long, slender stems. Flowers resemble a single pink. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

ALONSOA Warscewiczii compacta. Bright scarlet annual,

about 10 inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.

SWEET ALYSSUM

A fragrant, hardy annual, having the odor of honey and bearing spikes of small white flowers in great profu-

sion throughout the summer and autumn.

Common Sweet. Very sweet honey fragrance. Height, 1
foot. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Carpet of Snow (Little Gem). Pure white, very dwarf and sweet-scented. The best white-flowering border plant. Height, 4 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts. Saxatile. hP. 18 inches tall. Yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

LILAC QUEEN. Soft shade of lilac, plants are erect and compact. Good bedding variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz.

AMARANTUS

Hardy annuals grown especially for their brilliant foliage. Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding). Light yellowish green foliage; long, drooping, crimson flower spikes. Height, 3 to 4 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cruentus (Prince's Feather). Tall spikes of feathery red flowers. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Plant 3 feet high, with brilliant leaves variegated, red, yellow, green, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii. See Boston Ivy.

ANCHUSA capensis. hA. A clear, bright, blue flower with small white eye, resembling a forget-me-not, but taller, larger and of bright color. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Italica, Dropmore Variety. hP. Flowers are of deepest gentian-blue and are borne continuously. A good tall plant for the center of a bed. Height, 4 feet. Pkt. 15

cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

ANEMONE, Single, Giant de Caen. hhP. Cup-shaped flowers in blue, red and white. Bulbs of Anemones are obtainable now but plants flower in ten months from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

St. Brigid (Irish Anemone). Enormous semi-double blooms, the size of tulips, in a great variety of striking colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

ANTIRRHINUM. See Snapdragon.

AQUILEGIA. See Columbine.

ARCTOTIS grandis (African Lilac Daisy). hA. Large, branching bushes, 2 feet in height and breadth. Flowers are pure white on the upper surface and pale lilac below. Pkt. 10 cts.

ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). hP. Strong growing, hardy climber, with large, thick, shining foliage and yellowish brown, pipe-shaped flowers. Seed

takes two to three months to germinate. Pkt. 10 cts.

ARMERIA, Formosa (Sea Pink or Thrift). hP. A very pretty border plant with grass-like foliage. Flowers pretty border plant with grass-like foliage. rose-pink, horne on 4 to 6-inch stems. Pkt. 10 cts.

AUSTRALIAN PEA VINE (Dolichos lignosus). hhP. A rapid-growing evergreen climbing perennial, flowering freely in clusters of rose pea-shaped flowers. For covering arbors, trellises, etc., this is extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

ASPARAGUS. tP. Seeds start slowly and should be soaked in warm water before sowing. Makes a pillar

climber where there is little frost.

Plumosus Robustus. The tall Asparagus Fern, with delicate feathery foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; 100 seeds 75 cts.

Plumosus Nanus. A dwarf variety; very delicate and feathery. Pkt. 10 cts.; 100 seeds 75 cts.

Sprengeri (Emerald Feather). Feather-leaved, with drooping branches. For hanging-baskets. Pkt. 10 cts.; 100 seeds 50 cts.

MORSE'S ASTERS

For a long time France and Germany were looked to for best Aster seed, but for the past decade California has undoubtedly produced strains finer, both as to character of flower and growth of plant.

The Aster blooms most profusely from early to late summer and the flowers easily adapt themselves to table and house decorations. Seed may be sown indoors in January and the plants set in the garden April first to fifteenth; sow out doors in April. Asters are a half hardy annual.

ASTERS, CALIFORNIA GIANT

Crego or Ostrich Feather type, having very robust habit and long stems. Flowers are much larger and more substantial than the Crego, often measuring 5 to 6 inches in diameter. A good keeper and makes an excellent shipping flower.

Peach-pink; Light Blue; Deep Rose; Dark Purple; and Mixed. Each pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

Morse's Mammoth Asters

Twisted Petal Type

Morse's Mammoth Asters have petals just a little broader than Creco's and less twisted. Their growth is fairly compact like the old Comet variety. The fine large flowers over 4 inches across and sometimes 5 inches, are borne on long stems. They are entirely new and different from all of the other Asters, and have a great charm in the delicacy of their flowers.

Morse's Mammoth White Morse's Mammoth Rose

Morse's Mammoth White
Morse's Mam. Shell-pink
Morse's Mam. Lavender
Pkts. 20 cts. each; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Morse's Mammoth Rose
Morse's Mammoth Purple
Morse's Mammoth Mixed

Pink Rochester (Mikado)

This variety is the first to bloom of the very large Asters. Flowers, often 4½ inches across, are borne on very long, graceful stems. They are white when first open, changing to a soft pink with age. Pkt. 10 cts.

Morse's Stanford

It's just the Stanford University color—a dark red. This color is most unusual and striking in Asters and is one often sought. Morse's Stanford is of the branching type, but moderately tall, and is ideal for bedding. Very beautiful, unusual, and bright. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

Crego's Giant Asters

Crego's are a giant, shaggy petaled type, with very large flowers having long, twisted petals. The stems are long and the variety is early and branching. Crego's Asters are exceedingly popular.

Crego's Giant Crimson
Crego's Giant Lavender
Crego's Giant Lavender
Crego's Giant Purple
Crego's Giant White

Pkt. 10 cts. each, or Six pkts. of named Crego's Asters for 50 cts.; Mixed pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Semple's, or Giant Branching The plant grows 1½ feet high and the same in width.

The plant grows 1½ feet high and the same in width. The blossoms, which are large and full petaled, are borne on long stems or branches. Comes into flower ten days after the other Asters. The petals are straight and the flower is beautiful.

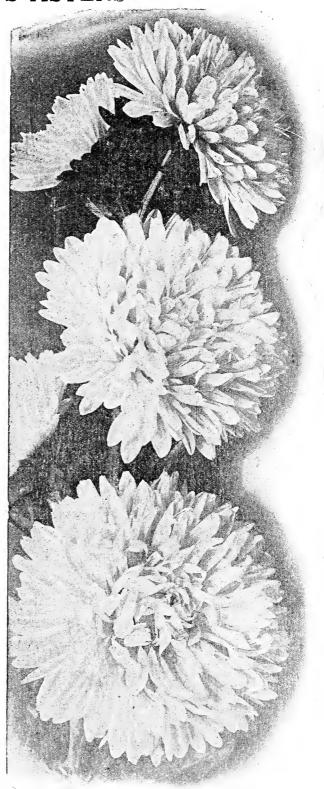
Pink or Rose Lavender
White Crimson
Warre Son

Purple Mary Semple (very light pink)
Any color, pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts. Collection of
6 varieties, 50 cts.; mixture of colors, pkt. 10 cts.;
¼ oz. 50 cts.

New England Perennial Aster

(Michaelmas Daisy)

Our splendid autumn-flowering Asters, greatly improved as to size. Height, 4 feet. Blue, Lilac, and Pink. Mixed, pkt. 15 cts.



Aster, Morse's Mammoth Pink

BALLOON VINE, or LOVE-IN-A-PUFF. hA. Graceful climber of rapid growth. Attractive foliage and in-

flated capsules. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

BALSAM, or LADY'S SLIPPER. A tender annual, with brittle stems and foliage. Grows about a foot high. Flowers both single and double, in bright colors and variations, are wax-like and grow close to the stem.

Camellia-flowered. Mixed. The largest double variety.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. BALSAM APPLE, or PEAR. See Momordica.

BARTONIA aurea (Golden Bartonia). hA. A native of California. Bright yellow, single flowers, 2 inches across. Sow the seeds where the plants are to remain, since it does not transplant easily. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

BEGONIA

Usually grown in the greenhouse. Some varieties are especially attractive on account of their foliage, but most varieties have exquisitely beautiful wax-like flowers, both single and double. The seed is very small and rather difficult to germinate and must be planted in boxes or pots indoors.

FIBROUS-ROOTED VARIETY

Fine for outdoor culture, having beautiful leaves and bearing clusters of small waxy flowers.

Vernon. hhP. Deep red flowers and dark purple foliage; often used for borders and for bedding. Pkt. 10 cts.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED VARIETIES

For greenhouse and pot-culture, having large, beautiful flowers with four petals in brilliant colors. Many prefer to start bulbs in December and January.

Double Mixed. All the best varieties. Pkt. 50 cts. Single Mixed. Finest large flowers; single varieties. Pkt.

50 cts.

BELLIS perennis (Double Daisy). hP. Low growing plants entirely hardy and unless planted in a very warm location practically in flower the year around. Seed may be sown early in shallow drills and later plants may be transplanted or thinned out to stand one foot apart.

Mammoth Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts. Mammoth White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts. Mammoth Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts. Lawn Daisy. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 45 cts.

BORDER PINKS. See Dianthus plumarius.

BOSTON, or JAPANESE IVY (Ampelopsis Veitchii), hP. The popular Ivy, which covers so many buildings. It clings to brick and wood without support. The leaves are heart-shaped and are off the vine for only two months in the winter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy). hA. Produces an abundance of pretty blue and white flowers. Height, 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

BROWALLIA. hhA. Makes a fine bedding plant. Blooms profusely. The flowers are bright ultra-marine blue, and also sky-blue with white center. 18 inches high. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

CALLIOPSIS

Quick growing free flowering annuals fine for bedding and make quite useful cut flowers. Flowers and foliage always attractive. Best to sow where they are to bloom and thin out to 6 to 12 inches apart. Height 18 inches to 2 feet. A most satisfactory plant for any garden.

Atrosanguinea. Dark maroon. Plant is tall and flowers are small. One of the old-fashioned flowers. Pkt. 10

Golden Wave. A large-flowering light yellow variety with maroon eye. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.

Mixed. A gorgeous mixture of golden yellow, brown, maroon and other shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

CALAMPELIS (Bugle Vine). A well-known beautiful annual climber. Trained to a trellis or south wall it is ornamental throughout the summer, its bright orange, tubular flowers contrasting effectively with the delicate green foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.
CALANDRINIA umbellata. P. Suited for rock-work.

Vivid crimson-violet. Pkt. 10 cts.
CALCEOLARIA. tP. Used largely in green houses and conservatories. Height, 1½ feet.

Grandiflora. Large-flowered, self-colored, profuse pocketshaped flowers. Pkt. 50 cts.

Tigered and Spotted, Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts. CALIFORNIA POPPY. See Eschscholtzia.

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold)

Very hardy annual, one foot high, blooming freely at any time of year, including winter, and for several months. Is of the easiest culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive.

Double Mixed. A good mixture of 8 to 10 different shades of yellow, some clear colors and some shaded and

striped. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

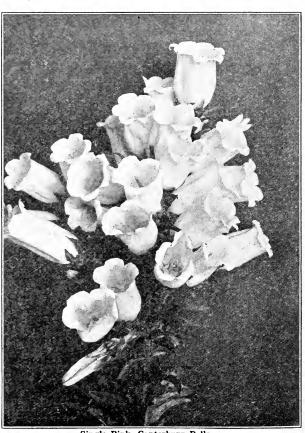
Lemon King. Large, very double, lemon flowers. Pkt. 10

cts.; oz. 30 cts.

CALENDULA ORANGE KING. hA. The Calendula always has been a popular flower out of doors, but of recent years florists have been forcing it so that now it ranks high as a winter house-plant. The Orange King produces freely very fine double blooms of a rich deep orange color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

METEOR. Cream, striped with orange. Pkt. 10 cts.

CANARY-BIRD FLOWER (Tropaeolum canariense). A tender climbing annual of the nasturtium tamily. Blossoms have curiously wrinkled petals and are light yellow. Soak seed over night before planting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.



Single Pink, Canterbury Bells

CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

Very hardy, easy to grow, and very fragrant. The blossoms are borne on long spikes, and the newer varieties are quite large-flowering and very fragrant. Valuable for bedding or massing and for cutting. Height, 6 to 15 inches. hA.

Common, Sweet-scented. Small white flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Carmine. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Lilac. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Purple. Branching. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Giant Hyacinth-Flowered (Improved Empress). large heads and long spikes of white flowers. An im-

proved strain of Giant Empress and excellent for cut-flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts. Mixture of all Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00. Gibraltarica. P. Lilac, shading to white. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

CANNA. Mixture of the popular varieties. Flowers red or yellow. All plants have large ornamental leaves and give a tropical effect. Sow seed early indoors. Clumps should be taken up when cut down by frost and stored in a cool cellar.

Bronze-leaved. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Green-leaved. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

CANTERBURY BELLS

Campanula Medium. A hardy biennial, blooming the second year from seed, or the first year if sown early. Easily grown and preferring rich, moist soil. Grows about 3 feet high and bears double and single varieties about 3 feet high and bears double and single varieties of blue, white, purple and deep pink flowers. Single Mixed, Single White, Single Pink, Single Blue. Each, Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts. Double Mixed, Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). P. Fine for rockeries, edges and beds. Blue and white bells. Height, 9 inches. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cup-and-Saucer Type. In this variety the outer petal forms a brim like a saucer. hB.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Light Blue Pkt. 15 cts. 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Light Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts. White. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts. Pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Persicifolia (Peach-bells). P. Large-flowered. Height, 4 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). P. Large bells on 6foot spikes; blooms late.

Blue. Pkt. 10 cts. White. Pkt. 10 cts.

Six 10 ct. pkts. of any of the above for 50 cts.

CARNATIONS

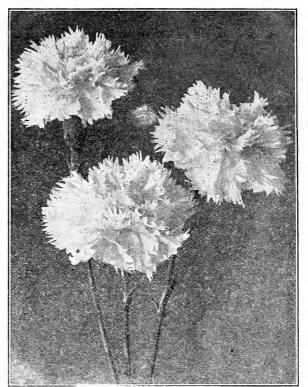
Carnations may be had in all gardens. The florists' varieties are propagated from plants. Sow the seed early in the year and transplant in March or April. hhP.

Chabaud's Everblooming. Earliest dwarf French type of perpetual blooming Carnations, flowering in five to six months after seed is sown. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 15 cts. Malmaison Giant. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60

Picotee. Extra-fine, double, mixed. White, edged with colors or striped and splashed. Contains many rare sorts never seen at a florist's. Pkt. 25 cts.
Giant Grenadin. Mixed. This is an extra fine double va-

riety, far superior to the Marguerite Carnation. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00.

Giant Grenadin Pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin Red. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin White. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Giant Grenadin Yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Marguerite Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.



Giant Grenadin Pink, Carnation

CASTOR-OIL BEAN (Ricinus). This has large leaves and a tropical appearance. All required to make it flourish is heat. It is a quick-growing annual, 6 to 15 feet tall. Leaves are green or reddish.

Mixture of all Varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.

CENTAUREA

Centaureas embrace a number of species, some being grown only for their foliage. Sow the seed early in boxes and transplant in March or in the open in April. All make excellent cut-flowers, except the white-leaved sorts. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

CYANUS (Bachelor's Button; Bluebottle; Cornflower). Of easy culture. Sow the seed where it is to remain and thin plants to 3 to 4 inches apart.

Double Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Double Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Double White. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Single Blue. The old-fashioned popular variety. Pkt.

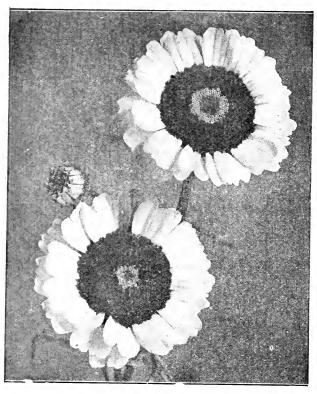
10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

IMPERIALIS (Royal Sweet Sultan). The finest of all Sweet Sultans. The plants are very strong and bear giant flowers on stiff, long stems; excellent for cutting, lasting a week when cut. Three feet tall.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. Purple Shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. White. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Lavender. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Suaveolens. Yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.

CHEIRANTHUS Allionii. P. This has gorgeous orange flowers resembling a wallflower. Although a peren-nial, it flowers easily from seed the first summer. Beautiful for a border or in a rockery. Height, 12 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.



Annual Chrysanthemum

CHRYSANTHEMUM

The double perennial Chrysanthemum so much admired at the florists is the sort we call Japanese Hybrids. We sell plants of these late in the spring. The annual varieties are smaller flowered, upright in growth, and of easiest culture, coming into bloom early.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Seeds should be planted early and the plants set out in April. The single varieties are sometimes called "Painted Daisies." Very attractive. Height, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Coronarium, Double. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Tricolor, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Evening Star (Helios). This is a tall plant with large, Marguerite-like flowers of pure golden yellow, 3 inches in diameter. Flowers are borne singly and are excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

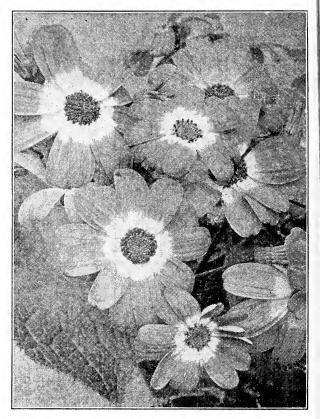
Morning Star. Like Evening Star, only of different color. This is a soft yellow or primrose color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Northern Star. Another variation of these beautiful Marguerites. Fine, large, ivory-white flowers with sulphur zone. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Six 10 ct. pkts. of the above-named Chrysanthemums for 50 cts.

JAPANESE HYBRIDS

A mixture of the large-flowering, florists' varieties. These are the large, autumn flowers used in exhibitions and by florists. They are usually grown from cuttings and do not come true from seed. Pkt. 25 cts.



Cineraria Hybrida

CINERARIA

Heads of daisy-like flowers in purple, red, blue, or white, with a dark eye surrounded by a ring. Does very well in shaded positions, under trees, etc. Cinerarias are much prized as pot plants and do well in a cool greenhouse. Sow seed in summer in boxes or cool house. Height, 1 to 2 feet. tP.

Hybrida, Mixed. The best variety, having large flowers of brilliant colors. Pkt 25 cts

brilliant colors. Pkt. 25 cts. Grandiflora, Dwarf, Mixed. Pkt. 35 cts. Grandiflora, Stella. Twisted petals. Pkt. 35 cts.

CLARKIA

This hardy annual is of easy culture, bearing bright rose. white, or purple flowers in great profusion. The single type is native to California and is a wild flower. Seed can be sown almost any time, but if sown in the fall will give early blossoms in the spring. The Elegans varieties grow 2 feet tall with flowers in spikes. The seedlings should be pinched back twice to make bushy plants, once to 3 inches and again to 9 inches.

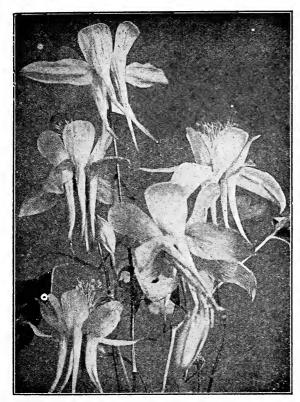
Elegans, Carmine Queen. Just loaded with double carmine flowers along the stems. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35

Elegans, Double, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. Elegans, Single, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Elegans, Vesuvius. Bright coral-pink blooms, 1½ inches across, shading deeper and more intense at center. They are very double, like rosettes, and are borne an inch apart on stiff, red stems which contrast beautifully with the color of the flower. Height, 15 to 18 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.: ½ oz. 35 cts.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.
Salmon Oveen. Beautiful salmon shade. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼

oz. 35 cts.



Columbine-Aquilegia

CLEOME, Pungens (Giant Spider Plant). A hardy annual, growing 4 to 5 feet high and bearing in profusion rosepurple blossoms that are shaped something like a spider. A strong grower. A splendid plant for bee food. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

CLEMATIS. A popular hardy perennial climber. An old

favorite, and justly so. for there are few garden climbers that give more satisfaction.

Large-flowered, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. COBAEA scandens. hhP. Very strong rapid growing climber. Desirable for covering trellises, arbors, old tree trunks, etc. Seed should be planted in April. Fine large, purple flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

COCKSCOMB (Celosia Cristata)

A half-hardy annual, growing 6 to 8 inches high, bearing a wide wavy blossom that resembles a cock's comb. In brilliant colors; fine for massing or border work.

Dwarf Mixed. Several shades of red and yellow. Pkt. 10

Dwarf, New Giant Empress. A rich, crimson variety, with dark foliage and very wide combs. Pkt. 15 cts.

FEATHERED CCCKSCOMB (Celosia plumosa) The plumes are splendid and 2 to 3 feet tall. Morse's strain is fine; colors bright red and bright yellow.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Magnificent (Thompson's). A new variety, superior to the older sorts, bearing grand spikes; flowers in mid-summer. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.: 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Magnificent, Crimson. A bright shade. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Magnificent, Golden Yellow. A fine contrast to the Crim-

son. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.
CHINESE WOOL FLOWER (Celosia Childsii) Has a crimson, globe-shaped head, like a ball of crimson silky wool. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

CONVOLVULUS. See Morning Glory.

COLEUS. A tender perennial grown for its beautiful, bright-colored, velvety leaves. Valuable for window-garden or pots, and may also be grown outdoors. Height, 10 to 18 inches. Morse's Extra Large-leaved, Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

COLLINSIA. A free-flowering and easily-grown annual, reaching a height of 1 to 2 feet. Flowers white, crimson, purple, etc. A California wild flower. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia)

A hardy perennial growing about 2 feet high and bearing flowers of a great variety of colors on long, smooth stems. Stands partial shade very well.

Californica Hybrida. Large yellow flowers, orange spurs. An improvement on our native sort. Pkt. 15 cts.

Chrysantha. Pure golden yellow single flowers, long spurs. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

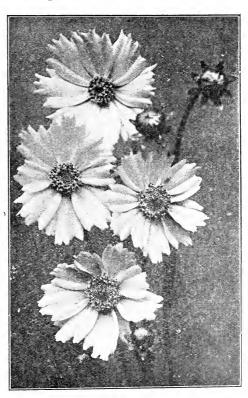
Coerulea (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine). Fine deep blue and white flowers, long spurs. Pkt. 10 cts.

Rose Queen. Beautiful large pink flowers with long spurs. Pkt. 15 cts.

Skinneri (Mexican Columbine). Flowers crimson and light green, very handsome and quite distinct, spurs and sepals long. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Long-Spurred Hybrids, Mixed. Showy. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

COREOPS'S. hP. No flower blooms longer during the whole season than Coreopsis. It is a most excellent cut flower, lasting well. Flowers bright yellow, large, and showy. Easily grown from seed. Height, 2 feet. Lanceolata grandiflora. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.



Coreopsis



Double Pink Beauty Cosmos

COSMOS

One of the very finest late summer and fall flowers, and an excellent cut flower. The bushes grow tall-6 to 8 feet—and are loaded with large showy blossoms, 5 inches in diameter, in white, pink, or crimson. Cosmos should be in every garden. Sow the seed early and transplant, or sow later in spring where it is to remain. hA.

Double Crimson King. Crimson, with double crest. Pkt.

15 cts.; 14 oz. 75 cts.

Double Pink Beauty. Clear pink, with double crest. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Double White Queen. Pure white. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75

Early Varieties. Morse's strain of these is truly giant and very early. Flowers in 75 days from seed.
Early Crimson, Early Pink, Early White, Early Mixed. Each, per Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Giants of California.

Pink, Crimson, White. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Mixed, Each, per Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Klondyke. A late-blooming variety with bright yellow blossoms. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

CYCLAMEN

Very attractive plants with richly colored fragrant flowers and ornamental foliage. Seed may be sown almost any time. The Cyclamen makes a very attractive house plant. hhP.

Persicum Giganteum.

Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Album. Pure white. Pkt. 25 cts.

Rubrum, Red. Pkt. 25 cts.

Crimson King. Pkt. 25 cts.

Pink Pearl. Pkt. 25 cts.

Salmon. Pkt. 25 cts. Papilio. Butterfly type; fringed edges. Pkt. 25 cts.

CYPRESS VINE (Ipomoea ()namoclit). A tender, climbing annual, with soft fern-like foliage and small starlike flowers in red, pink or white. Mixture of all colors.

DAHLIA. These will bloom the first year from seed if seed is sown in February or March. However, roots

are more satisfactory. hhP.

Single Mixed, Double Mixed, Cactus Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. Morse's Hybridized Mixed. Special hand-hybridized seed. Many varieties of prize-winning Dahlias have been produced here in California from our hybridized seed. Pkt. 35 cts.

DAISY, Shasta. A fine perennial plant, bearing large, white, single blossoms, with yellow centers; an excellent cut-flower. Soak seed in warm water before sowing. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 35 cts. Alaska. One of Burbank's creations. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz.

40 cts.

Double. See Bellis perennis.

DIANTHUS (Pinks)

Nothing is prettier or more satisfactory than old-fashioned Japanese Pinks. They should be in every garden. They are hardy, about one foot high, and bear beautifully colored single and double blossoms in profusion all summer. Sow seed early in boxes and transplant, or sow in rows where the plants are to remain and thin. See also Carnation.

Chinensis (China or India Pink). Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Heddewigii (Japanese Pink). Finest Single Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Finest Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Diadematus fl.-pl. (Double Diadem Pink). Large double flowers in many colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts. Plumarius (Grass Pink; Pheasant Eye; Scotch Pink).

single hardy perennial Pink with light-colored flowers having a darker center; various colored. This makes a fine border or flowering bed. Constantly in bloom.

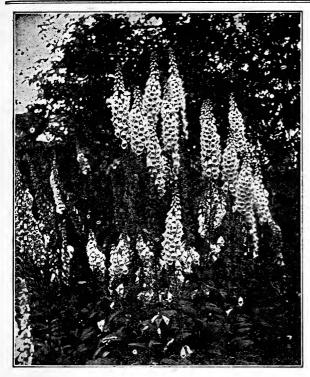
Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts. Plumarius, Double. (Double Clove Pink). A double-flowered sort, in various colors like the single. The foliage makes a pretty border; flowers delightfully clove scented. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.

Barbatus. See Sweet William.

Caryophyllus. See Carnation.



Dianthus, Plumarius Single



Digitalis, or Foxglove

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

Sow the seed during the summer or early fall and later transplant the seedlings to where they are to stand permanently. As they grow two to three feet high they should stand about two feet apart.

Pink. Mottled. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

Purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.
White. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.
Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.
Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.
DIDISCUS COERULEA. This valuable flower deserves large cultivation for florists' use, and is just as beautiful for the home garden. Plants are about 18 inches high, flowers light blue, the color of Scabiosa Caucasica, borne on long stout stems, petals are finely cut, and resemble lace; it is often called Lace Plant. We do not know of any flower more beautiful for border or as a cut flower than Didiscus. Its long-keeping qualities and beautiful light shade of blue, make it very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

DIMORPHOTHECA, AURANTIACA HYBRIDA. Per-

fectly hardy at any season of the year. Seed can be sown out doors at any time but will come earliest if sown with the first rains in the fall. Volunteers very freely but is difficult to transplant. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼

oz. 50 cts. DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean). Of very strong growth with large leaves and very attractive spikes of Pea-like bloom; the succeeding seed pods are also attractive. Furnish supports for the vines to climb upon. Plant seed latter part of April. Lablab. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.;

oz. 25 cts.

DUSTY MILLER. See Centaurea and Cineraria.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

The California Poppy is an exceptionally bright and handsome flower. It adorns the fields and railway embankments. If your premises have a wild or uncultivated plot, by all means plant some Eschscholtzia seed. It grows

easily and once seeded will reseed itself. Sow the wild sort by the pound over the hillsides. Multiply the native flowers by the thousands. The leaves of Eschscholtzia are fine cut and feathery. Sow in the fall out in the open for the plants do not transplant well. Height 1 to 11/2

Californica. The bright, orange-yellow, wild variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

Chrome Queen. Light yellow with just a shade of apricot -a wonderful color; flowers frilled. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Crimson-Flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Erecta, Mandarin. Brownish gold; erect plant. Pkt. 10 cts. Morse's Extra Golden. A special selection of the pure gold California Poppy. This is the finest colored Eschscholtzia and its richness of color is unequaled. Should be in every garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

Golden West. Very large, orange-colored blossoms, shading to canary-yellow at the edges. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40

Lovely. Exquisite shade of pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Mandarin. Blossoms are copper colored outside and bright yellow inside the petals. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Mikado. Orange-crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Purple Glow. Reddish purple. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Rose Cardinal. Creamy rose. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Tango. Bronzy red overlaid terra-cotta. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Vesuvius. Red and gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts. White. Large ivory-white. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts. Six 10 ct. pkts. of any of the above, 50 cts.

MIXED, NEW VARIETIES. This is a mixture of the above varieties, containing all of the new colors and ranging from white to a dark crimson. Beautiful for bedding and hillsides. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.



EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See page 73.

VERFEW (Matricaria capensis). Called "Double Feverfew." A plant growing 1½ feet high and bearing FEVERFEW profusely pure white, very double flowers. hhP. Pkt.

See also Pyrethrum for edging varieties. FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis.

FUCHSIA (Ladies Eardrop). tP. A well-known plant of easy culture in pots for the conservatory, parlor decoration, or the open ground. Start seed early under glass. Single Mixed. Pkt. 60 cts.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis)

A favorite old-fashioned low-growing flower, bearing in profusion, especially in fall and spring, clusters of dainty, blue, five-petaled blossoms. It thrives well in the shade or open border, but flourishes best in a moist, shady situation. hP.

Alpestris. Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

Indigo-blue. A new dark indigo-blue color. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

Rosea. Pink-flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

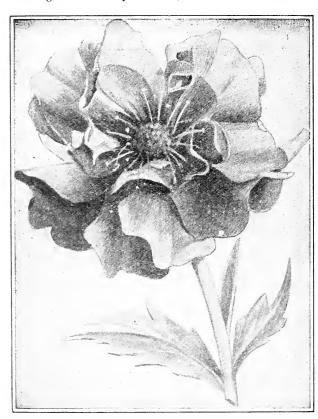
White. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.

Victoria. Large flowers in heads of bright azure-blue. Plant symmetrical, dwarf, and strong grower; good for

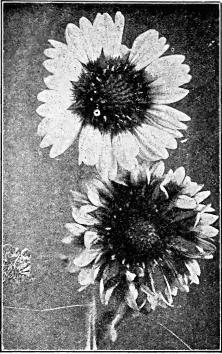
edgings. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.
Dissitiflora, Perfection. Of dwarf, compact habit; flowers profusely; looks like a sheet of blue. One of the best Forget-Me-Nots. Pkt. 15 cts.

FOUR O'CLOCK. hA. Seed should be sown in the open. Grows three feet high and thrives best when spaced 18 inches apart. Flowers are closed until afternoon, when they open freely. Of easiest culture.

Mixture of all Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts. Variegated and Striped-leaved, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.



Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw



GAILLARDIA

A very showy garden plant with brilliant flowers in scarlet and yellow, blended and shaded. Blooms freely from early summer till autumn on long, slender stems. Both single and double varieties are hardy. Height, 11/2 to 2 feet.

Double Mixed Annual (G. picta Lorenziana). Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Single Mixed Annual. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts. GRANDIFLORA. Single perennial variety with blooms of varying shades of reddish brown and yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

GENTIANA acaulis (Gentian). hP. Intense blue flowers with yellow spot. Height, 4 inches. Pkt. 10 cts. GERANIUM. hhP. The very well-known Geranium—the

one commonly seen is the variety Zonale.

Apple-scented. Very fragrant leaves. Pkt. 25 cts.

Lady Washington (Fancy Pelargonium). Handsome,

large-flowered sort in many colors and with beautiful markings. Pkt. 25 cts. Zonale, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

GERBERA. See Transvaal Daisy.

GEUM, Mrs. Bradshaw. Attractive perennial producing showy scarlet flowers all through the summer. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

GILIA. A hardy annual, growing 1 foot high, with white, lilac, or rose-colored flowers. A native of California. Valuable for rock-work or borders. Sow seed in the fall.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts. Achilleaefolia. hA. This pretty Gilia is common about San Francisco on the hills and sandy ground. Flowers come in clusters 11/2 inches across and often give a blue look to the fields. Height 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

GILLIFLOWER. See Ten-Weeks' Stocks.

GLOXINIA. Beautiful hothouse plants, with large, bellshaped blossoms, which come in rich, velvety texture and red, white, or purple in color. Grandiflora, Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.

Tigered and Spotted, Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.



Godetia, Schamini-Semi-Double

GODETIA

Hardy annual, producing attractive free flowering plants, growing a foot or more high. The satiny showy flowers are borne in great abundance. hA.

Tall Sorts, Fine Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Amoena. Our pretty wild flower known as "Farewell to Spring." Deep rose-colored flowers. Height, 12 to 30 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Duchess of Albany. Tall; white. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30

Lady Albemarle. Tall; dark crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts. Schamini fl.-pl. This plant is covered with semi-double

clear light pink blossoms, 21/2 inches across. A charming flower. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

GOURDS

Many of these besides having interesting fruits are very ornamental when used as climbers. They easily attain a height of fifteen feet.

Mixed Ornamental Varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.

Calabash, or Pipe Gourd. Pkt. 10 cts.

Chinese Bottle. A useful variety; large bottle-shaped shell. Pkt. 10 cts.

Dish-Cloth, or Luffa. The inside lining makes a sponge; very useful. Pkt. 10 cts.

Dipper, or Siphon. Can readily be made into a dipper. Pkt. 10 cts.

Hercules' Club. Four feet long; club-shaped. Pkt. 10 cts. Nest-Egg. Like a hen's egg and frequently used for nest-eggs. Pkt. 10 cts.

Sugar-Trough. Useful for buckets, holding from 2 to 10 gallons. Pkt. 10 cts.

Turk's Turban. Red, green striped, etc. Small. Pkt. 10 cts.: All Varieties, oz. 25 cts.

GOLDENROD (Solidago canadensis). Well-known golden yellow hardy perennial, flowering late in summer. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)

Florists all use this to make up their bouquets. The plant is feathery and has small white flowers. Most easy to grow. Height, 2 to 3 feet. hA or P.

Muralis. Pink flowers. A fine border plant. Height, 6

inches. Pkt. 10 cts.
Paniculata. hP. Fine for bouquets; white flowers. This is especially feathery and delicate. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Elegans grandiflora alba. This is an improved Elegans with larger flowers and pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Elegans rosea. A beautiful soft pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35

HELENIUM autumnale superbum. A showy perennial, 5 to 6 feet tall, producing large, deep yellow, single flowers during the summer and fall. Fire for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.

HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting Flower.) See Everlastings. HELOTROPE. hhP. Beautiful porch plant 4 to 8 feet tall. The fragrant flowers are small and come in clusters. Blooms the first season from seed if sown early. As it forms a large plant it requires a roomy situation. Can also be grown as a pot plant. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; % oz. 35 cts.

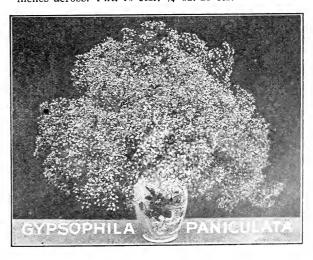
HIBISCUS, Giant Golden Bowl. Very large flowers, 6 to 8 inches across, of deep cream color, with velvety maroon center. Plants grow from 3 to 5 feet tall, are perennial, and bear profusely. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Crimson-Eye. The flowers of this perennial are pure white with a crimson eye, 6 inches across. Pkt. 10 cts.; 14 oz. 30 cts.

HONESTY (Satin Flower; Money Plant). hB. The flat, silvery seed-pods are used for winter decoration in the house; pretty and different from anything else. Height, Pkt. 10 cts.

HUMULUS japonicus (Japanese Hop). A rapid-growing tender climbing annual with dense leaves. Will grow 20 to 30 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

HUNNEMANNIA fumariaefolia (Bush Eschscholtzia). tA. Known also as the Santa Barbara Poppy. Here is a lemon-colored, poppy-shaped flower which will bloom all summer. Foliage fine-cut and feathery; flowers 3 inches across. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.



NEW

HOLLY-

HOCK,

Alameda

Pink A beautiful new

strain of varying

light pink shades

of the semi-double, crinkly type

usually called "Allegheny." The

foliage is deep

green, large, and

thick, and is quite distinct from other varieties of

Hollyhock. The plant stems are

unusually thick and grow to a height of 5 to 8

soms are very at-

tractive and artistic and it is much

the best pink Hollyhock in ex-

is a strain we

have been trying to

"fix" to one defi-

nite color, it will

not always come true, but breaks

into slightly varying shades of

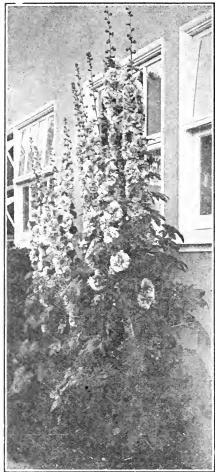
pink, though all are remarkably

fine tints of light

While the stock

feet.

The blos-



Hollyhock, Alameda Pink

rose and pink. The blossoms, however, are uniformly large and the petals are thick and substantial.

It is one of the most easily grown flowers, and if the seeds are planted in a protected spot and transplanted to the garden before May first. one can easily have flowers in bloom by midsummer. While an annual, it will bloom the second season, but it is not well to allow it to grow more than two summers, when the plants should be dug up and replaced with fresh ones. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75

HOLLYHOCK

Produces tall spikes of blooms the second spring from seed. Although a bi-annual, in some localities it is perennial in California. The height is varying but the plants usually grow from 6 to 8 feet tall. They should be spaced at least two feet apart. hP. DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Black, Rose-pink, White, Blood-red, Canary-yellow and

Mixed. Each Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

SINGLE VARIETIES, Mixed. The old-fashioned blossoms in all colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.

Allegheny, Mixed. The semi-double, fringed variety. An artistic and pretty sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum). The thick leaves seem to be covered with crystals. Pkt. 10

cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts. IMPATIENS Sultani (Zanzibar Balsam). Much prized for window culture. The foliage is waxy green, and with the semi-transparent branches makes a plant in itself attractive. The bright rosy carmine flowers are produced continuously. Pkt. 10 cts.

INCARVILLEA Delavayi. Flowers are old-rose, borne on spikes 11/2 feet tall. The leaves are much cut and are decorative in themselves. Resembles a gloxinia. Pkt. 10 cts.

KAULFUSSIA amelloides. A. The whole effect of this plant is a medium-sized, intense blue daisy. Fine for bedding. Flowers a clear, even, light blue in color, 14 inches across. Height, 10 inches. Pkt. 10 cts. KENILWORTH IVY. A hardy perennial trailing plant,

especially adapted for hanging baskets, window-boxes,

or for trailing over walls. Pkt. 10 cts.

KOCHIA trichophylla (Summer Cypress). A. Also called "Burning Bush." Forms dense, oval bushes, 2 to 2½ feet high, of small, feathery, light green foliage. As summer advances this changes to a carmine hue and finally to a fiery red. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 49 cts.

KUDZU VINE (Pueraria Thunbergiana). hP. Also called "Jack-and-the-Beanstalk." The first year it will grow 10 feet and the next up to 50. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

IPOMOEA

Beautiful annual outdoor climbers of luxuriant growth and fine for covering verandas and arbors, or for screening unsightly objects. The flowers are like giant morningglories, to which they are closely related. The seed of several varieties, especially the Moonflower, should have the outer shell punctured and then soaked in water for eight hours or more to hasten germination. Height, 10 to 15 feet. tA.

Bona-Nox (Evening Glory: Good Night). Large, fragrant violet blossoms, expanding at night. Pkt. 10 cts.

Coccinea (Star Ipomoea). Small scarlet blossoms; vines

about 10 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Grandiflora alba. (Moonflower). Large white blossoms, 5 to 6 inches across, which expand at night. The vine grows very rapidly, as much as 50 feet in a season, and is covered at night and in the early morning with a multitude of fragrant white flowers; leaves large. Fine to cover anything in one season. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

Sky-Blue Moonflower. Large flowers, 4 inches across, of the softest caerulean blue, shading to white at the edge.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts. Heavenly Blue. A tall climber with large, light blue flowers, yellow throated, and measuring 4 to 5 inches across. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

Learii. Large, dark blue flowers on a perennial vine. Pkt. 15 cts.

Setosa (Brazilian Morning-Glory). A. The vine has large, overlapping leaves, 8 to 10 inches across, which make a dense shade; useful for covering porches or garden fences. Flowers delicate light reddish purple with pink star in center, in clusters. Pkt. 10 cts.

LARKSPUR

There are two classes of Larkspur, which are quite distinct—Annual Larkspur and Perennial Larkspur—which are called Delphiniums. Hardy annual varieties listed below, grow from 11/2 to 3 feet high. They produce a profusion of blooms in a great variety of colors, and are of easy culture. The varieties, Exquisite Pink and Exquisite Blue are particularly beautiful and should be planted in every garđen.

DELPHINIUMS or PERENNIAL LARKSPUR will be

found listed on the next page.

Exquisite Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts. Exquisite Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

Lustrous Carmine (or Newport Pink). Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.

White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

Azure Fairy. Azure Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Blue Butterfly. A very handsome blue Larkspur. Pkt. 15 cts.

Dwarf Rocket Mixed. Dwarf Larkspur for bedding purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.

LARKSPUR

HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES (DELPHINIUMS)

These are taller than the annual sorts and their brilliant flower-spikes arrest your attention even at a distance. The foliage is attractive and the plants strong and neat in habit. By keeping the plants well watered and the flowers cut, a second crop of bloom may be had, and from some a third. The seed is a little difficult to start, so we advise sowing in a box in prepared soil and under a glass.

Belladonna. One of the very prettiest varieties. The flowers are a clear turquoise-blue. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½ oz. 60 cts.

Cardinale. This is the grand Southern Scarlet Larkspur, one of the

Cardinale. This is the grand Southern Scarlet Larkspur, one of the brightest and finest of California's wild flowers. Height, 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½ oz. 75 cts.

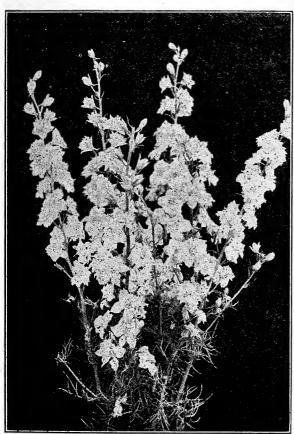
Elatum Hybridum. Blue, of various shades, with black center; very handsome. Height, 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 60 cts.

Formosum. Bright blue flowers with white center. Pkt. 10 cts. worse's Giant Hybrids. A fine strain with colors from pale lavender to deep violet. Grows extra-fine, tall stalks. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. \$100

81.00.

Morse's Double Hybrids. Specially selected seed, California-grown.

The majority of the flowers come double. We can highly recommend this new type. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00.



Larkspur, Annual, Exquisite Pink

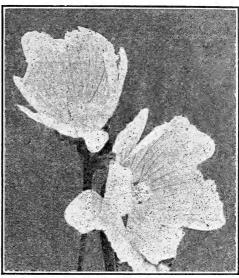
LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS

Perennial or Everlasting Pea

This is frequently called the Perennial Sweet Pea, although the blooms are entirely lacking in fragrance. It makes an excellent cover over permanent wire or other

Pink Beauty. The ground of the petals is white, edged

and shaded with pink. Pkt. 10 cts.
White. The best variety for cutting, especially for florists' use. Crimson and Mixed. Each Pkt. 10 cts.



Lavatera Trimestris

LAVATERA assurgentiflora (Tree Mallow). A showy hedge-plant, growing about 6 feet high and covered with cup-shaped flowers. Much used for windbreaks about San Francisco. Sow in May in the open ground and thin young plants to a foot apart. Pale purplish red flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Trimestris splendens. A half hardy annual, with large.

single bright pink flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

Trimestris alba. Same as above, but white. Pkt. 10 cts. LANTANA. A tender perennial, often becoming shrublike, 2 to 3 feet high, bearing verbena-like clusters of flowers, in orange, rose and other colors. Blooms constantly all summer Fine Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

LAVENDER. P. Delightfully fragrant flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

LOBELIA

Both annual and perennial and hardy. The annual varieties grow 4 to 6 inches high, are of compact growth and literally covered with small, bright flowers. By cutting back the plants during the summer and giving plenty of water, they may be kept in flower until autumn. Used for ribbon work and borders or hanging-baskets.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Erinus compacta, Celestial. The finest intense blue for edging. Flowers are borne well on the top of the plant, completely covering it with a mass of intense blue. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Erinus Compacta, Crystal Palace. Deep blue flowers and dark foliage. A constant bloomer; fine for dark blue borders. Height, 6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Erinus compacta, Snowball. A very large-flowering pure white Lobelia for edging. A fine companion to Celestial. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 35 cts.

Erinus Compacta, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 35 cts.

Erinus gracilis. Light blue; trailing; light green foliage. Excellent for hanging-baskets. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 25 cts.

Erinus, Light Blue. A fine bright blue; excellent for blue borders; foliage light green; plant compact. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 40 cts.

Erinus speciosa. Deep-blue flowers; dark foliage; trailing. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 35 cts.

PERENNIAL VARIETY

The blossoms are produced on tall, showy spikes. Height, 3 feet.

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Brilliant scarlet flowerspike. Worthy of a more extensive cultivation. This plant loves a wet, boggy place, so water extra well. Pkt. 15 cts.

- LEMON VERBENA. hP. The leaves of this fine old favorite are delightfully fragrant and refreshing. Grown easily from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.
- LEPTOSYNE maritima (Sea Dahlia). P. This is in full flower in winter, with yellow daisy-like flowers, 3 inches across. The plant is about 2 feet high and has succulent divided foliage. Get acquainted with this flower. It grows wild on the sea coast. Pkt. 10 cts.
- LINARIA hybrida, Excelsior. hA. Flowers are borne in open heads on long. upright stems. The colors are mostly violet and light purple. Pkt. 10 cts.
- LINUM (Flowering Flax). hA. Can be sown early outdoors and thrives well in good soil.
 - Rubrum (Scarlet Flax). A very showy bedding plant, as the flowers are right on top of the plants. The plant is in bloom for a long time and a bed makes a mass of bright color. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Perennial Flax. Blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

LUPINUS (Lupins)

Hardy native California annuals, in great variety, growing from 1 to 3 feet high, and bearing spikes of peashaped flowers. Hartwegii Lupins are much improved, large-flowering annuals. These come into flower early and bear fine spikes 2 feet tall. Of the easiest culture. Sow in the open ground and thin to 6 inches apart.

Cruikshankii. Dark blue; long racemes. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii albus. Pure white; fine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii, Blue. Clear, deep blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii coelestinus. Fine azure or very light blue of even color. Thoroughly charming. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Hartwegii roseus. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

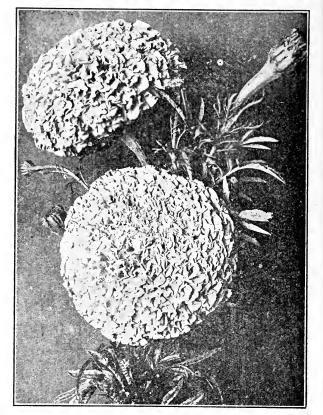
Nanus. Our little blue-and-white wild flower. It carpets the fields in late May. Plant by the pound over your grounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; lb. \$3.25.

Mixture of all colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Polyphyllus, Mixed. P. This is an extra handsome Lupin. The flower-spikes are tall (1½ feet) and the leaves are rich, bright glossy green. Attractive at all times. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

- LYCHNIS Haageana. Hardy perennial. If seed is planted early Haageana will flower the first year. Grows 18 inches tall. Orange-crimson flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.
- MANDEVILLA suaveolens (Chilean Jasmine). Fine summer climber, with great clusters of large, waxy, starshaped blossoms exquisitely fragrant, resembling the single tuberose in shape. Pkt. 10 cts.
- MATRICARIA (Double White Feverfew). P. White, double, button-like flowers; useful for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.
- MATTHIOLA bicornis (Evening-scented Stock). hA. Purple flowers. Fine for borders. Pkt. 10 cts.
- MOMORDICA Balsamina (Balsam Apple). A climbing annual, growing about 10 feet long. Has graceful and ornamental foliage, yellow flowers and warted, golden yellow fruit, with large carmine-red seeds. Balsam Apple and Balsam Pear are climbers which thrive in hot locations and are much planted around Bakersfield. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.
- Charantia (Balsam Pear). Same as the Balsam Apple, but fruit is pear-shaped and foliage larger. Pkt. 10 cts.

MOONFLOWER. See I pomoea grandiflora alba.



Marigold (African) Lemon King

MARIGOLD

Bedding varieties are very dwarf, and others grow to 3 feet tall; flourishes in all gardens. One of the most attractive annuals.

AFRICAN VARIETIES

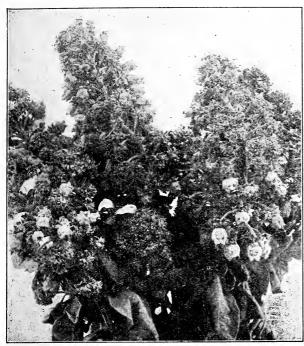
Eldorado. The best tall variety, with large, double blossoms in shades of yellow. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Lemon King. Perfectly superb, light yellow flowers 4½ to 5 inches across. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

Orange. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

FRENCH VARIETIES

- Dwarf French, Mixed. Small flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.
- Tall French, Mixed. A mixture of tall, double varieties in yellow, brown and striped; small flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 40 cts.
- Morse's Florist's French. The beautiful French Marigold used so much for the florists' trade. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.
- Morse's Selected Striped. Tall French type, 2½ to 3 feet high and just loaded all the season with most striking flowers, 2 inches across. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.
- MINA lobata. A fine annual climber which grows very rapidly to a height of 20 to 30 feet in a season. Orangered flowers. Useful for arbor, trellis, etc. Pkt. of 20 seeds. 10 cts.



Mignonette, Goliath

MIGNONETTE

A well-known favorite annual in all gardens. Cultivated for its fragrant flowers, which come quickly. Set on compact spikes. May be sown at any time of year about San Francisco. In other places sow in early spring. Height, 1 foot.

Golden Machet. A compact-growing variety, with mediumlong, thick spikes of yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 40 cts.

Goliath. Wonderful spikes, over 12 inches tall, and equally strong and large. Something new and remarkable when

well grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.

Pure Machet. A compact-growing variety, with thick spikes and large size flowerets. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Sweet-scented (Reseda odorata). Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

MIMULUS

A half-hardy perennial, growing from 6 inches to 1 foot high. Blooms freely and in a large variety of colors. Useful for window-gardens and pot-work, or for gardens in a moist, shady situation.

Cardinalis. Scarlet-flowered perennial. Height 1½ feet; useful for a border; free flowering. Pkt. 10 cts. Moschatus (Musk Plant). Fragrant plant, with small, yel-

low blooms, spotted lightly with brown. Pkt. 10 cts. Queen's Prize. P. The flowers are large and most brightly colored and spotted in shades of yellow, orange, coppery red, and pink. Does well in any place but prefers cool location. Height, 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.

Tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Large flowers of several

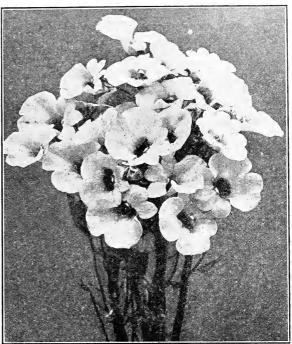
colors and spotted. Pkt. 10 cts.

MOURNING BRIDE. See Scabiosa.

NEMESIA. A. Nemesias come 1 foot high and are a mass of flowers, making them fine for bedding.

Triumph, Mixed. Flowers of light blue, red, yellow, and

terra-cotta. Compact form. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts. Compacta, Blue Gem. Clear forget-me-not blue flowers of the most pleasing color in fine, compact heads. Height, 1 foot. This is a beautiful bright blue flower. Pkt. 20 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00.



biue Gem, Aemesia

MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus major)

(See also Ipomoea)

No climber is more popular than is the Morning Glory. For covering trellises or unsightly back fences they and climbing nasturtiums are most often planted. Morning-Glories grow quickly to a vine 15 feet long and bear a great abundance of brilliant, funnel-shaped flowers, of various colors, blue predominating. Soak the seed for two hours in warm water to hasten germination; of easy culture.

Tall, or Climbing Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; lb. \$1.75.

Imperial Japanese. These are by far the handsomest of the Morning-Glories, of gigantic size and in colors ranging from snow-white to carmine, through every shade of blue and purple. The vine is not quite so vigorous a climber as the above. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25

Dwarf, or Bush Varieties (Convolvulus minor). Useful for beds, edges, or hanging-baskets. Mixed. Pkt. 10

Brazilian Morning-Glory. See Ipomoea.

NEMOPHILA (Love Grass). A hardy annual California wild-flower, growing about 6 inches high. Has small cup-shaped blossoms about one inch in diameter, in white and shades of blue.

Insignis (Baby Blue Eyes). Its flowers are of a most beautiful light blue, shading lighter toward the center. A pretty wild-flower. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

NICOTIANA (Flowering Tobacco). A half-hardy annual, growing 3 feet high, with slender, tubular flower. Belongs to the tobacco family. Requires plenty of room in the garden.

Affinis hybrida. Splendid new hybrids of the popular Affinis. They possess the delicate fragrance of the parent and come in blue, red, rose, white, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist). A hardy annual, 1 foot high, with finely cut foliage and oddly shaped blossoms in blue and white, with curious seed-pods. Of easy culture. Damascena. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

NASTURTIUMS

Sow the seed where it is to remain late in the spring and after danger of frost is over. It is seldom necessary to thin the young plants, as they will bloom if close together. Nasturtiums prefer dry, rather rocky soil, such as we usually call "poor" soil, and bear their flowers in such locations in greater profusion than in a rich garden, where they run too much to leaves. This adds to their value for planting over unsightly places.

Tall or Climbing

Of quick growth, covering a wall, hedge, or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. On cloudy days when "high fog" is overhead, yellow flowers, such as Nasturtiums, are particularly pleasing. A cheerful tone runs through all the shades and the colors are exceptionally bright. Butterfly. Light yellow, with blotch of deep red on lower

petal.

Chameleon. A mixture of changing and inconstant shades, all richly colored and on the same plant.

Fulgens. Extra bright crimson, foliage dark. Gold Garnet. Orange yellow with garnet blotches.

Jupiter. Large, bright, golden yellow.

King of the Blacks. Dark-red flowers and dark foliage. Lucifer. Blossoms deep crimson; leaves brownish green. Moonlight. Immense creamy yellow flowers.

Orange. Beautiful orange shade. Regina. Salmon-red, changing to almost cream color. Rose. Very deep rose-pink.

Spitfire. Brilliant flame-scarlet.

All, pkt. 10 cts.; 6 for 50 cts.; oz. 25 cts., postpaid. Tall Varieties, Mixed. All the named varieties, besides many others, in a splendid mixture of all colors and shades. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50. Hybrids of Madame Gunter, Mixed. A splendid mixture of

blotched, shaded, and variously marked varieties, in glowing tints. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

 Ivy-leaf, Mixed. Bright flowers and with leaves like the English ivy. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.
 Variegated Queen, or Tall Variegated-leaved, Mixed. Every leaf is variegated with yellow, white, and green. This gives a new and very handsome appearance to the plant. The flowers are of all colors and plants come entirely true from seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Dwarf Varieties

The plants form a small, round bush, 12 to 16 inches high, which is a mass of bloom all summer. Do not water too much nor sow on rich ground if abundance of bloom is desired. Dwarf Nasturtiums are excellent to line road-

ways or wherever a tall border is pretty.

Aurora. Terra-cotta, veined carmine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz.

25 cts. Chameleon, Mixed. A dwarf mixture of blotched and inconstant shades on one plant. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts. Golden King. Rich golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts. King of Tom Thumbs. Dark scarlet; dark green leaves.

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

King Theodore. Very deep crimson—the darkest of all,
nearly black; dark foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Rosy Morn. This beautiful new variety of Nasturtium is a remarkably bright, light cherry-scarlet. The plant is compact, with an abundance of flowers which are borne

well above the leaves. Pkt. 15 cts.
Ruby King. Bright red, tinted salmon. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Queen of Tom Thumbs. Rosy scarlet; bright green foliage variegated with creamy white. This makes the plant attractive both before and after flowering. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts. White, or Pearl. Very light lemon-yellow or primrose.

Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

All packets 10 cts. each; 6 for 50 cts.

Dwarf Varieties—Continued

Scarlet. Also called "Cloth of Gold." Yellow foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

Dwarf Varieties, Mixed. A splendid mixture of all the above, besides many other varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50.

Variegated-leaved, Dwarf, Mixed. Handsome bedding variety; leaves very attractive. Flowers come in all colors and contrast brightly with the variegated leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). hhA and P. Good flowering shade plants are rare, especially in bright colors. The Evening Primroses like half shade best and are yellow in color. The blossom is fully expanded only late in the afternoon. Makes a good plant to grow

close to a house.

Annual Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Lamarckiana. P. A bright yellow Evening Primrose, of great beauty. It is found wild in many parts of Cali-

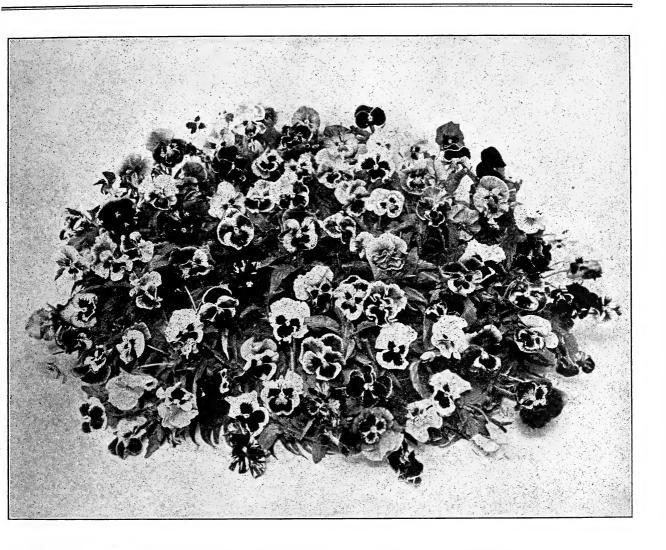
fornia. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts. lifornica. Our new red-budded variety. Flowers are large and bright yellow. Pkt. 10 cts. Californica.

NASTURTIUMS!

If you have the space for them, you cannot have too many Nasturtiums. Few flowers add such rich "bits of beauty" to the garden as do the different types of Nasturtiums. Plant seed anywhere, but especially along embankments and fences, or in fact anywhere it is desired to have brightly colored flowers in profusion.



Tall Nasturtium, Hybrids of Madame Gunter



PANSY, Morse's Prize Strain Mixture

- MORSE'S PRIZE STRAIN. This mixture contains all the Giant Flowered varieties, the plain colors, faced sorts and those with ruffled edges. The seed is procured from the most famous Pansy Gardens in America, France and England and harvested from exhibition flowers only. We purchase all our Pansies in separate colors and make up our mixtures from our own formulas. Colors are equally blended with neither light nor dark shades predominating. Price, per packet (about 500 seeds), 50 cts.
- MORSE'S SPECIAL ENGLISH EXHIBITION. A special mixture of English faced Pansies from the finest prize collections in Great Britain. We have carried this type for many years with great success. Pkt. 75 cts.
- MORSE'S GIANT STRAIN. This is a superfine mixture of American type Pansies, in a large variety of colors. Grown by the famous Pansy specialists, "Steele's Pansy Gardens." Seed grown in the Pacific Northwest. Pkt. 25 cts.
- ORCHID or CATTLEYA FLOWERED MIXED. A mixture of delicate shades and pleasing light tones of yellows, lavender, red and mauve. Flowers large size, entirely new tones. Pkt. 20 cts.
- MORSE'S BEDDING MIXTURE. These are smaller type Pansies than the Giant variety but are made up from straight color varieties as listed on next page. For massing and bedding where a mixture of good colors is required at a moderate price, these will be found very satisfactory. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.25.

MORSE'S SUPERB PANSIES

Pansies thrive best in a moist, shady location and in rich, loamy soil. Seed should be sown in the autumn for early spring blossoms, or can be sown early in the year for good flowers late in the spring. The plants must be transplanted twice in order to get the largest flowers—once from the seed-box to a chosen bed, and again to the open garden. This is important if large-sized Pansies are desired. Use manure liberally. The blossoms are usually larger in the spring and again in the fall, but are small during the hot months.

MORSE'S GIANT FLOWERED

In separate colors Pkt. 20 cts.; 6 pkts. for \$1.00

Giant Adonis. Light blue, with dark blue face. Giant Black. Pure black.

Giant Brown. Deep brown.

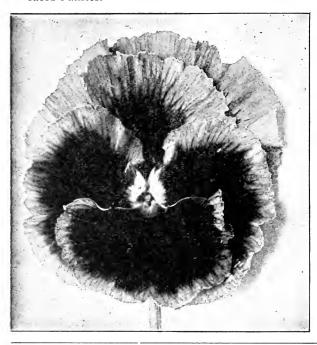
Giant Indigo-blue. A deep indigo color, faced variety.
Giant Lord Beaconsfield. Three lower petals purple, upper

two lavender.

Giant Madame Perret. Wine-color and white.

Giant Purple. A fine rich shade of purple.
Giant Pure White. Snow-white.
Giant White, Three-spotted. Trimardeau type. Three large purple spots.

Giant Pure Yellow. The largest size of this color. Giant Yellow, Three-spotted. Trimardeau type of yellowfaced Pansies.





BEDDING VARIETIES

In separate colors

These are especially recommended as perpetual bloomers and while not so large as the Giant-flowered varieties, are just as attractive as to color and color combinations. They are of neat and compact habit of growth and commence flowering very early and continue producing in-numerable blooms throughout the entire season. There is a wide range of color to select from and the different varieties are highly suitable for massing along the border or where separate colors are desired in beds.

Atropurpurea. Dark maroon. Azure-blue. Light blue, shaded darker.

Bronze. Deep mahogany.

Coquette de Poissy. Distinct mauve, shading to white on

the petals—very pretty shade. Fairy Queen. Blue, with azure margin. Fire King. Yellow, with maroon face.

Golden Gem. Pure yellow.
King of the Blacks (Faust). Black.
Lord Beaconsfield. Deep violet-blue on lower petals, shad-

ing to azure on the upper petals.

Ultramarine-blue. Bright blue. White (Snow Queen). Pure white.

White, with black center.

Bedding Varieties, Mixed.

Pkt. 10 cts.; any 6 pkts. 50 cts.; ¼ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.25.

We take great pride in making up our Pansy Mixtures. We buy the finest varieties obtainable from American. English and French growers. These are purchased in separate colors and are mixed by us, which insures a mixture of well-balanced colors.

Numerous unsolicited testimonials are received by us from satisfied customers. Here is one:

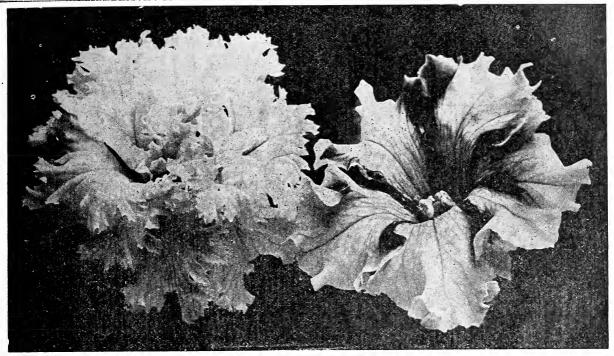
C. C. MORSE & CO.

Concord, California, August 19, 1924.

Gentlemen:

"Allow me to tell you that I am more than pleased with Pansies, Morse's Exhibition Strain and Morse's Prize Strain. One plant produced 110 Giant blooms in seven days. At all times, after full bloom, the plants carried from 20 to 60 long-stemmed blooms each and I had only four sets of duplicates.

Yours very truly,
JOHN T. ELKINS.



Single and Double Fringed Petunia

PETUNIAS

Petunias grow with little attention or care and in any soil when once started and bloom profusely all spring and summer. The large, double varieties do not produce seed, but the pollen from them is artificially crossed on the large, single, and fringed plants, and the seed so produced will make a percentage of double blossoms. The giant-flowered types produce large, single, plain-edged or fringed-edged blossoms, or very thickly double flowers. As Petunia seed is exceedingly fine, start the plants in a box or flower-pot and merely press into the soil after sowing, cover with chopped moss, or sift a little sand over to cover, and, if possible, allow the water to soak up from beneath. The weakest looking plants will develop the handsomest flowers, so save all the plants carefully.

Petunia seed is very fine and very expensive; there is, therefore, but very little seed, almost like dust, in each packet.

GIANT-FLOWERED VARIETIES (All fertilized by hand)

De Luxe Bedding Mixture. Contains many colors of large flowering varieties. Pkt. 25 cts.

Single, Plain Edge, Mixed. Deep throated, brilliantly blotched. Pkt. 25 cts.

Single, Fringed Edged, Mixed. Deep throated, brilliantly blotched. Pkt. 25 cts.

Morse's Superb Giants. Very strong, vigorous plants with

enormous flowers in a great variety of colors, some blotched, some veined and in pretty light shades. If you appreciate fine giant Petunias, try these. Pkt. 50 cts.

Double, Plain Edged, Mixed. White, blotched and brilliantly colored. About 20 per cent come double. Pkt. 50 cts.

Double, Fringed, Mixed. Striped and blotched. Pkt. 50 cts. SMALL-FLOWERED VARIETIES

(For bedding) Rosy Morn. Bears a great number of flowers which are a bright rosy pink with white throat. The plants are small and compact and flower most freely. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

Fine Mixed. Good mixture of small free-blooming colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

One of the most satisfactory annual bedding plants because it blooms over so long a time. A hardy annual, growing from 6 inches to 1 foot high, and bearing beautiful and brilliantly-colored flowers. Sow seed in the fall for early flowers.

Pkt. 10 cts.; 6 pkts. 50 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.50.

1/4 oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.25. Pure white. Mixed.

BLOOD RED. Dark red.

CARNEA. Pale pink, with rose center. CHAMOIS ROSE. Deep pink, with yellow center.

SPLENDENS. Bright red, with white eye.

VIOLET. Violet, with white eye. YELLOW. Primrose yellow.

FINE MIXED. Mixture of the above colors.

STARRED and FRINGED MIXED. A mixture producing star shaped and pointed blossoms.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

Mixed. Individual flowers similar to the annual variety, but borne in clusters of 30 to 40 flowers on a tall stiff stem 2 to 4 feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.

PASSION FLOWER (Passiflora). hhP. One of our best and most showy perennial climbers. Grows luxuriantly either from cuttings or seed. A very satisfactory climber of rapid growth, which will cover a porch or small cottage in one summer.

Pink. Evergreen foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.

Purple. Pkt. 10 cts.

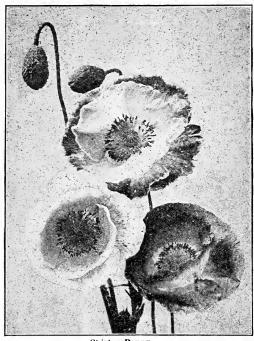
Scarlet. Very beautiful vine with large, round blossoms of intense scarlet. Stands only light frosts. Pkt. 10

PERENNIAL PEA. See Lathyrus latifolius. PELARGONIUM. See Geranium.

PERIWINKLE. See Vinca.

PENTSTEMON. hP. A hardy perennial producing freely spikes of bright colored and spotted flowers. Attains a height of from 2 to 3 feet and never becomes ragged

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 40 cts. Excelsior, Mixed. An extra superb strain of this fine flower. Selected for largest size and finest light colors. You will be pleased with this. Pkt. 25 cts.



Shirley Poppy

POPPY

Sow seed in open ground where plants are to remain and thin to 6 to 12 inches. If left thick the plants will be weak and spindling and the blossoms inferior. To avoid getting the seed too thick, it can be mixed with dry sand before sowing.

DOUBLE VARIETIES hA

Cardinal. A bright scarlet; fringed; double. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

Cardinal Chamois. Salmon-pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts. White Fringed, Carnation-flowered. fringed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts. Large; double;

Morse's Double Chinese, Mixed. Unusually fine double flowers, in a wonderful range of colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

SINGLE VARIETIES A Admiral. Large pure white flower with a broad crimson border. Pkt. 10 cts.

Tulip-flowered. Intense scarlet, single blossoms. Plant about 2½ to 3 feet high. The brightest colored of all Poppies. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

Shirley. The most beautiful type of Poppies, having soft, incl. blos.

hairy foliage and an immense variety of single blossoms in white, pink, apricot, and shades of red and scarlet. The petals are very dainty and look as if made from crepe paper.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES (Bloom first year from seed)

ICELAND. A graceful, delicate variety, a foot tall, with white, orange and yellow single blossoms, the petals resembling crumpled tissue paper. The plant is low and compact; excellent for cutting. Sow in the fall Sow in the fall where plants are to remain and thin. Orange. The well-known florists' variety. Orange shade.

Pkt. 10 cts.

White, Yellow, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. ORIENTALE. The large Oriental Poppy. A hardy plant, bearing large brilliant crimson flowers, with a black blotch on each petal. Very showy and attractive. Height 2½ feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 40 cts.

Victoria. A large, salmon-colored Oriental Poppy. Pkt.

15 cts.

PORTULACA

Tender creeping annual, 6 to 8 inches high, bearing glossy, cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant colors. The foliage and stems are thick. The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass or when the weather is hot. These flowers love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

Golden Yellow, Scarlet, Pink, White, Single Mixed, Double Mixed, Large-flowering. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

PRIMROSE (Primula)

The Chinese Fringed Primrose are very desirable for growing in the greenhouse or conservatory. For winter blooming, sow seed in April.

Double Fringed. Saved from the finest blossoms. Pkt. 50 cts.

HALF-HARDY VARIETIES

ricula. The Primrose of the Alps. Flowers variously colored, mostly yellow; fragrant. Seed selected from selected strain. Pkt. 25 cts. Auricula.

Malacoides. Small rosy-lilac flowers. A profuse bloomer. Pkt. 15 cts.

Veris Polyantha. A hardy sort, blooming early in the open gardens. Colors mostly red and yellow. Mixed colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00. Vulgaris. The true yellow English Primrose. Pkt. 10 cts.

Primrose, Evening. See OEnothera.

PYRETHRUM parthenifolium aureum (Golden Feather). hP. Small cut leaves of bright golden yellow. Much used for edging and borders. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts. Roseum hybridum. hP. Red-petaled flowers radiating from a golden yellow center. Buhach, or insect powder, is made from the dry flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 75

RANUNCULUS. P. Very handsome double flowers, 10 inches high, about 2 inches across. Blooms the first year from seed.

Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts. RED-HOT POKER PLANT. See Tritoma. RHODANTHE. See Everlastings. RICINUS. See Castor-Oil Bean.



Primrose-Pot Grown

CALIFORNIA GARDEN FLOWERS by Prof. Wickson. Price \$2.00, written especially for California conditions.

PHYSALIS Franchetii (Chinese Lantern Plant). tA. Has bright yellow or scarlet seed-pods. The fruit inside the pod is sometimes made into preserves. Pkt. 10 cts. PLATYCODON grandiflora (Japanese Bellflower). P.

giant Bellflower growing 2 feet tall and covered all summer with large, steel-blue flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

ROMNEYA Coulteri (California Tree Poppy). Also well known as the Matilija Poppy. This fine perennial is of a supreme and stately beauty. The flowers are large, 4 to 5 inches across, pure white, crinkled like crepe paper, with a fine bunch of yellow stamens, resembling white single peonies. The seed takes from 3 to 9 months to germinate. Pkt. 10 cts.

RUDBECKIA bicolor superba (Coneflower). The center

of this flower is brown, the petals golden yellow, with velvety brown spots at the base. A free-flowering annual 3 feet high; very effective as a cut-flower. Pkt.

10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

SALPIGLOSSIS

A half-hardy annual, growing about 3 feet high, and bearing trumpet-shaped blossoms of richest shades and colors.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

Superbissima, Emperor. A splendid giant-flowering strain, each stem loaded with these most handsome flowers, and each one richly veined with gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

SALVIA (Flowering Sage)

The flowering Sages are half-hardy perennials but best results are obtained by using fresh plants each year from seed sown indoors. These plants should commence flowering in July. tP. Splendens. Bright scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz.

75 cts.

Bonfire. A new dwarf Scarlet Sage of dense, compact growth. Height, 20 to 24 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 75 cts.

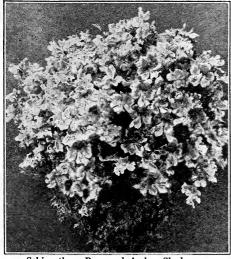
Dark Blood-red. A new tall variety with large flowerspikes. Much darker and richer in color than other scarlets. Pkt. 10 cts. Patens. Bright blue flowers. Height, 2 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride)

Also called Sweet Scabious, Old-Maid's Pincushion, Etc. Self-sown in California. Our mammoth-flowered strain of this old-fashioned flower is very beautiful and worthy of a place in every garden. The tall flowers are especially adapted for cutting and massing. These new flowers are double clear to the center, covering the thimble-shaped cone. Height, 2½ to 4 feet.

TALL DOUBLE SORTS

Azure Fairy, light blue; Black-purple; Snowball, pure white; Rose-pink, Red. Each Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.



Schizanthus-Rose and Amber Shades



Scabiosa or Mourning Bride

Mammoth-flowered Double, Mixed (S. maxima). An improved strain with large petals and beautiful colors.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 20 cts.
ucasica. A hardy perennial variety, with pale blue
flowers 4 to 5 inches across, and long stems. One of Caucasica. the handsomest perennial flowers; valuable for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

SCARLET FLAX. See Linum.

SCHIZANTHUS. Hardy annuals, growing 11/2 to 2 feet high, and covered with bright, showy, butterfly-like blossoms.

Large-flowering, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 30 cts.

SCHIZANTHUS WISETONENSIS, Rose and Amber Shades Mixed. hA. To be classed among the hardy annuals. Excellent as a house plant in winter and equally desirable for out of doors. Heretofore the colorings have been mostly of the pink shades and in this new selection we have really intensified the beauty of the variety. Make sowings frequently so as to have a lot of plants always coming on. Pkt. 25 cts.

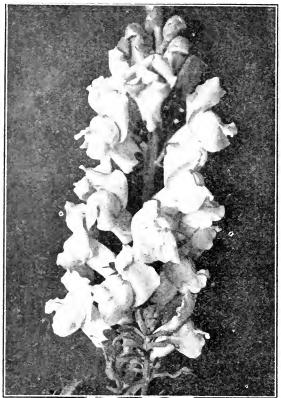
SEDUM coeruleum (Blue Stonecrop). A little annual bedding plant, 4 inches high; good in carpet-work. Pkt. 10 cts.

ILAX. A climbing perennial with beautiful, bright green, glossy leaves, much esteemed for its long, deli-SMILAX. cate sprays of foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

SOLANUM Capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry). For house or garden culture. The flowers are followed by small, brightly-colored fruit or berries, which almost completely cover the plant. Pkt. 10 cts.

SPIDER PLANT. See Cleome pungens.

STATICE, Russian. Long, rat-tail spikes of small pink flowers. Very effective and are everlasting. Pkt. 20 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.



Snapdragon "Silverpink"

SNAPDRAGON

Of late years the Snapdragon has become very popular both for forcing and outdoor growing. The flowers coming in shades of pink, rose, salmon and other light colors are very attractive while the stronger orange-scarlet and scar-let tints are glorious. They are a biennial and may be sown in fall or spring out doors. Set out the young plants not less than twelve inches apart.

TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING TYPE

24 to 30 inches high

Blood-red. Dark crimson-maroon, with dark foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Crescia. Scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Kathrine Morse. Color golden rose, callyx and stem dull gray-green, a good florist variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts.

Lilac Queen. Beautiful soft lilac. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50

Old Rose. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Princess Patricia. Beautiful flesh-pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Queen Victoria. Pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.: 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Vermilion Brilliant. Fine orange-scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4

Yellow. Large; golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 50 cts. Giant Striped, Mixed. Finest Scotch strain, unsurpassed for size, beauty, and variety of coloring. Pkt. 10 cts.;

1/4 oz. 40 cts. Giant-flowering, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.: ¼ oz. 30 cts. INTERMEDIATE TYPE

15 to 24 inches high, for bedding

Buy named sorts for finest varieties and results. Buff Queen. Lovely shade of rose with shaded orange lip.

Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

Crimson Queen. Very dark, velvety red with dark tube.
Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

Silver Pink. Flowers are of large size, and a beautiful shade of pearly pink, set closely on long spikes. The Florists' favorite pink. Pkt. 10 cts.

SNAPDRAGON—Continued

Fascination. Deep flesh-pink. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts. Golden Queen. Large; rich yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60

Mauve Beauty. An entirely new and rare color. A lovely shade of pale, clear mauve. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts. Vesuvius. Orange or flame color. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

White Beauty. The finest white. Award of Merit R. H. S. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.

Grandiflora, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)

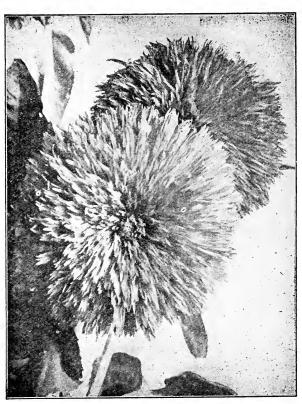
Hardy annuals, growing from 3 to 6 feet high. Of the easiest culture and suitable for a stately row or background. Plant when the ground is well warmed, in light or sandy soil.

Chrysanthemum-flowered. Large, densely double, bright golden-yellow flowers. The plant branches and affords fine, long stout stems for cutting. This is the best variety in existence. Height, 6 to 8 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

Cucumerifolius, Perkeo (Miniature Sunflower). The Cucumerifolius Sunflowers are small, both in flower and plant, and are often called "Cut-and-Come-Again" Sun-flowers. Perkeo is only 2 feet tall, but is covered with small (3-inch) golden yellow flowers with a dark eye. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cucumerifolius, Stella. Is considerably taller than Perkeo and has larger single flowers (6 inches across), yellow with black center. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Red Sunflower. Some are solid red, of a deep maroon shade; others are red with petals gold-tipped, and a variety of other pleasing combinations of red and gold. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.



Sunflower-Chrysanthemum Flowered

STOCKS

MORSE'S TEN-WEEKS' STOCKS, or GILLIFLOWER

No matter if situation is cold and windy, stocks will bloom there and give the garden color when otherwise it might be bare. They come in all shades-delicate pink, white, red, cream, and purple. Stocks are annual and hardy; they may be sown outdoors in spring or in boxes in winter and transplanted. Sow early, 1/8 inch deep. While all will flower the first year, the Dresden, Brompton,

and Winter Stocks will last for two years.

Stocks have been greatly improved by selection, and our strains, which are raised by expert growers, give fully 60 per cent of double flowers. There always will be some single plants, as those are the only ones which bear seed, and the plants should be set out in the garden sufficiently close for these single ones to be pulled up when they show their first flower, and still leave plenty of fine double plants. Stocks are of easy culture, are a long time in bloom, are hardy, very beautiful and satisfactory.

MORSE'S DWARF LARGE-FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS. Our strain of these has great rosettes set closely together so that the entire plant is hidden in the mass

of bloom. Plants 12 to 15 inches tall; early; the best for bedding effects or edges. Ours is a selected strain.

Blood Red; Light Blue; White; Canary-Yellow; Pink; Purple. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts

PERPETUAL, or DRESDEN STOCKS (Cut-and-Come-Again) Early, Large-flowering type

Brilliant. Deep rose-crimson—a very fine color. Pkt.

15 cts. Creole. A light yellow, slightly tinted flesh. Pkt. 15 cts.

Dark Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Rose-pink. Pkt. 15 cts.

Light Blue. Pkt. 15 cts.

Pure White. A pure white, double Stock; largely used by florists. Pkt. 15 cts.

Dresden Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

NICE STOCKS For Summer and Winter

Tall Stocks, nicely branching, with large double flowers, not tightly clustered but borne along the entire stem. Sow in July and August and they will flower all winter. There are many new varieties in this class. May be treated as summer Stocks, for they bloom quite early from seed. Height, 2 feet. hB.

Almond Blossom. White, shaded pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Beauty of Nice. A beautiful flesh-pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Souv. de Monaco. Splendid crimson. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Mont Blanc. Improved pure white. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Monte Carlo. A good yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts. Summer Night. Purple or violet color. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Belle of Naples. Old rose. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Queen Alexandra. Light lilac, shading deeper at bottom of petals and lighter on the new flowers. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 60 cts.

Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

WINTER STOCKS

Handsome late-flowering sorts. White Lady. Our new pure white winter Stock. Grows about 20 inches high, has large branches bearing lustrous, snowy white, double flowers most freely. grandest white Stock there is. Pkt. 20 cts.

Brompton, or Winter Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

SWEET ROCKET (Hesperis). A hardy perennial, growing 2 to 3 feet high. This old-fashioned, fragrant flower is of the easiest culture, and bears clusters of white and purple blossoms.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea moschata.

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)

A beautiful sweet-scented, old-fashioned perennial. Grows 1 to 2 feet high and bears its flowers in clusters at the end of a stiff stem. The individual flowerets are handsomely colored and marked. It makes a beautiful bedding plant, and is of easy culture. hP.

Crimson Bedder. Beautiful crimson variety especially suitable for massing in beds or borders. Pkt. 10 cts.;

1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Pink Beauty. A truly wonderful pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Scarlet Beauty. Intense scarlet. These new sorts should be planted by everyone. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Single Varieties, Mixed. More attractive than the double. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Double Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.

THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan). A hardy annual climber, growing about 4 feet long. Blossoms are buff, orange or white, with dark centers.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

TITHONIA speciosa. tA. A new orange-colored flower resembling a single zinnia in form. Starts blooming at 2 feet and grows to 6 feet high. Flowers cut well. Pkt.

TRANSVAAL DAISY (Gerbera Jamesonii). tP. Intense vermilion. Flowers, 4 inches across, on tall stems 1½ feet high. Sow seed upright, stem end up, in box of peat and loam. Two plants from a package is a fair average. Do not over-water; very beautiful. Pkt. 25 seeds, 25 cts.

TRITOMA NEW HYBRIDS (Red-Hot Poker Plant). P. These bloom readily from seed the first year. Quite a variation in colors—orange through orange-scarlets to an intense flame color. Height 18 inches. Hardy perennial. Pkt. 15 cts.

VALERIAN. hP. Does well in half shade. Height, 21/2 feet.

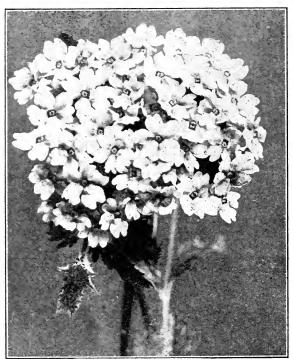
Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). tP. Useful for bedding in summer and for the greenhouse in winter. Blooms freely the first year from seed. Flowers Rose, Crimson, and White. (The trailing blue Vinca or Myrtle propagates from plants only.)

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

VIOLET, Single Blue (Viola odorata). Although these flowers do best propagated from cuttings, they grow readily from seed, and have a very fragrant blossom. Pkt. 10 cts.

VIRGINIAN STOCK. Sow seed early in spring. Blooms freely and are very attractive for a long time. hA. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.



Mammoth Flowered Verbena

VERBENAS

MORSE'S GIANT STRAIN

Half-hardy trailing perennial of easy culture. Single plants in rich so I will cover a space three or four feet in diameter. Sow seed early and transplant the young seedlings to stand 18 inches to 2 feet apart.

Any six 10-ct. varieties for 50 cts.

Pink Shades. Mammoth strains of rose shades. Pkt. 10

cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Pure White. Mammoth strain. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts. Purple and Blue Shades. Mammoth strains. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts.

Scarlet Defiance. Large, brilliant scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.;

 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60 cts. Striped Varieties. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.

Mammoth-flowered, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. VIOLAS (Tufted Pansies). hhP. These have smaller flowers than the regular pansies, but bear them so pro-

fusely that they are preferred for bedding effects where color only is wanted. Height, 6 inches. Purple (Cornuta); Yellow; White; Mixed, all varieties.

Each Pkt. 10 cts.

VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). A. Flowers pink and white, shaped somewhat like a single pink. Height, 12 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

${f WALLFLOWER}$

Half-hardy perennial, blooming the first year from seed. Height, 1 to 2 feet.

Annual Golden Gem. Large single, pure yellow flowers. Gives an exceptionally bright color effect. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.

Vulcan. Giant, bright crimson single variety. A fine companion to Golden Gem in bedding effects. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.

Annual Paris Brown. Pkt. 10 cts. Fine Single, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/8 oz. 50 cts.

WISTARIA, Chinese-flowering, Tall Blue. Climber. Pkt.

XERANTHEMUM (Everlasting Flower).

ZINNIA

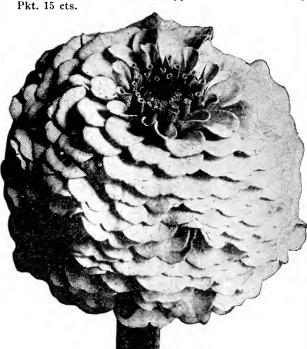
A hardy annual growing readily from seed sown in the open ground. The growth is about three feet high with numerous side branches. Sow seed thinly and later set out the young plants to stand two feet apart in the row. hhA. MORSE'S DOUBLE GIANT-FLOWERED is large in size

and depth. A magnificent strain.

Price in separate colors, 15 cts, a pkt.; 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Morse's Giant Burnt OrangeMorse's Giant Purple Morse's Giant Buttercup Morse's Giant Salmon Morse's Giant Crimson Morse's Giant Scarlet Morse's Giant Lavender Morse's Giant Yellow Morse's Giant White Morse's Giant Pink

Morse's Giant Mixed Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/2 oz. 65 cts. DAHLIA FLOWERED ZINNIAS. The largest of all Zinnias. New and special varieties of these wonderful

Zinnias will be found on page 46. Pumila, Dwarf Double. The best bedding variety. All 10 cts. per packet, 6 varieties 50 cts. Purple, Scarlet, White, Crimson, Pink, Salmon Rose, Yellow and Mixed. Pompon, Mixed. Small globe-shaped flowers. Pkt. 10 cts. Curled or Crested. Beautiful type. Finest mixed only.



Morse's Double Glant Zinnia, All Colors

CALIFORNIA WILD-FLOWER COLLECTION

The descriptions of these beautiful wild flowers will be found in the list of Flower Seeds under their alphabetical order.

One packet of each is included in this collection. Baby Blue-Eyes. See Nemophila insignis.

Blazing Star. See Bartonia aurea.

Blue Gilia. See Gilia achilleaefolia. California Poppy. See Eschscholtzia californica.

Clarkia. See Clarkia elegans.

Evening Primrose. See OEnothera.

Farewell to Spring. See Goldetia amoena. Lupin. See Lupin.

Matilija Poppy. See Romneya Coulteri. Sand Verbena. See Abronia umbellata. Sea Dahlia. See Leptosune maritima.

ALL POSTPAID FOR \$1.00

EVERLASTING, or STRAW FLOWERS

The plants grow readily from seed sown in the open ground late in the spring. After the plants are well started they should be thinned to stand from six inches to a foot apart, according to height of mature plants. Cut the flowers when freshly opened, tie in small bunches and dry slowly in a cool shady place with the flower heads downward so that stems may be straight.

Acroclinium. hhA. One of the most desirable for wreaths. Grows about 12 inches high.

Double Pink, Double White, Double Mixed, Single Mixed.

Each Pkt. 10 cts. Gomphrena (Globe Amaranth). hA. Produces small ballshaped flowers measuring one inch in diameter. Height

twenty inches.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Helichrysum. hA. The most popular of all Everlasting Flowers. In form somewhat like an Aster. The colors are bright and the flowers are very attractive when dried. Height 30 inches.

Pink, Red, Salmon, Mixed, above and other colors. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

Rhodanthe. Another attractive Straw Flower. The single blooms color up well. Height 15 inches.

Rose, Pkt. 10 cts.

Statice, Russian. Pkt. 20 cts.

Statice, Blue, Yellow, or White. Pkt. 10 cts. each. Xeranthemum. Double flowers in many colors. May be used for decorations in either fresh or dried condition. Height 15 inches. Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Most graceful during the summer and fall and if the sprays are cut off when freshly opened and slowly dried in a cool place they may be used for decorative purposes. Agrostis nebulosa. hA. Dwarf growth with slender leaves

and feathery sprays. Ten inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Avena sterilis (Animated Oat). hhA. Grows 2½ feet high. Seed closely resembles the oat and when dry,

seed is moistened it becomes animated. Pkt. 10 cts. Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass). A. The sprays or seed heads are borne in a thickened panicle resembling somewhat the rattle of a rattlesnake. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Briza Gracilia. A. (Small Quaking Grass.) Small heads or panicles of a graceful growth. One foot high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Bromis Brizaefornie. A. Large drooping panicles. Two feet high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears). The plants growing 18 inches high bear the hard seeds abundantly. Pkt. 10 cts. Erogrostis elegans (Love Grass). A. Of graceful growth

and quite beautiful. Height one foot. Pkt. 10 cts. Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). P. Of very strong growth, 5 feet in height. The long slender dark green blades are striped across their width with creamy yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.

Gynerium argenteum (Pampas Grass). hhP. Growing 10 feet high it throws out long dark-green blades and the numerous large plumes are large in size and of beautiful feathery appearance. Pkt. 10 cts.

Zea Japonica. White and green striped Corn. Very attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.

HARDY ANNUAL FLOWER MIXTURE. Especially prepared for planting in odd spots where cultivation is difficult. A perfect blending of hardy annuals, including those that experience has proved, thrive under the weather and soil conditions of California. Under ordinary gardening methods, the planter may expect quite a long season of continuous blooms. Large packet 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

TREE SEEDS

ABIES Douglasii (Douglas Spruce). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50

ACACIA Baileyana. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. lophantha. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts. melanoxylon. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

mollissima. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. CALIFORNIA FAN PALM (Washingtonia filifera). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 20 cts.

CUPRESSUS arizonica (Blue Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz.

Italian Cypress. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 80 cts.

Lawsoniana (Lawson's Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50

macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35

DATE PALM (Phoenix canariensis). Pkt. 15 cts.; 100 seeds for 50 cts.

EUCALYPTUS amygdalina (Giant Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 90 cts.

citriodora. Pkt. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.75.

corynocalyx (Sugar Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00. ficifolia (Scarlet Gum). 25 seeds for 25 cts. globulus (Blue Gum). Pkt. 20 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

leucoxylon (Pink Ironbark). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

polyanthemos. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.25. populifolia. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.50. punctata. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 75 cts.

resinifera (Forest Mahogany). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 90 cts. robusta (Swamp Mahogany). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. rostrata (Red Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. Stuartiana (Apple-scented Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

tereticornis (Gray Gum). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. viminalis. Pkt. 15 cts.: oz. 60 cts.

GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak of East Australia). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

LIBOCEDRUS decurrens (Thuya Craigana). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

PICEA grandis (Western Balsam Fir). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

magnifica. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. PEPPER TREE (Schinus molle). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts. PINUS insignis (Monterey Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 40 cts.

Jeffreyi. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

Lambertiana (Sugar Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. ponderosa (Yellow Pine). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts. SEQUOIA gigantea (Wellingtonia gigantea). Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

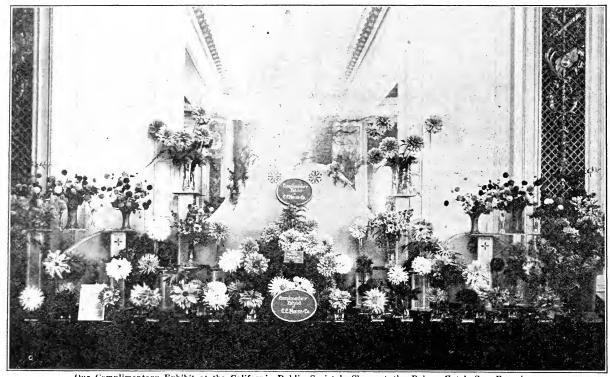
sempervirens. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

NURSERY DEPARTMENT Berries for Fall and Spring Planting

All large well-rooted one-year-old stock, except Currants and Gooseberries, which are two-year-old bushes. Lots up to 10 prepaid, others F. O. B. San Francisco. Prices subject to stock being unsold on receipt of order. Write us for prices on larger quantities.

Each	10	100
Blackberry-Mammoth \$0.25	\$2.00	\$14.00
Blackberry—Himalaya	2.00	14.00
Blackberry-Cory's Thornless	2.50	17.50
Blackberry—Burbank Thornless	2.00	14.00
Blackberry-Macatawa	2.00	14.00
Blackberry—Lawton	2.00	14.00
Blackberry—Evergreen	2.00	14.00
Loganberry—Tip rooted	1.25	8.75
Loganberry—1 year old	2.00	14.00
Dewberries—Gardena	2.00	14.00
Dewherries-Lucretia	2.00	14.00
Japanese Wine Berry	2.50	17.50
Burbank's Phenomenal	2.75	17.50
Raspberry—Cuthbert\$0.15	\$1.00	\$ 6.00
Raspberry-St. Regis	1.50	10.00
Raspberry—Golden Queen	1.50	10.00
Raspberry—Superlative	1.50	10.00
Currants-Red Cherry, Red Cross, Fay's Prolific		
and White Grape	2.50	17.58
Currants-Giant Black and Black Naples	2.50	17.50
Gooseberry-Downing	2.50	17.50
Gooseberry-Oregon Champion	2.50	17.50
Strawberries-Banner, Dollar, Ettersburg, Klon-		
dyke, Marshall, Oregon, Everbearing \$0.35	\$2.50	\$15.00
Dozen lots, postage 5 cts. dozen extra.		

MORSE'S DAHLIAS



Our Complimentary Exhibit at the California Dahlia Society's Show at the Palace flotel, San Francisco

Dahlias will do well in almost any kind of soil, but prefer a medium loam to produce the best blossoms. The bulbs should be planted in a horizontal position, with the eye or sprout up and about four inches below the surface of the ground. Planting should be done in April or May, after all danger of frost is over. The bulbs should be planted three or four feet apart each way. Ground should be spaded deeply before planting and the soil should be kept loose with frequent hoeing. Cultivation is necessary if satisfactory results are desired.

Morse's Dahlia Fertilizer is a splendid food for this plant and if applied just as the buds start to form, it will increase the size of the blooms and improve the color of the flowers. If large blossoms are desired for exhibition or cutting, it is absolutely necessary to disbud.

Roots are removed from the ground, after the frost has killed the foliage. After digging, the clumps should be allowed to dry for two or three days and then should be put away in a cool, dry, dark place where frost will not reach them. About three weeks before planting, bring to the light and sprinkle a little soil around the stalks to start the eyes to swell. If possible, cutting should be done after the shoots appear, for this enables the divisions to be made with the least possible waste.

PRICES ARE POSTPAID TO THIRD ZONE

NEW INTRODUCTIONS FOR 1925

IVORY (Hybrid Cactus). An unusually good flower, with strong, stiff stems. Blossoms are medium size and the color is an even shade of ivory. Petals are slightly curled and this variety is a wonderful keeper. A Gleadell production. \$1.50.

RED WING (Peony). Terra cotta or brick red, with a faint suffusion of gold. Flowers are large, with broad flat petals. Stems are stiff, carrying blooms above the

foliage. \$2.50.

T. C. HOLMES (Hybrid Cactus). Rich shade of old gold, with each petal tipped with blush pink. Flowers are very large with considerable depth and are held erect on long, stiff stems. This variety is a perfect Hybrid type and is desirable in every way. It is considered by the grower, Mr. Gleadell, to be one of his best productions and makes an unusually good cut flower. In the garden, it is a mass of blooms and is one of the best exhibition varieties we know of. \$5.00.

MORSE'S COLLECTIONS OF DAHLIAS

HOME GARDEN COLLECTION. Twelve good varieties, assorted types and colors. Our selection. \$5.00.

SPECIAL COLLECTION. A collection of twelve Dahlias, listed at \$1.00 or over. Assorted types and colors. \$7.50. DECORATIVE COLLECTION. A collection of twelve

California Decoratives, containing one each of the following:

Aurora Golden Glow Pride of California Princess Pat Carmencita Halvella All Caroline Wintjen Mrs. Carl Salbach The Grizzly
Dr. Tevis Mrs. E. C. Boston Scottish Chief \$8.00 POMPON COLLECTION. Twelve assorted Pompon Dahlias. Each bulb different and all named and tagged.

MORSE'S HYBRIDIZED DAHLIA SEED. A mixture of seed from the best varieties of prize Dahlias. Pkt. 35

These collections sent postpaid to Third Zone.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

Large, double flowers, full to the center, having broad flat, loose petals. The most popular type of Dahlia today. AMUN RA. A decorative of immense size, with long, stiff stems. Color is a beautiful shade of coppery orange. \$2.50 each.

AURORA BOREALIS. A decorative-collarette. Petals

are purple with a small white collar. \$1.50 each.

BLACK JACK. Very large flowers of the darkest shade of crimson maroon, almost black. The flowers are extremely large and do not burn. One of the best exhibition and garden varieties. \$5.00 each.
BESSIE BOSTON. Glowing crimson, with petals cleft at

the edges. 50 cts. each.

BYRON. Crimson maroon. Very fine cut flower. 50 cts. CARMENCITA. Golden yellow, striped and splashed with crimson. A compact grower and free bloomer. \$1.00. CAROLINE WINTJEN. Beautiful salmon pink, with rose

shadings. A favorite cut flower. 75 cts. each.

CHAMPAGNE. One of the best dahlias of recent intro-Color is a golden champagne with chamois shadings. Immense blooms with good stems. \$5.00 each. Lovely pink. Best cut-flower variety. 35 cts. DELICE. DR. TEVIS. Pleasing combination of salmon and old rose. 75 cts. each.

EARLE WILLIAMS. Scarlet, tipped white. Very attrac-

tive. \$2.50 each.

GOLDEN GLOW. Striking shade of gold and apricot.

Good keeping qualities. \$1.00 each.

HAVELLA. An exquisite shade of mulberry-rose. Enormous flowers, full to the center; borne on stiff stems. \$2.50 each.

JANE SELBY. Delicate rose-pink. True type. 75 cts.
JOHN LEWIS CHILDS. The best fancy Decorative we
know of. Deep yellow, splashed and striped deep red.
Petals long and pointed and occasionally tipped white. \$2.00 each.

J. W. DAVIES. Deep shade of cerise in center of flower, gradually shading to a lighter shade. A large flower,

good in every way. \$3.00 each.

KITTY DUNLAP. One of the most popular of all of the decorative dahlias. The color is a beautiful shade of tyrian rose, similar to the coloring of the American Beauty Rose. The formation of the flowers is perfect. Blossoms are very large and always full to the center. Stems are strong and stiff and this is one of the best cut flowers as well as one of the best exhibition varieties. \$3.00 each. LEAH M. GLEADELL.

A splendid new Dahlia and a welcome addition in its class. Flowers are very large, held erect on good strong stems. A rich shade of old gold and copper and will give satisfaction in every way. A wonderful cut flower, good in the garden, as it is a

mass of blooms all season. \$5.00 each.

LE GRANDE MANITOU. White; striped and splashed maroon. 50 cts. each.

MABEL B. TAFT. Apricot suffused with yellow. A good

cut flower. 75 cts. each.

MARECHAL FOCH. Bright scarlet tipped with gold. \$1.50 each.

MARYAN. Rich apricot with orange and buff shadings.

75 cts. each.
MARY C. BURNS. A large and very attractive flower. Color is old gold, with the reverse of the petals red. \$1.50 each.

MRS. CARL SALBACH. The largest and most perfect variety of its color, which is an attractive shade of

lavender pink. Stems are very good. \$1.00 each. MRS. E. C. BOSTON. One of the best white decoratives. The formation is perfect and this variety is much in demand. \$1.00 each.

MRS. I. De Ver WARNER. The color is a deep orchid mauve pink. The flowers are large and of perfect form. \$2.50 each.

MRS. MARY HOLMES. A large, clear yellow. An excellent cut flower and one that should be in every garden. \$1.00 each.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS—Cont'd

MRS. PAUL J. AUDITTE. Color rich apricot; very large

flower. Good stems and habit. \$1.00 each.
PRIDE OF SAN FRANCISCO. A beautiful shade of orange and salmon pink. Flowers are medium size and

\$2.50 each.

PAUL MICHAEL. An immense flower of bright apricot with bronze shadings. A prize-winner at the recent shows. \$2.00 each.

always full to the center, having good stiff stems.

PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA. Crimson. A good cut flower.

One we highly recommend. 75 cts. each.
PRINCESS PAT. Magnificent. A glorious shade of old-

rose. \$1.00 each. PROXIE. Very deep velvety red. The king of red Dahlias.

\$1.50 each.

ROYAL GOLD. Beautiful shade of gold and amber; very free flowering. An excellent cut flower. \$1.00 each. ROOKWOOD. A Dahlia of exceptional merit. "An en-

tirely new shade of pink, which is more like the popular Russel Rose than any other flower. It is a pure, bright cerise rose.' \$5.00 each.

ROSA NELL. Clear bright rose, with long stiff stems. The flowers are of great depth and the formation is

good. \$1.50 each.

SEABRIGHT. Orange buff; splendid cut flower variety

50 cts. each.

SHUDOW'S LAVENDER. A wonder large flower of lavender, shading to white. One of the best of the newer Dahlias. \$4.00 each. SUNSHINE. Brilliant scarlet, tipped with gold. A bright

attractive flower. \$1.00 each.

SUFFRAGETTE. A bright canary yellow of good formation, with petals occasionally tipped with white. \$2.50 each.

THE MILLIONAIRE. Delicate lavender with faint pink

shading. 75 cts. each.

THE GRIZZLY. Dark, velvety maroon flowers of very large size. \$1.00 each.

W. D'ARCY RYAN. Rosy purple, marked white. \$1.00

PAEONY-FLOWERED

Semi-double flowers, always showing an open center. Petals are usually broad and flat.

AGNES BOSTON. Large flower; royal purple shading to white. \$2.50 each.

BARBARA BELL (Gleadell). wonderful Dahlia. \$1.00 each. Rose-pink; very large,

CITY OF PORTLAND. Large flower of clear, deep yellow. Stems very long and stiff. \$1.00 each.

CREAM KING. Deep cream. Good for garden and exhibition purposes. 50 cts. each.

ELSA. Fluffy cream-white flowers; very large. 75 cts. GEISHA. Yellow, heavily suffused with scarlet. 75 cts.

each. GORGEOUS. Yellow and crimson. A prize-winner. \$2.00 each.

LLOYD GEORGE. (Gleadell). Light apricot, shaded to bronze. \$1.00 each.

MEYERBEER. Beautiful crimson-purple; indispensable for garden effect. 75 cts. each.

MRS. JOHN BRAY. Fancy Dahlia. White ground striped

with maroon. \$1.00 each.

MRS. JESSIE SEAL. Magnificent old-rose with gold

shadings. \$1.00 each.

NATALIE MAI. Rich burgundy and velvety maroon, suf-

fused with gold. \$1.00 each.
PEARL RUGGLES. One of the finest of this class. Color is a carmine rose shading to light pink at the tips, and to white toward center of flower. \$1.50 each.

THE BILLIONAIRE. An enormous flower with old-gold

shadings. 50 cts. each.

THE ORIOLE. A striking combination of burnt orange, red and yellow and one of the best of the newer intro-The flowers are large and the stems long ductions. and stiff. \$2.00 each.

CACTUS DAHLIAS

Flowers are double to the center and have long, narrow, pointed petals, sometimes straight and sometimes incurved and twisted. Alabaster. This is undoubtedly the best pure white cactus. Stems are good, blossoms large.....\$1.00 Amber Glow. Bright amber, deepening to pale orange in center. Good exhibition variety...... 1.50 R. Perry. Old-rose tipped gold. Large flowers, with incurved petals..... Ballet Girl. Red and white; very attractive...... 2.00 Dr. Roy Appleton. Yellow, shading to pink tips...... E. F. Hawes. A clear pink and one of the best. Stems very strong and plant blooms profusely...... 1.00 F. W. Fellows. Beautiful orange shade..... Herbert Raby. A good exhibition variety. Flowers are deep crimson Miss Margaret Stredwick. Silvery pink, with a deeper center. Flowers are incurved. One of the most slightly incurved Pierrot. Flowers amber, each petal regularly tipped .50 Sovereignty. Pleasing shade of canary-yellow. A good cut-flower Sweet Briar. Pretty shade of light pink, fine gar-.50 den variety Valient II. Brilliant crimson; large flower; incurved

HYBRID CACTUS

This type has broader petals than the Cactus type and blossoms are large and heavy. One of the most popular types at the present time.

California Enchantress. Lovely shade of light pink.

Flowers are well formed \$1.00 Daddy Butler. Carmine-rose, or the shade of the American Beauty rose. Flowers are large and a Elsie Oliver. Large flowers of a soft shade of pink shading to cream. This is one of the largest and the best and is a perfect exhibition variety as well as a good garden flower..... George Walters. Rich salmon pink, with long, stiff stems Golden West. Beautiful shade of old gold, and a pink. A free bloomer and very attractive..... Kalif. A rich shade of clear scarlet. Immense blooms with stiff stems..... La Favorita. A great favorite. Large flowers of a brilliant orange 1.00 Large blooms of great depth and substance. The color is a lovely shade of lilac. The stems are good and the habit of the plant is all that could be desired..... Matador. A beautiful old rose. Flowers are large with each petal slightly cleft at the tips...... 1.00 Mrs. Richard Lohrman. A wonderful pure, rich yellow. A fine garden flower...... 1.00 Mrs. W. E. Estes. Very large, beautiful, clear white. Petals are long and twisted..... Mrs. Edna Spencer. A wonderful flower of orchidlavender. Keeps well as a cut flower...... 1.00 Ruth C. Gleadell. Center of the flower, a deep canary yellow, shading to apricot pink. A good garden variety and a good cut flower..... San Francisco. Reddish bronze, very large blooms... Spa. Deep lilac, and desirable for all purposes. Very

SHOW DAHLIAS

Round, compact, ball-shaped flowers, double to the center.

Anna Rehorst. (Hybrid Show.) A giant deep purple. Flowers are very large and held well above the foliage\$0.50 Clara Seaton. (Hybrid Show.) Apricot bronze..... Esmond. Clear yellow
General Haig. Brilliant scarlet, perfect form...... .50 .75 General Miles. (Hybrid Show.) One of the largest in this class. Lavender, splashed with magenta Gold Medal. Canary yellow, flaked with red, very attractive James Cocker. Rich shade of deep purple. A wonderful exhibition variety..... John Walker. The best pure white..... Pink, sometimes splashed crimson. Les Armours. .50Yuban. (Hybrid Show.) Yellow striped and speckled One each of the above twelve named varieties

of Show Dahlias, \$5.00. POMPON DAHLIAS

Plants more dwarf than other varieties, and flowers, small, round and double. The blossoms keep very well when cut, and this type is never disbudded.

Each Lilac. (Pompon Novelty.) This is without doubt one of the best Pompons ever introduced. Is very popular with the florists for interior decoration, and is a prolific bloomer in the garden. Blossoms are compact, with perfect centers. The base of the petals is a soft shade of golden yellow, gradually changing to lilac, suffused with rose..... Amber Queen. Rich amber, with reverse of petals a deeper shade Aimee. Rich bronze; small, with long stems..... .50 Coral Queen. A beautiful shade of coral red. A free Daisy. Salmon rose, and a much-desired shade..... .50Darkest of All. Deep maroon, the nearest to black.... Dark Eye. Pure white, with lavender center...... .50Emily Hopper. Soft yellow, with a faint suggestion .35 Eunice. Light lavender, shading to pink..... Girlie. Soft lilac, beautiful shade..... .50Glow. A lovely shade of old rose. One of the best50 Joe Fette. Best white for all purposes..... .50 Johnny. Crimson maroon. A very good variety...... Leda Beeler. (New.) Bright shade of mauve pink, and a very good variety..... Little Beeswing. Deep yellow, heavily tipped with cherry red50Little Dorrit. Rich purple..... Marietta. Rosy magenta, a very attractive variety.... .50 Mars. Bright scarlet Nellie Fraser. White, edged with rose pink, center .50 rose Pee Wee. Soft yellow with center shading to brown Phoebe. Deep golden yellow, shading to red. Profuse bloomer Rosebud. White, edged with rosy pink. A good varietySammy. Old gold; one of the best for cutting...... .50 .50 Sunny Daybreak. Dull gold, edged with reddish brown Sunset. Rich orange; a very desirable shade..... .50Tommy Keith. Deep red, regularly tipped with white Yellow Gem. The best yellow. A strong, vigorous .50

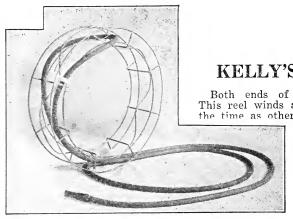
grower, good for cutting.....

Morse's Late Flowering Gladioli

Our list of Late Flowering Gladioli contains one of the best collections we have ever offered. While some of the varieties are older, well known sorts, others are the latest creations. Together, our customers will find the list well balanced in color and shades. Being grown under our own supervision, we know that all these varieties will give entire satisfaction. No flower is more beautiful and none does better in our California climate than the Gladioli.

Culture—Set Bulbs three to four inches deep, seven to eight inches apart. If wanted by mail, add postage at rate of 7c per dozen, 11c per 50, 16c per 100. Six at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate. Single bulbs postpaid.

of 7c per dozen, 11c per 50, 16c per 100.					_	
- E	lach	Doz.	100	Each	Doz.	100
AMERICA—Very popular variety.				MRS. FRANK PENDLETON — Rose		
Flowers soft lavender pink. Well				pink, shading deeper to center of		
known florists' variety\$	0.06	\$0.60	\$4.00	petals\$0.07	\$0.75	\$5.00
BALTIMORE—Color beautiful coral		*		MRS. WATT—Deep wine color. This	*	
pink, dark blotch at throat. Very				is one of the most beautiful varie-		
lama flamona	10	1.25	8.75	ties we know of. The shade is unique .10	1.00	7.00
large flowers	.12	1.20	0.10		1.00	7.00
BARON JOSEPH HULOT (Blue King)				MR. MARK—One of the new shades of		
—The best blue Gladioli. Rich Indigo				light blue with a dark spot. Good		4000
Blue. Much superior to Blue Jay.				for cutting	1.50	10.00
Do not fail to plant this variety	.12	1.25	8.75	MYRTLE—Light pink shaded, color of		
BYRON L. SMITH—Very beautiful				Spring Arbutus. Very pretty	1.15	8.00
true orchid color. A magnificent				NIAGARA—Extra fine light yellow.		
variety	.25	2.50	17.50	Flowers very large on strong stems .07	.75	5.00
CRIMSON GLOW-A large brilliant			1	PANAMA—We can highly recommend		
crimson with dark green foliage. A				Panama as a good companion to		
	.15	1.50	10.00	America for the florists' trade. Color		
sturdy grower	.10	1.50	10.00		1 00	7.00
E. J. SHAYLOR (New)—A beautiful				deep pink, well expanded flowers10	1.00	7.00
shade of pure, deep rose pink. A				PEACE—This is a beautiful variety		
distinct, new color	.15	1.50	10.00	with fine large white flowers, with		
GOLDEN MEASURE—A rich golden				pale cattleya like feathering on		
yellow with large wide open flowers				petals	.85	6.00
well placed on a tall stalk. An un-				PRINCE OF WALES—Warm light		
usually beautiful blossom	.17	1.75	12.25	salmon. Early variety and one of		
GOLDEN KING-Rich golden yellow				the most beautiful of these shades		
with crimson blotch. This is also				we know of	1.00	7.00
	15	1.50	10.00	PRINCEPS—Bright red with pure	1.00	••••
a real good florists' variety	.15	1.50	10.00		1.00	7.00
GRETCHEN ZANG—Beautiful soft				white blotches on lower petals	1.00	7.00
shell pink blending into scarlet on				ROSELLA—A deep shade of orchid		
lower petals. This is a beautiful				with a large starry white blotch in		
variety and is very showy in borders	.07	.75	5.00	the throat. A strong spike with		
HALLEY—Delicate salmon. And blos-				several large flowers open at one		
soms early. This is a beautiful va-				time	2.50	17.59
riety	.07	.75	5.00	ROSE ASH—A Gladiolus that is entire-		
HERADA—Pure mauve, and a most	•••	•••	0.00	ly new in color. A beautiful shade		
striking, stately flower. Color that				of old rose overlaid and blended		
	0.6	.85	6 00	with Daphne pink, soft yellow at the		
is not often found in the Gladioli	.08	.00	6.00			
LE MARECHAL FOCH—A beautiful				base of petals. A strong grower and		
soft shade of rose; extra large flow-				one that will be popular with the	4 50	10.00
ers. A splendid novelty	.08	.85	6.00	florists	1.50	10.00
LIEBESFEUR (Love's Fire)—Bright				SCHWABEN—Primrose yellow, with		
coral shade. This is one of the best				dark blotch of brownish red in		
and in appearance is well worth the				throat	.75	5.00
name given it	.17	1.75	12.25	VIRGINIA (New)—A beautiful shade		
		1	12.20	of glowing scarlet. Flower spike		
LILY WHITE—One of the finest white	. =		- 00	is long, with large well formed		
Gladioli on the market	.07	.75	5.00	blossoms. A strong, sturdy grower17	1.75	12.25
LOUISE (New)—A clear pure laven-					1.10	12.20
der with a blotch of velvety red				WAR—Glowing blood red shaded deep	1.00	7.00
towards the center. The blossoms				crimson. A tall growing variety10	1.00	7.00
are of good size and resemble the				WILBRINK-A lovely flesh pink with		
coloring of the Orchid	.25	2.50	17.50	a creamy blotch on lower petals.		
9	.40	4.00	11.00	An early variety	.85	6.00
MARY FENNELL—A beautiful deli-				YELLOW HAMMER—Clear sulphur		
cate lavender with faint yellow				yellow. A truly wonderful flower08	.85	6.00
markings on the lower petals	.17	1.75	12.25	MORSE'S SPECIAL MIXED GLADI-		
MRS. DR. NORTON—A delicate pink				OLI—This mixture is composed of		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				the above named varieties in well		
shading to rose pink at the tips of				balanced colors	1.00	7.00
the petals, lower petals are blotched	11	1 15	0.00		1.00	1.00
with soft yellow. One of the best	.11	1.15	8.00	MORSE'S BEDDING MIXED GLADI-		
MRS. FRANCIS KING—Well known				OLI—Made up from a cheaper as-		
variety. Flame color. One of the				sortment of good varieties, espe-		
best florists' varieties	.07	.75	5.00	cially adapted for massing	.75	5.00
GLADIOLI PRIMULINU				ced. Price, per dozen 75 cts.; per 100 \$5.00.		
GLADIOLI PRIMULINU	o ni	DKID	5. IVIIX	teu. 1 (ice, per uozen 15 cts., per 100 55.00.		
	Eacl	n Doz.	100	I Eac	h Doz	. 100
YELLOW CALLA LILIES			\$29.00	TUBEROSES\$0.1	0 \$1.00	\$7.00
WHITE CALLA LILIES			8.75	CALADIUMS	0 - 3.00	
BEGONIAS, Single Fringed Mixed	30	3.00		HYACINTHS, Candicans	5 2.50	
BEGONIA, Double Mixed	30 35	3.00 3.50		GLOXINIAS Mixed	3.50	25.00
	30 35	3.00 3.50		HYACINTHS, Candicans2 GLOXINIAS, Mixed	3.50	25.00

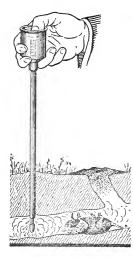


KELLY'S HOSE REEL

Both ends of hose always accessible. This reel winds and unwinds hose in half the time as other makes. Hose always in

place and ready for use. Price \$3.00 each f. o. b. San Francisco.





MOOR'S GOPHER GETTER

By the use of this Gopher Getter the destruction of all ground pests is absolutely sure. No known method is better than the use of Carbon Bisulphide. Price \$2.00 each, postpaid \$2.10. Carbon Bisulphide may be procured from your local store. Circular will be sent upon request.

BULLOCK'S CULTIVATOR

Made in three sizes.

No. 1—Cultivates five inches wide and five inches deep. Price \$4.50.
No. 2—Five inches deep and eight inches wide. Price \$6.50.
No. 3—Cuts five inches deep and

No. 3—Cuts five inches deep and twelve inches wide. Price \$8.00 f. o. b. San Francisco.

CEL-O-GLASS

FOR GREENHOUSES, HOT BEDS, COLD FRAMES, POULTRY HOUSES, SCRATCH PENS, BROODER HOUSES AND OUT-BUILDINGS

CEL-O-GLASS is invaluable for any of the above uses and is often called unbreakable glass. It is the most economical and practical glazing material on the market. CEL-O-GLASS is made of a coarse mesh galvanized wire cloth, treated in such a manner that the spaces between the strands are filled with clear, transparent, tough, flexible substance, that will not rub off, peel, or become brittle. It sheds rain and is unaffected by extreme cold; will not rust and will stand over 400 degrees Fahrenheit. It has been thoroughly tested in use during severe hail storms and has demonstrated beyond a doubt its capacity to resist storms that would ruin ordinary glass construction. It weighs one-tenth of a pound a square foot and comes in rolls of three hundred square feet; packed for shipment, 35 pounds.

A circular and sample of CEL-O-GLASS will be sent upon request.

Price, complete rolls (300 square feet), \$39.00; ½ rolls, 15 cts. per square foot; smaller quantities, 17½ cts. per square foot, f. o. b. San Francisco.

FARMOGERM

Use FARMOGERM, the original seed Inoculant. Inoculated legumes are Nature's fertilizer, the cheapest in the world. Leguminous crops, with their nitrogen fixing bacteria, give a fertility to the soil that no other crop does. In ordering, be sure to state what crop you want inoculation for.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Good for} \ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Alfalfa} \\ \textbf{Alsike Clover} \\ \textbf{Burr Clover} \end{array} \right. \end{array}$

Bitter Clover Red Clover Sweet Clover White Clover Garden Peas Canada Peas Cowpeas Soy Beans Garden Beans Vetch Peanuts Sweet Peas

1/4-acre size, 50 cts. Postage paid to the Fourth Zone, 55 cts. 1-acre size, \$1.00. Postage paid to the Fourth Zone, \$1.10.

3-acre size, \$2.50. Postage paid to Fourth Zone, \$2.65. 12-acre size, \$9.00. Cannot be mailed, should go by express.

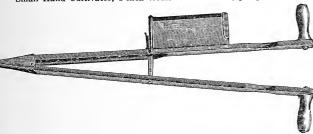
GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES

We carry a complete stock of Garden Tools and requisites, all goods marked F. O. B. should be sent by express or freight, but we shall always use our best judgment in making any changes. If our customer desires goods sent any particular way or route, please state plainly on your order and if possible we will comply with instructions. Items quoted as postpaid are to and including the 3rd zone only.

BAMBOO BROOMS. Made of bamboo tips, very handy for sweeping	l
BAMBOO BROOMS. Made of Bamboo trees, weet made of see	ı
leaves, grass, walks, etc. Each 50 cts.; postpaid 65 cts.	ı
BAMBOO CANES. Doz. 100	ı
4 ft\$0.25 \$1.50	l
5 ft	١.
6 ft	ı
0 10.	l
2 ft. painted green, suitable for Carnations. Doz. 20 cts.—100, \$1.00 postpaid; 1000 \$6.00, postage 25 cts. extra.	l
• • • •	ı
BOOKS, HORTICULTURAL.	ı
California Fruits and How to Grow Them, by Prof. E. J. Wickson.	l
Weight 23/4 lbs. Price, \$4.00.	ł
California Vegetables in Garden and Field, by Prof. Wickson.	
Weight 1½ lbs. Price, \$2.50.	١
California Garden Flowers, by Prof. Wickson. Weight 11/2 lbs.	l

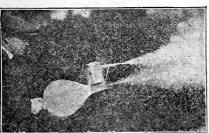


CULTIVATORS, NORCROSS
5-tooth, long handle. Each \$1.25, f. o. b.
3-tooth, short handle. Each 75 cts.; postpaid 80 cts.
3-tooth, steel hand cultivator or fork, short handle. Each 50 cts.; postpaid, 55 cts.
Small Hand Cultivator, 1-inch teeth. Each 25 cts., postpaid.



CORN PLANTER (For corn and beans)-Price, \$1.35; postpaid, \$1.50.

DUSTERS
For Applying Dust for All Purposes



Made in three sizes, with one extra reversible spout and one extra long spout. A small tool that will do big work.

No. 6—Garden
SizeEach \$3.00
No. 8—Medium
.....Each 3.60
No. 10—Large
......Each 4.50

Postage extra.
Weight, 3, 4, 5 lbs.,
respectively.

COWDREY TIN DUSTER. A duster for general garden purposes. Price, \$1.25 each; postpaid, \$1.35.

HAMMOND'S DUST SIFTER.
Price, 75 cts. each; postpaid, 85 cts.

SMALL SPRING DUST GUN.
Price, 35 cts. each; postpaid, 40 cts.

And the second second			
District and Property Conference on the Conferen	TSEGO 🗦		
Maria Maria Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara			The state of the s
TO DATE		73 1	
FORKS. Long Handle Steel Spading Fork		Eacn	, f. o. b.
D-Handle Steel Spading Fork			
Long Handle Manure Fork			
Short Handle Transplanting Fork			
D-Handle Ladies' Fork			
FLOWER POTS, FERN DISHES, SEED PANS	3 A 11	D - 44	. 11-4 . 1
f. o. b. San Francisco. Packed well and shippe			
risk. All packing charged extra, at cost.	eu enti.	rely at	owner a
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3-inch\$	0.04	\$0.30	\$2.35
4-inch	.05	.45	3.75
5-inch	.07	.60	5.00
6-inch	.10	.80	6.75
7-inch	.15	1.35	11.50
8-inch	.25	1.75	16.50
9-inch	.35	2.50	22.50
10-inch	.50	3.50	30.00
12-inch, fluted	.75	6.00	52.50
SAUCERS.	Each	10	100
4-inch\$		\$0.45	\$3.25
5-inch	.07	.60	5.00
6-inch	.08	.75	7.00
7-inch	.10	.90	8.00
8-inch	.15	1.35	11.50
9-inch	.20	1.75	15.00
10-inch	.30	2.50	20.00
12-inch	.50	3.75	33.00
I FLOWER-POTS, PAPER, NEP	ONSET	ROI	ND
Weight per 100	10	100	1,000
2½-inch		\$0.75	\$6.00
3 -inch2½ lbs		1.00	8.25
4 -inch4 lbs	.20	1.50	13.50
5 -inch $6\frac{1}{2}$ lbs	.25	2.25	20.00
GRANT'S SQUARE FOLDED F	APER	POTS.	
Weight per 100	10	100	1,000
1½x1½x4 inch2 lbs\$		\$0.60	\$4.56
2 x2 x4 inch2½ lbs	.15	.70	5.50
2 x2 x6 inch4 lbs		.90	7.00
Neponset 3 x3 x6 inch7½ lbs	.20	1.30	11.00
Flower Pot 3 x3 x8 inch8½ lbs	.25	1.50	12.50

On lots of 10, add 5 cts. for postage; other quantities, add postage according to weights.

GARDEN GLOVES.

Soft, All Leather Glove. Pair, 75 cts.; postpaid, 80 cts. Twill Back, Soft Leather Hand. Pair, 50 cts.; postpaid, 55 cts. Cotton Glove, with wrist band. Pair, 15 cts.; postpaid, 20 cts. These Gloves do not come in special sizes.

GRAFTING WAX—Lion Brand, in bars. ½ lb., 15 cts.; ½ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 40 cts. Snow's, in bricks. Lb. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

Postage extra. Write us for prices on quantities.

GLAZING POINTS—Made of zinc; never rust. For greenhouse use. %-inch and %-inch. Lb. 65 cts.

Perfection Double Points. Lb. 85 cts. Postage extra.

GLAZING PUTTY-For glazing greenhouses... 5 gals. \$5.00; 10 gals. \$8.00; 20, 40 and 60 gals., 75 cts. per gal. F. O. B. San Francisco.

GLAZING MACHINES, for applying Glazing Putty, instead of bulb. Each \$2.00, postpaid.

GOPHER KILLERS.



GOPHER GUN. Never Fail. Using 38 blank cartridge. Absolutely safe to operate. Directions with each. Postpaid, \$1.75.

GAS BALL RODENT KILLER. These Gas Balls are very effective for the externaination of gophers, squirrels, and other rodents. Weight per doz., 2 lbs.; carton, 11 lbs. Mailable. Doz. 40 cts.; carton (125) \$2.75.

MORSE'S GOPHER POISON. Poisoned grain and raisins for destroying gophers, squirrels, etc. Scientifically prepared in the labora-tories of the J hn F Leinen Chemical Company, for C. C. Morse & Co. Pkt. 35 cts.; lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.33.
Not mailable; prices for large quantities on request.

GOPHER TRAPS. Macabee, the well known wire trap that fits the gopher hole. 25 cts.; postpaid, 30 cts.
Ward or Novelty. 25 cts.; postpaid, 30 cts.

MOOR'S GOPHER GETTER. For description see page 78. Price, Single Catch Gopher Trap. 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts.

GOPHER CANDLES (not mailable). Doz. 65 cts.; 100, \$4.50; f. o. b.



HOES.

DES.

Long Handle, 6-inch Hoe.

Long Handle, 8-inch Hoe.

Each \$1.10; f. o. b. S. F.

Long Handle Ladies' Hee.

Each \$1.25; f. o. b. S. F.

Long Handle Heavy Steel Grubbing Hoe.

Each \$1.50; f. o. b. S. F.

Short Handle Beet Hee.

Each \$1.25; postpaid, \$0 cts.

Long Handle Warren Hoart Shaped.

Each \$2.25; postpaid, \$1.35.

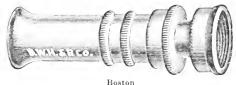
Short Handle Warren Hoart Shaped.

Each \$1.15; f. o. b. S. F.

GARDEN HOSE. We carry nothing but the best Hose. Made especially for us, branded and stamped with our own name (guaranteed). Prices f. o. b. San Francisco.

Morse's Rawhide.			Per	
12-inch, 25-foot	lengths,	coupled	 \$(0.16
12-inch, 50-foot	lengths,	coupled	 	.15
34-inch, 25-foot	lengths,	coupled	 	.18
34-inch, 50-foot	lengths,	coupled	 	.17
Morse's Venus. I		ingle-molded H		

Special prices for large quantities. Odd lengths, 1 cent for foot extra.



Boston. All brass, best nozzle. 85 cts.; postpaid, 90 cts. Ross. Fan shaped, fine spray. 85 cts.; postpaid, 90 cts. Brass Rose. 3 inches round. 70 cts.; postpaid, 75 cts. Brass Rose. 4 inches round. 95 cts.; postpaid, \$1.00.

HOSE CLAMPS.

HOSE NOZZLES.

Brass, 12 and 34-inch. Each 10 cts.; 6 for 50 cts.; postpaid.

HOSE COUPLINGS.

Clincher, ½-inch. Set 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts. Clincher, ½-inch. Set 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts. Clincher, 1-inch. Set 40 cts.; postpaid, 45 cts. Dozen at the rate of 10.

HOSE MENDERS.

(SE MENDERS. Clincher, 15 and 34-inch. 2 for 25 cts. Clincher, 1-inch. Each 15 cts.; dozen at rate of 10. Cooper's, 15 and 34-inch. Each 20 cts. Cooper's, 1-inch. 25 cts.; dozen at rate of 10.

Cooper's, 1-inch. 25 cts.; dozen at rate of 10. Hose Mending Outfit, for rubber patching. 10 Menders, postpaid, 40 cts.

HOSE WASHERS.

Secure. The Washer that never gets lost, Doz. 15 cts.; 100, 90 cts.;

Common Rubber. 3/4 and 1-inch. Price, 10 cts. doz.; 70 cts. per 100,

HOSE HOLDER (Hold Fast). Price, 35 cts.; postpaid, 40 cts.

HOSE REEL (Kelley's). Price, \$3.00 each. For description see page 78.

KNIVES. For pruning, grafting, budding, and all garden purposes.

Each 1-Budding Knife...\$2.00 Postpaid 2.10

2-Budding Knife 2.75 Postpaid 2.85

3-Budding Knife 1.50 Postpaid 1.55

4-Budding Knife 1.00 Postpaid 1.05

5-Budding and Grafting Knife, two blades...... 2.00

Postpaid 2.05 6-Budding Knife 1.00

Postpaid 1.05 7-Grafting Knife 1.00

Postpaid 1.05 8-Pruning Knife 1.50

Postpaid 1.55 9-Pruning Knife.... 1.75

Postpaid 1.80 10-Pruning Knife 2.00

11-Pruning Knife 2.25 Postpaid 2.30

Postpaid 2.05

Small Florists' Knife

2 blades, postpaid 1.25 Asparagus Knife... Postpaid .75

LADIES' GARDEN SET.

Comprising one D-Handle Spade..... one D-Handle Fork... one Long Handle Hoe... one Long Handle Rake....

\$3.00; postpaid, \$3.50

10

11

2

If wanted separate, see under Spades, Forks, Hoe and Rake.

WOODEN LABELS. For trees, pots and gardens.

	Weight	Pain	ted
	per 1000	1000	100
3½-inch	Copper wire 41/4 lbs	\$ 3.00	\$0.40
4 -inch	Pot	2.25	.35
	Pot 4 lbs		.40
	Pot		.45
	Pot10 lbs		1.10
	Garden12 lbs		1.35
12 -inch	Garden14 lbs	15.00	1.60

If wanted by mail add postage according to weights given above.

MATTOCKS. Heavy steel; suitable for grubbing out brush and heavy work. With handle. Each \$2.00; f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.

MOSS, Oregon Green. Especially suitable for hanging-baskets. Under 10 lbs., lb. 20 cts.; Broken Bale, lb. 15 cts.; Bale (about 84 lbs.) \$5.00.

MOLE TRAPS.

Reddick. Each \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.40.
English Pattern, galvanized. Each 50 cts.; postpaid, 55 cts.

Garden Tools and Requisites



Philadelphia Lawn Mower

LAWN MOWERS

We carry only Lawn Mowers that we feel will give satisfaction both the Philadelphia and Coldwell Mowers are known for their reliability.

Prices given below are f. o. b. San Francisco. Prices on larger sizes than those listed below may be had on application. If interested in Horse Drawn or Power Driven Mowers, write us for information and prices.

PHILADELPHIA,	10-inch Style K. 10-inch	wheel, 4 all steel. wheel, 5	bladesblades	15-inch	30.00 20.00 22.00 24.00
	Dewey			12-inch 14-inch	

COLDWELL,	Imperial. Roller bearing	14-inch	19.50
	101/4-inch wheel, 4 blades	16-inch	21.00
	Ambassador. Ball bearing	14-inch	14.80
	10-inch wheel, 5 blades	16-inch	15.90
	Lakewood. Ball bearing	14-inch	12.55
	9-inch wheel, 4 blades	16-inch	13.10
	Newport		
	9-inch wheel, 4 blades	16-inch	11.25
	Colonial. Ball bearing	12-inch	10.85
	8-inch wheel, 4 blades	14-inch	11.45
	,	16-inch	
	Jewell		
	8-inch wheel, 4 blades	14-inch	9.35
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	16-inch	

GRASS CATCHERS. Canvas. All sizes, \$3.00 each, f. o. b. San Francisco.

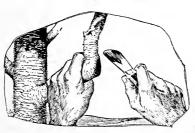
PLANT SETTER, Master's. For transplanting plants. Directions with each. Price, \$6.00, postage extra; weight 6 lbs.

PUTTY BULBS (Rubber). Very handy for applying putty and Glazing Cement. \$1.40; postpaid, \$1.50.



POTATO PLANTERS. Save your back. \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.65.

PABCO PRUNING PASTE
May be applied immediately after pruning. It
adheres firmly to the
wood, no matter how
green or moist; very durable and will not crack.
Pints 35 cts., postpaid 40
cts.; quarts 55 cts., postpaid 65 cts.; gallons
\$1.80, f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.



OTSEGO

Steel Rake



Bamboo Rake

 RAKES.

 Long Handle, 12-tooth, steel.
 \$1.20
 F. O. B.

 Long Handle, 14-tooth, steel.
 1.25
 San

 Long Handle, 16-tooth, steel.
 1.35
 Francisco, Cal.

 Ole Olson Hay Rake.
 1.25
 Cal.

Ladies' Long Handle Rake, 75 cts.; postpaid 85 cts.

ROLLERS, For Lawn. Water and sand weight. Rollers of this type can be made light or heavy, according to the requirements of your lawn. Can be filled as required.

Width, inches.. 20 24 24 Diam., inches.. 14 18 24 Wt. empty. lbs. 50 85 11 With water,lbs. 150 300 500 With sand, lbs. 225 450 750 Price, each\$19.50 23.50 27.00

F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.



RAFFIA. Extra long strands, good for tying bouquets and nursery stock. Pound 35 cts.; 10 lbs. \$3.00; postage extra. Write for prices on large quantities.

STAKES. Painted green.	Per Doz.	Per 100
3-ft,	\$1.25	\$ 8.75
4-ft		10.50
5-ft		14.00
6-ft		17.50

STAKES, Bamboo. See page 79.
Prices on all Stakes are f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.

SHARPENERS. For Lawn Mowers, a very handy tool that will do the work.

70 cts.; postpaid 75 cts.

SHARPENING STONES. Each 10 cts., postpaid.



SEED BAGS, Canvas. For carrying seed when hand-sowing, or as a fruit picking bag. Complete with strap. Price 65 cts.; postpaid 75 cts.





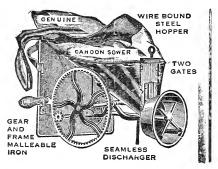
Spades and Shovels

SPADES and SHOVELS. Prices given below are for square, pointed and greenhouse coal shovels.

Long Handle, SteelEacl	\$1.75	F. O. B.	
D-Handle, Steel"	1.75	San Francisco, C	Cal.
Ladies' D-Handle Spade "	.90	Postpaid \$1.00.	

SAWS, Pruning.

Curved	Blade			\$1.35;	postpaid	\$1.50
Straight	Blade.	coarse	teeth	1.10	**	1.15



SEEDERS, BROADCAST.

Genuine Cahoon. A splendid broadcast seeder, wire bound, steel hopper, made of very best material throughout. \$5.75 f. o. b. San Francisco, Cal.

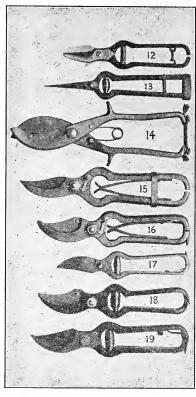
Cyclone Seeder. Extensively used for broadcasting seeds for Golf Courses. Price \$2.00. Postpaid \$2.20.

SYCKLES. Booth's English Crucible Steel Blade, hand forged, steel tang in one piece, which extends completely through handle. \$1.00 each; postpaid \$1.10.

SYCKLES. American steel. 50 cts. each; postpaid 60 cts.



	'S, Scollay's Rubber.		
Large size	\$1.40;	postpaid	\$1.50
Small size	1.10	- "	1.20



SHEARS. Shears and Pruners for all purposes.

ALLIES Dicars and Truners I	JI am	pur poses.
	Each	Postpaid
12. Orange Shear		
13. Grape Shear	.50	.55
13. Grape Shear 14. Rhodes' Double Cut	4.75	4.85
15. Rieser Pattern, spear		
blade, ratchet nut, with		
extra blade, polished		
steel	2 25	2.35
16. California Pattern, with	2.20	2.00
ratchet nut, nickel		2.10
17. Ladies' Nickel Shear, 6-	2.00	2.10
inch		1.25
18. 8-inch, with volute spring	95	1.00
19. 9-inch, with volute spring,		1.00
polished		1.50
politica	1.10	1.00
Corre Charm Emplish watter		
Grass Shears. English pattern.		.85
Single bow	1.75	
Single bow, trowel shaped	1.05	1.10
Double bow, trowel shaped	1.50	1.60
Hedge Shears. English pat-		
tern, steel.		
6-inch blades		1.90
8-inch blades		2.70
9-inch blades	2.85	2.95
10-inch blades	3.00	3.15
Tree Pruners. Short handle.		
20-inch overall	2.75	2.90
26-inch overall	3.15	3.30
30-inch overall	3.50	3.65
	5.50	0.00

Tree Pruners. Lon Waters.	g Handle
------------------------------	----------

6-ft. 8-ft.	 $\frac{2.00}{2.25}$	F. O. B.
8-1t. 10-ft.		
12-ft.		



Grass Shears

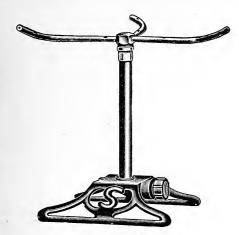


Hedge Shears



Tree Pruner Short Handle

Garden Tools and Requisites



Sc	hl	a	n	g	en	

SPRINKLERS. For Lawns, Golf Courses, etc.	Each		
Schlangen, a favorite for Home Garden use		postpaid	\$2.25 8.15
Dayton Tops only	7.50	**	7.65
Rainbow Stick Stand, all brass		"	3.75
Vatcher's Tripod No. 3	7.00		
Vatcher's Sled No. 2			eisco,
Bolander's Revolving System, complete with			
valves, tees, standard and armsEach Bolander's Lawn System, heads complete with			
tees and socketsEach	1.25		
Dozen	12.00		

WILGUS No. 5. Sprinkler system head for 34-inch pipe. Price, \$0.70 each, postpaid \$0.75.

WILGUS No. 10. For 1/2-inch pipe. Price, .70 each; postpaid .75.

WILGUS No. 8-A. Fan sprinkler, mounted on cast base. Adjusted to spray in large semi-circle shape. Price, \$1.25 each; postpaid \$1.30.

THE THOMAS GOLF AND LAWN SPRINKLER.



TRELLIS. Painted green. Will stretch to 20 feet; very handy for fences; will beautify your garden. Complete with two stakes and holders.

.......\$1.00: postpaid \$1.10

Each \$3.50 F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

TREE BRUSHES. (Steel teeth.)

2-row, narrow...

4-row, wide	1.50		1.60
THERMOMETERS	Each		
Greenhouse Style, 8-inch, spirit or mercury	\$0.50;	postpaid	\$0.60
Greenhouse Style, 10-inch, spirit		- 17	.70
Maximum and Minimum Boxwood	2.50	44	2.60
Hot-bed, enamel face	1.40	"	1.50
Hot-bed, plain face	1.20	"	1.30
Hot-bed, all metal	1.50	**	1.60



All Steel, Long Shank



All Steel, Disston Pattern



Transplanting Trowel

١	TROWELS.	Each		
١	6-inch, long shank, polished steel\$	1.00;	postpaid	\$1.10
I	6-inch, Disston Pattern	.75	**	.85
l	8-inch, Disston Pattern	.85	**	.95
1	6-inch, Riveted	.25	44	.30
l	6-inch, Transplanting	.25	**	.30
	Troweed Trowel with saw edge	.40	44	.45

TREE PROTECTORS, Yucca Fiber. Will not split.

Lengt	h Width		ight 100			25	50	100	1000
24-in.	7-in.	22	lbs		\$	0.75	\$1.20	\$2.20	\$20.00
18-in.	7-in.	13	lbs			.65	1.00	1.80	16.50
16-in.	7-in.	12	lbs			.60	.95	1.65	15.00
14-in.	7-in.	10	lbs			.55	.90	1.55	14.00
12-in.	7-in.	9	lbs			.50	.85	1.45	13.00
If	wanted by	mail,	please	add ;	postag	e;	weights	are given	above.

VINE STAPLES. The right shaped staple for holding vines in place. Lb. 35 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts. Postage 5 cts. extra.



DANDELION WEEDER AND ASPARAGUS KNIFE. This is used by most of the golf courses for lifting dandelions and similar weeds. Each 70 cts; postpaid 75 cts.

LAWCO	WATERING-POTS. Ea	ach
4-qt.	\$0	.75
6-qt.	***************************************	.90
8-qt.	1	.10
10-qt.		.20
12-qt.	1	.50
Δ11	Watering Pots are F O R San Francisco and shinned entire	elv

All Watering Pots are F. O. B. San Francisco, and shipped entirely at purchasers' risk; packing extra, at cost.

WHEELBARROWS (Attaboy). Steel Barrow, handy in every garden. Each \$7.50; F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

Hand, Compressed-Air, Bucket and Wheelbarrow Sprayers

ALL SPRAYERS ARE F. O. B. SAN FRANCISCO, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED



MORSE'S TIN SPRAYER.

No. 22. A well-made Tin Sprayer, with a good plunger and protected nozzle. For spraying all insecticides, disinfectants, etc. Each 50 cts. Postpaid to Fourth Zone 60 cts.

BRASS CONTINUOUS SPRAYER (All Brass).

No. 26-C. Easy to operate and gives a fine mist-like spray. Made of brass throughout. \$1.50 each. Packed and sent by mail.

No. 26-B. Brass Tank, Tin Tube, \$1.25 each; postpaid \$1.35.

MORSE'S GLASS SPRAYER.

No. 101. A well-made Sprayer. The advantage of a Glass Sprayer is that container can be removed for cleaning purposes. 85 cts. each; by mail \$1.00.

MORSE'S COMPRESSED-AIR SPRAYER. This is one of the best made Sprayers on the market. Nozzle is of solid brass, self-cleaning point, and absolutely a tight shut-off. Patented nozzle gives a fine, mist-like, whirling spray. Holds 4 gallons; made of heavy galvanized or brass. Tested for 60 pounds pressure.

Galvanized, \$7.00 each; Brass, \$9.50 each. 2-foot brass extension rods for same, \$1.25 each. Shipping weight 15 pounds.

BROWN'S COMPRESSED-AIR SPRAYER. We can highly recommend Brown's Compressed-Air Sprayer, for all general purposes. Capacity 3 gallons; made of the very best material. Shipping weight 15 pounds.

 No. 1-D. Galvanized Tank, Auto-pop.
 \$7.25

 Brass Extensions
 .75

 Brass Strainers
 1.25

D. & B. SPRAYER. Compressed-Air, 1½-gallon capacity.
 No. 25. This is a new Sprayer, entirely different from others. Tested to 225 pounds pressure. Produces a fine, misty spray; automatic handle-control. Complete with 18-inch brass extension. \$4.75 each. Shipping weight 5½ pounds, packed.

KING BARREL PUMP.

A powerful Pump, made of the very best material, with agitator. Complete with hose and nozzle. \$13.00 each; F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

STANDARD SPRAY PUMP. Made entirely of brass, with 3 nozzles, (No. 1, No. 2, and Special).

No. 1 throws a coarse spray that will reach a tall fruit

No. 2 throws a solid stream 40 to 50 feet; suitable for window, auto washing and similar purposes.

No. 1 and No. 2 combined throws a good spray 25 to 30 feet.

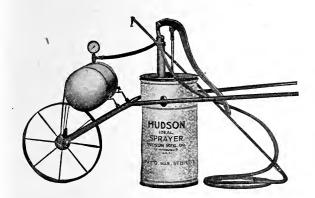
Special Nozzle, throws a fine mist spray suitable for vineyards, nursery stock, trees, and also for whitewashing.

Weight 3½ pounds. Price \$5.50 each; postage extra. (The above outfit to be used as a bucket pump.) Brass extension for Standard, \$1.00 each; postpaid \$1.10.

Knapsack for Standard, capacity 3 gallons, \$4.25 each.

The complete outfit, pump, extension, knapsack, with three nozzles, \$10.00; F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

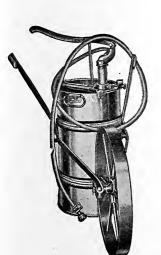
ALL SPRAYERS AND TOOLS ON THIS PAGE ARE F. O. B. SAN FRANCISCO



HUDSON'S IDEAL No. 33 WITH COMPRESSION TANK

This machine is a great improvement over the No. 31, as carried by us in previous years. A strong, durable, Wheel Barrel Sprayer, desirable for whitewashing and for every form of spraying. Fitted with regular No. 4 Barrel Pump; Agitator, new dasher type; Tank, heavy copperbearing galvanized, reinforced top and bottom. Capacity, fifteen gallons; Air Pressure Tank, boiler iron, tested to 275 pounds pressure. Wheel, twenty inch. Shipping weight, 100 pounds. Price \$40.00, F. O. B. San Francisco.

AUTO SPRAY No. 40-D. A very convenient wheel-sprayer for all purposes and especially adapted for whitewashing large buildings. Pressure, 170 pounds. Capacity, 12 gallons. Can highly recommend this Sprayer. \$30.00 each. Extension rods, same as for No. 3-D, 60 cts. each. F. O. B. San Francisco.



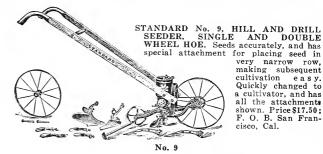
Auto Spray No. 3-D

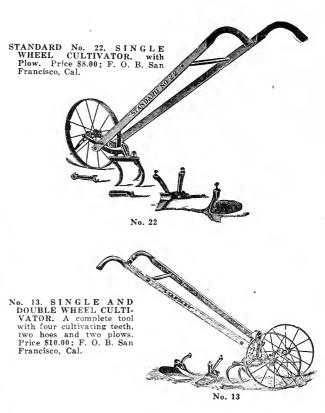
Auto Spray No. 40-D

AUTO SPRAY No. 3-D. General purpose, orchard, field and whitewash Sprayer. Galvanized tank, capacity 12 gallons. With truck and 20-inch wheel. Pressure, 150 pounds to inch. \$25.00 each. Extension rods, 2 ft. 8 in., 60 cts. each.

Notice:—Spraying circular sent with each Sprayer, or will be mailed to you, giving our advice on what to use.

SEEDERS AND CULTIVATORS STANDARD GARDEN TOOLS





SINGLE ROW HAND SEEDER. A very desirable hand seeder, suitable for market gardeners and for home gardens. Fitted with brass feeder to sow different size seeds. Prize, \$1.50; postpaid, \$1.75.

MIDGET ROW SEEDER. A larger seeder than the Single Row Hand Seeder, fitted with special covering share and easily adjusted for all garden seeds. Complete with handle. Price, \$5.00 each; postpaid, \$5.25.

BULLOCK'S CULTIVATOR. For description, see page 78.

Insecticides, Liquid and Powder

FOR ALL PESTS AND FUNGUS DISEASES

Insecticides should be sent by express or freight. Those that may be sent by Parcels Post are marked mailable, please add postage when ordering, except where postpaid prices are given; others are F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal., and prices subject to change.

If interested in large quantities, please write us.

- ANT POWDER (Talbot's). 25 cts. and 50 cts. sizes. Postage 5 cts.
- ANT GELATIN (Marvel). Kills the colony. Place a few cans in your garden and follow the simple instructions. Circular sent with each can. Price, 50 cts. each; \$5.00 a dozen. F. O. B. San Francisco.
- ANT GO, Leinen's. 21/2 oz. 25 cts.; by mail 30 cts.
- ARSENATE OF LEAD, DRY. May be used as a powder or sprayed For spraying, use 2 to 3 pounds to 100 gallons of water. ½ lb. 35 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 4 lbs. \$1.50. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- APHIS PUNK. For destroying many forms of insect life on plants and flowers. To be burned as a fumigator. Can, 12 sheets, 80 cts. Weight 1 lb.; mailable.
- Weight 1 lb.; mailable.

 BLACK-LEAF 40. Nicotine sulphate. 40 per cent nicotine. This is the insecticide that is so highly recommended by experiment stations. It destroys aphis (plant lice), thrips, leaf-hoppers on all tree, bush and vine fruits, vegetables, field crops, flowers and shrubs; also apple red bug, pear psylla and similar soft-bodied sucking insects—all without injury to foliage. May be combined with other sprays. Highly recommended. Soluble in water—easy to mix—does not clog nozzles. Complete directions with each package. You cannot go wrong by ordering Black-Leaf 40 for sucking insects. Oz. 35 cts. (makes 6 gallons of spray); ½ lb. \$1.25 (makes 40 to 120 gallons); 2 lbs, \$3.50 (makes 160 to 500 gallons); 10 lbs. \$13.50 (makes 800 to 2.000 gallons). to 2,000 gallons).

Please note that Black-Leaf 40 is not mailable. So many of our customers ask to have this sent by Parcel Post, but it is poison and must go by freight or express.

- must go by freight or express.

 BORDEAUX, Frazier's. Specially prepared Bluestone and Lime conveniently packed in two packages ready to use, making a fresh highgrade Bordo for control of Peach Blight, Curl Leaf, Apricot Brown Rot and other fungus diseases affecting trees and plants.

 2-lb. pkgs. will make 10 gallons-5-5-50 Bordo, 50 cts.

 10-lb. pkgs. will make 50 gallons-5-5-50 Bordo, 52.00.

 5-lb. pkgs. in 40 and 80-lb. cases only, 12 cts. lb.

 5-lb. pkgs. in 120-lb. barrels only, 11 cts. lb.

 20-lb. pkgs. in 240-lb. barrels only, 11 cts. lb.

 Bulk in barrels, barrel lots, 9 cts. lb.

 F. O. B. San Francisco.

 CANN'S CANCO "A". A dormant spray for brown apricot scale, San Jose scale, Italian pear scale, red spider, and mealy bug. Four gal-
- Jose scale, Italian pear scale, red spider, and mealy bug. Four gallons to 200 gallons of water. Full directions with each can. Pt. 75 cts.; qt. \$1.00; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.50. For large quantities write for prices. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- CARCO, Vegetable Spray. Use against the ravages of Maggots, Cutworms, Grubs, etc. One quart makes 25 gallons. Qt. \$1.25. F. O. B. San Francisco.
- COCKROACH POWDER (Leinen's). 16 oz. \$1.50; by mail \$1.60.
- COPPER-LIME DUST No. 20-80 (Frazier's). A Bordo in Dust form for control of Celery Rust, Early Tomato Blight and for fungus diseases affecting Peas, Beans, Onions and other plants and trees.
 - 8-lb. Cans
 \$1.00 each
 F. O. B.

 50-lb. Drums
 4.00
 San

 100-lb. Drums
 7.75
 Francisco.
- DISINFECTANT (Roger's). For all purposes. Quarts 60 cts. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- FLYOSAN. For killing flies, ants, fleas, moths and mosquitos. Pints, 75 cts.; quarts \$1.25; ½ gal. \$2.25; gallon \$4.00. F. O. B. San
- GARDEN DUST (Frazier's). This is a wonderful dust remedy for control of many troublesome pests affecting the garden, rose bushes and other shrubs. It is clean to use and does not mess up one's clothes nor the premises. It is a powerful repellent to ants.
 - 1-lb. Cans\$ 0.50 each 1-10. Cans 1.75 "
 10-lb. Cans 3.00 "
 25-lb. Cans 6.00 "
 50-lb. Drums 11.00 " F. O. B.
- GRAPE DUST. For the control of mildew and rot on grapes, roses, etc. Lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.00. Mailable.
- KAYSO. Makes spraying easier. ½ lb. special carton, enough for 50 gallons, 25 cts. 1½ lb. pkg., enough for 150 to 200 gallons, 35 cts. Case Lots (thirty 1½ lb. kegs), 45 lbs. at 20 cts. per lb. Delivered free Third Zone.
- KEROSENE EMULSION. For scale, green lice, etc. Qt. cans, 50 cts.; gal. cans. \$1 25. F. O. B. San Francisco.
- LIME AND SULPHUR SOLUTION (Frazier's). A standard sulphur spray for control of Peach Leaf Curl, Twig Borer, Scales, Red Spider and a general clean up.

- LIME-SULPHUR, DRY. New dry lime-suiphur, an effective control against scale insects and fungus diseases. Use 12 pounds to 50 gallons of water for dormant spraying. For summer spraying 3 pounds to 50 gallons in conjunction with arsenate of lead. Lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25. 10 lbs. \$2.00. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- LIME, For Agricultural Purposes. Write us for prices.
- LICE-GO. For eradicating lice on chickens, and other fowl. 8 oz. 50 cts. Mailable.
- MILDEW-GO. For mildew on roses, berries and etc. 16 oz. 35 cts. Mailable.
- NICOTINE MISCIBLE OIL. Mr. Schwerin, the well-known San Francisco nurseryman, says this is a sure remedy for mealy bug and scale. 6 oz. cans 35 cts.; pints 65 cts.; quarts \$1.00; ½ gal. \$1.50; 1 gal. \$2.25; 5 gal. \$8.75. Prices for larger quantities on request. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- NICO-FUME PAPER. Strongly saturated with nicotine. Made by the manufacturers of Black Leaf 40 solution. For fumigation only; one sheet is destructive to insects over an area of 2,000 feet. Airtight Cans (24 sheets) \$1.25; weight 1½ lbs.; 144 sheets \$5.50, weight 4 lbs.; 280 sheets \$10.00, weight 8 lbs. Mailable.
- NICO-FUME LIQUID. Contains 40 per cent nicotine. A good spray against all aphis. 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.25; 4 lbs. \$8.00; 8 lbs. \$15.00. F. O. B. San Francisco.
- NICOTINE SULPHUR DUST, 5-X (Frazier's). Nicotine Sulphur Dust 5-X. Two per cent Nicotine, or five per cent Nicotine Sulphate, with Sulphur, freshly made in season. A powerful dust for aphis, thrips, and grape leaf hopper, mildew, and red spider.
 - 50-lb. Drums 9.00 each 25-lb. Cans 5.00 " 10-lb. Cans 2.50 " 1-lb. Cans .35 " F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.
- NICOTINE SULPHUR DUST, 8-X (Frazier's). 3-2 per cent Nicotine or 8 per cent Nicotine Sulphate with Sulphur. For same purpose as 5-X, but stronger in Nicotine. For use in early season, during cool
 - 100-lb. Drums\$22.00 each F. O. B. San Francisco.
- NICOTINE DUST No. 10 (Frazier's). 4 per cent Nicotine or 10 per cent Nicotine Sulphate. The strongest Nicotine Dust without Sulfor aphis on cantaloupes and other crops where sulphur is not desired.
 - 100-lb. Drums\$25.00 each 25-lb. Cans 7.00 "
 8-lb. Cans 3.00 " F. O. B. San Francisco.
- NICOTINE DUST No. 6 (Frazier's). A Nicotine Dust, containing no Sulphur, for control of aphis on melons and other plants which may be susceptible to sulphur injury. Contains 2.4 per cent Nicotine or 6 per cent Nicotine Sulphate. F. O. B. San Francisco.
 - 100-lb. Drums
 \$17.00 per Drum

 50-lb. Drums
 9.00 "" F. O. B

 25-lb. Drums
 5.00 "" San

 8-lb. Cans
 2.00 "Can Francisco.
- NICOTINE DUST No. 3 (Frazier's). Contains no Sulphur. For con-
- PARIS GREEN. 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; 1/2 lb. 50 cts.; 1 lb. 85 cts.; 2 lbs. \$1,50.
- F. O. B. San Francisco. PARACIDE. (Para-Dichlor-Benzene). RACIDE. (Para-Dichlor-Benzene). For Peach Tree Borer. Apply in fall or spring. Circular sent with each tin, or on request. 1 lb. 35 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.60; write for price on larger quantities.
- QUA-SUL. For mildew, curly leaf, and soil treatment. We can highly A-SOL. For influew, early leaf, and son treatment. We can highly recommend Qua-Sul as an insecticide spray, and also as a cleanser on root diseases on trees and all plants. Circular sent on request. Sold in bottles. 4 ozs. 25 cts.; qt. \$1.00; gal. \$3.75. Mailable.
- RAT AND MICE EXTERMINATOR (Leinen's). Not a poison; mailable. 3 oz. 35 cts.; postpaid 40 cts.
- SULPHUR, Frazier's Dusting. The Red Spider and Mildew Special.
 The most popular and effective Sulphur for dusting in control of Red Spider and Mildew.
 - 1-lb. \$0.15 5-lb. Cartons .40 each 100-lb. Bags .4.30 per 100 lbs. F. O. B.

INSECTICIDES, LIQUID AND POWDER—Continued

SULPHUR-LEAD-ARSENATE DUST No. 85-15 (Frazier's). A popular dust mixture for control of Coddling Moth and other insects, controllable by a stomach poison, and for Mildew Scab, etc.

5-lb.	Cartons	80.75	each
50-lb.	Bags	4.00	66
100-lb.	Bags	7.75	"
F. O. 1	B. San Francisco		

SULFENE (Frazier's Dry). A compound completely soluble in water, making a highly effective spray for control of Peach Leaf Curl, Twig Borer, Scales and the best-known general clean-up spray for trees, vines and bushes.

2-lb.	Cans		 	 	 	 	 	 	\$ 0	.50	p	er	can	I			
5-lb.	Cans		 	 	 	 	 	 	 1	.25	;	•					
																F. O. B	
50-lb.																	
100-lb.															F	'rancis	co
175-lb.	Drum	ıs			 	 	 	 	 10	.50		"	"	66			

WETTABLE SULPHUR (Frazier's). A very fine sublimed sulphur, specially treated so as to render the sulphur Wettable and suitable for use in spraying for control of Mildew and Red Spider. It can be used in combination with other sprays.

5-lb.	Cartons	\$0.50 each
100-lb.	Bags	5.00 "
F. O.	B. San Francisco	

WET-O-DRY XX (Frazier's). A dry compound of Sulphur in soluble form and superfine sulphur with spreader. A most valuable spray for control of Red Spider and Mildew. Use 8 to 15 lbs. to 100 gallons of water.

10-lb.	Cans	\$	2.00	each
150-lb.	Drums		15.00	"
F. O.	B. San	Francisco		

SLUG-SHOT. Destroys slugs, cabbage worms, caterpillars, and poultry lice. mailable. 1 lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.35.

SOWBUG-GO (Leinen's). 8 oz. 50 cts. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

SLUG-GO (Leinen's). 8 oz. 35 cts.; by mail 40 cts.

SOAP, Whale Oil (solid). Dissolved in water makes an excellent spray for ferns and palms or used as a spreader with insecticides. Lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$3.75; mailable. Write for prices on

Whale Oil (paste). Mailable. 1 lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25. 10 lbs. \$2.25; 25 lbs. \$3.75; 50 lbs. \$6.00. Prices for larger quantities on

Whale Oil (liquid). 6 oz. can 25 cts.; pints 50 cts.; quarts 75 cts.; ½ gallon \$1.00; 1 gal. \$1.50; 5 gal. \$5.50. Prices for larger quantities on request.

FISH OIL. Lb. 20 cts.. 10 lbs. \$1.50. Mailable.

SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. Excellent spray for ferns and palms; also a good dog soap. 3 oz. bar 10 cts.; postpaid 15 cts.; 8 oz. bar 20 cts.; postpaid 25 cts.

TOBACCO DUST.

25 cts. 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$3.25; 100 lbs. \$10.00. Sacks 100 lbs. at time of packing. Muller Guaranteed Ground Tobacco.

lbs. at time of packing.

Fine, Common. 1 per cent. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. \$6.00. Sacks 100 lbs. at time of packing.

Coarse, Common. 1 per cent. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 100 lbs. \$5.00. Sacks 75 lbs. at time of packing

Tobacco Stems. Lb. 10 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts.; sack lots at 4 cts. a lb. Tobacco Dust and Stems. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

TOBACCO POWDER (Tobacco By-Products Co.) Gold Leaf Brand. Controls poultry round worms. 2 lbs 25 cts.; mailable.
Active ingredients—nicotine not less than 1 per cent.
Inert ingredients—not more than 99 per cent.

TREE TANGLEFOOT. Is a sticky compound, most effective against crawling insects on fruit, shade, and ornamental trees. Fine for tree surgery and application after pruning or trimming. No mixing required, and will keep for years. Lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.25; 25 lbs. \$11.00; mailable.

VERMINE. RMINE. For destroying maggots, worms, and grubs. Qt. \$1.25; gal. \$3.60. F. O. B. San Francisco, Cal.

WEEDICATOR. Eradicates all noxious plant life, when sprayed on matured tops. Kills roots and branch. The great value of Weedicator is that it not only kills the tops but absolutely destroys the roots and accomplishes what no other weed destroyer has been known to do. Price, 1 qt., 85 cts.; ½ gallon, \$1.50; gallon, \$2.50; 5 gallons, \$12.50. F. O. B. San Francisco.

FERTILIZERS

All Fertilizers, etc., listed below are priced F. O. B. San Francisco, unless otherwise stated. Will quote on larger quantities on application. Goods subject to market changes.

STANDARD FERTILIZER. One of our best all-around Fertilizers for flowers, vegetables, and all garden plants. Sold in cloth bags. 5 lb 35 cts.. 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00. 5 lbs.

ODORLESS LAWN DRESSING. A lawn dressing that we can highly recommend. Good soil-builder and plant-food. For lawns use three pounds per 100 square feet three times each year. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00. 100 lbs. \$3.50.

SUPERPHOSPHATE. This is used very extensively on heavy soils for all truck gardening, and should be used in conjunction with all animal manures. 5 lbs. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.00.

GROUND BONE-MEAL. An excellent fertilizer for all gardening purposes; particularly adapted for fruit trees, roses, and all nursery stock. Should be forked in the soil in the fall if possible. 5 lbs. 35 cts.; 10 lbs. 60 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.50.

GROZ-IT. Pulverized sheep and cow manure. No odor. for use. Exceptionally good if used in conjunction with superphosphate for lawns, golf greens, and gardens generally. 100 lbs. \$2.25. 500 lbs. \$10.00; ½ ton \$17.50.

NITRATE OF SODA. Should be used very carefully. One tablespoonful to a gallon of water. Produces foliage abundantly. Lb. 15 cts. 2 lbs. 25 cts.; 10 lbs. 75 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$5.00; original sacks, 200 lbs. each, \$9.00.

A complete Fertilizer for all crops. For house plants it led. Put up in 1-pound and 2-pound fancy cartons at 20 is unequaled. cts. and 40 cts. each.

SHEEP MANURE. Pulverized Sheep Manure dried in sacks ready for use. 100 lbs. \$2.00; 500 lbs. \$3.00; 1/2 ton \$15.00. F. O. B. San Francisco.

STIM- O-PLANT

STIM-U-PLANT. A concentrated Fertilizer in tablet form. The most modern, efficient and scientific method of fertilizing growing plants. Guaranteed analysis of 11 per cent nitrogen, 12 per cent phosphoric acid, and 15 per cent potash. Full directions with each package. 10 tablets 15 cts.; 30 tablets 25 cts.; 100 tablets 75 cts., postpaid.

TAMITE. The only bacteria yet discovered that is applicable to all plant life. Mixing with 25 times its volume of earth will secure a thorough distribution of bacteria over the area spread. Five pounds of Vitamite is sufficient to inoculate an acre of ground. Lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 100-lb. sack, 40 cts. per lb. Circular sent on request. VITAMITE

POTTING SOIL. Per sack, \$1.25.

CALIFORNIA HUMUS (Delta Brand). Good for mixing with light or sandy soil, and a good Fertilizer in general. Sack \$1.50; 5 sacks

PURE BLOOD AND BONE-MEAL AND BLOOD-MEAL. Prices sent on request.

P. A Fertilizer which contains 6 per cent nitrogen, 10 per cent phosphoric acid, 4 per cent potash. Use Pep to beautify your lawns, flower beds and to produce bigger crops. 5-lb. packages 75 cfs., PEP. flower beds and to produce bigger crops. 5-lb. packages 75 cts., postage extra. 10-lb. bags, \$1.35; 25-lb. bags \$2.25. 50-lb. bags \$4.00; 100-lb. bags \$6.50.

PEAT-Imported Irish or Bog Mould)-For building up soil and as a lawn dressing this is unsurpassed. The Imported Irish Peat is superior to all others. Original bales, 224 lbs. (when packed) \$10.00 per bale. F. O. B. San Francisco.

ROSES, The World's Finest

We are offering to our customers and garden lovers this season, some of the World's Finest Roses. Those listed below are the best and the newest varieties produced in the United States and Europe and are absolutely unequalled.

They are all budded stock, two-year-old field grown, will flower early and give good results.

We would suggest that orders be placed early for the stock is limited in many varieties. Prices quoted are F. O. B. San Francisco and when required by Parcel Post, add postage at rate of 1 lb. per root packed: 6 lbs. per dozen. For Parcel Post Rates see page 2. For foreign shipments or large orders that require special boxing, an extra charge will be made, at cost.

Should any errors occur, please inform us immediately upon receipt of goods. Shipments of Roses will be made at the proper season for planting. The following abbreviations are used in this list: H. T.-Hybrid Tea; H. P.-Hybrid

Perpetual; T.—Tea; Pern.—Pernetiana.

A larger and more complete list of Roses, containing the more well-known varieties, may be had on application.

The Following Varieties at \$3.00 Each

BETTY UPRICHARD. H. T. Outer face of petals, carmine suffused with coppery orange. Inner face, soft salmon pink with faint suggestion of orange. Pointed flowers; has a pronounced Verbena fragrance.

MRS. HENRY BOWLES. H. T. Rosy pink, shaded orange salmon. Handsomely formed and very fragrant.

SOUVENIR DE GEORGES PERNET. Pern. Oriental red, ends of cochineal carmine. Entire flower, faintly shaded yellow. R. Pern. Deep orange and yellow veined and splashed crim-SUNSTAR. son and vermilion. The coloring in this gorgeous flower has never been seen before in any Rose. WALTHAM FLAME. H. T. Deep terra cotta shaded bronzy orange.

A free and continuous bloomer.

The Following Varieties at \$1.50 Each

ASPIRANT MARCEL ROUYER. H. T. Apricot with reddish center, shaded salmon on outer petals. Very fragrant.

BENEDICTE SEGUIN. H. T. Orange apricot, tipped carmine. Won-

derful coloring.

COMTESSE DE CASSAGNE. H. T. Rich coppery pink, shaded clear rose. Color varies. Very large and double with strong fragrance. DAINTY. H. T. Rosy apricot, heavily tinted, cherry pink. Sweet scented, long pointed flower.

E. P. H. KINGMA. Pern. Deep apricot and orange yellow. Bright and

ETHEL SOMERSET. H. T. Shrimp pink, with edge of petals deep coral pink. Very large and delightfully fragrant.

EVENING STAR. Pern. Golden yellow, shaded apricot. A sport of

Daily Mail.

FRANKLIN. H. T. Light salmon, strongly veined yellow.

GEISHA. Pern. Bud, coppery orange marked coral red, and opening to golden yellow.

H. P. PINKERTON. H. T. Brilliant scarlet flushed velvety crimson.

H. P. PINKERTON. H. T. Brilliant scarlet flushed velvety crimson.
HORTULANUS FIET. H. T. Apricot or golden yellow. Bud and

flower very large.

INDEPENDENCE DAY. Pern. Sunflower gold, with coppery old gold and orange shadings.

J. G. GLASSFORD. H. T. Clear crimson; large and free blooming. JOHN DAVISON. H. T. Very deep, rich, velvety crimson. LADY ANDERSON. H. T. Deep coral pink, shading to flesh and

yellow.
MISS C. E. VAN ROSSEM. H. T. Velvety red; large, loosely formed,

fragrant flowers

MRS. CHARLES LAMPLOUGH. H. T. Soft, creamy yellow. Large, sweet-scented flowers.

MRS. CURNOCK SAWDAY. H. T. Satin pink, very large, free blooming

MRS. FARMER. Pern. Reddish apricot inside; yellowish coral outside. A beautiful two tone effect.

MRS. H. D. GREENE. H. T. Reddish bronze opening to flame and

MRS. REDFORD. Pern. Bright apricot orange, full flowers; vigorous

grower. Pern. Coppery scarlet, flushed yellow at base. Unusual

coloring.

REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS. H. T. Soft yellow inside of petals, ruddy copper outside. Beautiful two tone effect.

VIOLONDELLISTE ALBERT FOURES. H. T. Orange yellow tinted

The Following Varieties at \$1.25 Each

FRANCES GAUNT. H. T. Apricot, shaded fawn. Globular, cupshaped flowers.

GOLDEN EMBLEM. Pern. Rich. golden yellow. The best yellow.

Branching habit, and glossy foliage.

GOLDEN OPHELIA. H. T. Rich, golden yellow, paler shading at tips. MRS. HENRY MORSE. H. T. Bright rose, overlaid vermilion.

The Following Varieties at 75 Cts. Each

ALEXANDER EMSLIE. H. T. Velvety ruby crimson. CANDEUR LYONNAISE. H. P. Pure white, even better than Frau

Karl Druschki.

CLEVELAND. H. T. Deep coppery yellow, flushed reddish purple.

CONSTANCE. Pern. Yellow, buds streaked orange crimson.

HADLEY. H. T. Very deep, velvet, crimson.

HOOSIER BEAUTY. H. T. Intense scarlet. Very sweet scented.

HENRIETTA. H. T. Orange crimson, turning to soft coral salmon,

as flowers open.

LADY HILLINGDON. T. Deep orange yellow.

LOS ANGELES. H. T. Flame pink, toned with coral and shaded gold at base of petals.

MISS WILLMOTT. H. T. Soft, sulphur yellow. MME. BUTTERFLY. H. T. Bright pink, suffused apricot,

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT (Daily Mail). Pern. Coral red, shaded yellow at base, passing to shrimp red. A beautiful combination of

MODESTY. H. T. Cream, faintly tinted rose.

MRS. GEORGE SHAWYER. H. T. Beautiful, clear rose. Buds long and pointed.

MRS. MONA HUNTING. H. T Deep chamois yellow.

W. F. DREER. H. T. Silvery pink, suffused golden yellow.

CLIMBING ROSES

CLIMBING BELLE OF PORTUGAL. Lovely silvery pink, of large size. Vigorous grower. Price 75 cts.
CLIMBING CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT. H. T. Crimson scarlet.

Very strong, vigorous climber. Price \$1.50.

CLIMBING GOLDEN OPHIR. Beautiful, golden yellow. Price 75 cts.

CLIMBING HOOSIER BEAUTY. H. T. Rich, velvety crimson. Price

CLIMBING H. V. MACHIN. H. T. Vivid crimson scarlet. Price 75

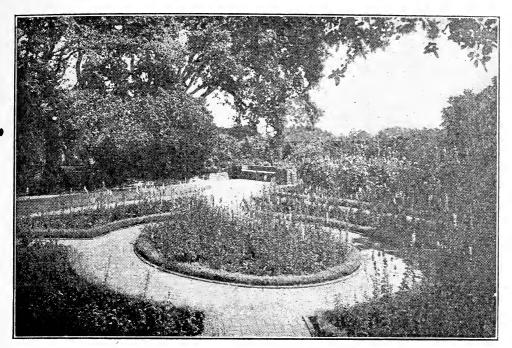
CLIMBING LADY ASHTOWN. H. T. Lovely carmine pink. Price 75 cts.

CLIMBING LADY HILLINGDON. T. Deep orange yellow. Price \$1.50.

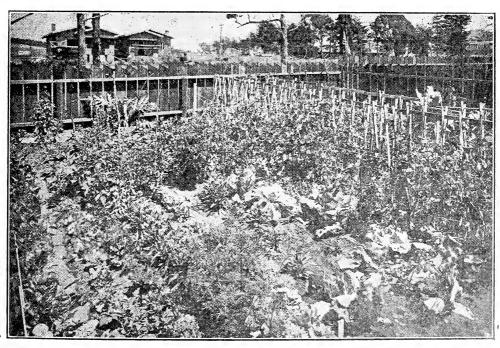
CLIMBING MARECHAL NIEL. Bright, rich, golden yellow. large flowers. Price \$1.00.

CLIMBING MRS. AARON WARD. H. T. Apricot yellow. Price \$1.00. CLIMBING PAUL SCARLET. Rich scarlet, shaded crimson. Price

CLIMBING SUNBURST. H. T. Yellow shaded orange copper. Vigorous grower. Price 80 cts.



A Well Laid Out Garden-Center Bed of Snapdragons with Alameda Pink Hollyhocks in the Background



A City Lot Vegetable Garden

